

The Gazette



of India

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

 No. 21] NEW DELHI, SATURDAY, MAY 25, 1963/JYAISTHA 4, 1885

NOTICE

The undermentioned Gazettes of India Extraordinary were published upto the 10th May, 1963 :—

Issue No.	No. and Date	Issued by	Subject
91	S.O. 1334, dated 10th May, 1963.	Election Commission, India.	List of Contesting candidates to the House of the People from 8-Rajkot Parliamentary Constituency.
92	S.O. 1335, dated 10th May, 1963.	Do.	Corrigendum to S.O. 1278 published in an extraordinary issue of the Gazette of India, Part II, section 3(ii) dated the 3rd May, 1963.

Copies of the Gazettes Extraordinary mentioned above will be supplied on indent to the Manager of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi. Indents should be submitted so as to reach the Manager within ten days of the date of issue of these Gazettes.

PART II—Section 3—Sub-section (ii)

Statutory orders and notifications issued by the Ministries of the Government of India (other than the Ministry of Defence) and by Central Authorities (other than the Administrations of Union Territories).

ELECTION COMMISSION, INDIA

New Delhi, the 10th May 1963

S.O. 1390.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 21 and sub-section (1) of section 22 of the Representation of the People Act, 1951 and in supersession of its notification No. 434/RJ/61, dated the 24th December, 1961, the Election Commission hereby appoints, in respect of each of the Parliamentary Constituencies in the State of Rajasthan specified in column 1 of the Table below,

- (a) the officer designated in the corresponding entry in column 2 of the said Table to be the Returning Officer; and
- (b) the officers designated in the corresponding entry in column 3 of the said Table to be the Assistant Returning Officers.

TABLE

Sl. No. and name of the constituency	Returning Officer	Assistant Returning Officer
1	2	3
1. Jhunjhunu	District Magistrate, Jhunjhunu.	1. Sub-divisional Magistrate, Khetri. 2. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Nawalgarh. 3. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Jhunjhunu. 4. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Fatehpur.
2. Sikar.	District Magistrate, Sikar.	1. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Fatehpur. 2. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Sikar. 3. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Neema-Ka-Thana. 4. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Kotputli.
3. Jaipur.	District Magistrate, Jaipur	1. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Amber. 2. Excise Magistrate, 1st Class, Jaipur. 3. City Magistrate, Jaipur. 4. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Sambhar.
4. Dausa	District Magistrate, Jaipur.	1. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Jaipur. 2. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Dausa. 3. Asstt. Collector and Magistrate 1st Class, Bandikui. 4. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Amber. 5. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Kotputli.
5. Alwar.	District Magistrate, Alwar	1. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Tijara (H.Q. Kishangarh). 2. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Behror. 3. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Alwar. 4. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Rajgarh (H.Q. Alwar).
6. Bharatpur.	District Magistrate, Bharatpur.	1. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Bharatpur. 2. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Bayana. 3. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Dholpur.
7. Hindaun	District Magistrate, Sawai Madhopur.	1. Assistant Collector and Magistrate 1st Class, Rajgarh, (H.Q. Alwar). 2. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Rajgarh (H.Q. Alwar). 3. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Deeg. 4. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Karauli. 5. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Hindaun. 6. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Ganganpur.
8. Sawai Madhopur.	District Magistrate, Tonk.	1. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Ganganpur. 2. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Sawai Madhopur. 3. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Tonk. 4. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Malpura

1	2	3
9. Ajmer.	District Magistrate, Ajmer.	1. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Kishan- garh. 2. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Ajmer. 3. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Beawar. 4. City Magistrate, Ajmer. 5. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Kekri.
10. Kotah.	District Magistrate, Kotah.	1. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Nainwa. 2. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Bundi. 3. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Kotah. 4. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Baran. 5. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Chhabra. 6. City Magistrate, Kotah.
11. Jhalawar.	District Magistrate, Jhalawar.	1. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Chhabra. 2. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Ramganj- mandi. 3. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Aklera. 4. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Jhalawar. 5. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Begun.
12. Banswara.	District Magistrate, Banswara.	1. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Bans- wara. 2. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Kushal- garh. 3. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Dungar- pur. 4. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Salum- ber.
13. Chittorgarh.	District Magistrate, Chittorgarh.	1. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Kapa- sin. 2. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Chittor- garh. 3. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Nimba- hera. 4. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Rajasa- mand. 5. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Vallabh- nagar.
14. Udaipur.	District Magistrate, Udaipur.	1. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Vallabh- nagar. 2. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Pratap- garh. 3. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Udaipur. 4. City Magistrate, Udaipur. 5. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Jhadol. 6. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Salumber.
15. Bhilwara.	District Magistrate, Bhilwara.	1. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Bilwara. 2. City Magistrate, Bhilwara. 3. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Mandal- garh. 4. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Shahpura 5. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Gulab- pura.
16. Pali	District Magistrate, Pali.	1. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Beawar. 2. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Rajsa- mand.

1	2	3
		3. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Bhim. 4. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Pali. 5. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Sojat. 6. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Bali.
17. Jalore. . . .	District Magistrate, Jalore.	1. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Sirohi. 2. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Abu. 3. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Bhinmal. 4. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Jalore.
18. Barmer. . . .	District Magistrate, Bar- mer.	1. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Balotra. 2. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Barmer. 3. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Jalsam ^{er} . 4. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Phalodi.
19. Jodhpur. . . .	District Magistrate, Jodhpur.	1. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Jaitarn. 2. Sub-Divisional Magistrate Sojat. 3. City Magistrate, Jodhpur. 4. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Jodhpur. 5. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Phalodi.] 6. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Merta.]
20. Bikaner. . . .	District Magistrate, Bikaner.	1. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Bikaner (South). 2. City Magistrate, Bikaner. 3. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Bikaner (North). 4. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Churu. 5. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Rajgarh. 6. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Ratan- garh.
21. Ganganagar. . . .	District Magistrate, Ganganagar	1. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Raisingh- nagar. 2. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Karan- pur. 3. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Ganga- nagar. 4. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Hanuman- garh. 5. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Nohar. 6. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Rajgarh.
22. Nagaur. . . .	District Magistrate, Nagaur.	1. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Ratan- garh. 2. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Nagaur. 3. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Deed- wana. 4. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Parbat- gar. 5. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Merta.

[No. 434/RJ/63]

By Order,

PRAKASH NARAIN, Secy.

New Delhi, the 16th May 1963

S.O. 1391.—Whereas the election of Shri Joti Saroop as a member of the House of the People from the Hathras constituency of that House has been called in question by an election petition presented under Part VI of the Representation of the People Act, 1951 (43 of 1951), by Shri Nardev, son of Shri Ghasi Ram, Village Rajpore, Post Office Brindaban, Mathura;

And whereas, the Election Tribunal constituted by the Election Commission by its notification No. 82/314/62 dated the 23rd May, 1962, with Shri Shital Prasad Roy, then District Judge, Aligarh, as Member for the trial of the said petition, dismissed the petition by its order dated the 21st September, 1962;

And whereas, the High Court of Judicature at Allahabad, has, by its order dated the 5th March, 1963, set aside the said order of the Election Tribunal and ordered that the petition be remanded to the Tribunal for disposal on merits;

And whereas, the said Shri Shital Prasad Roy has resigned membership of the said Tribunal and a vacancy has accordingly occurred in the Office of the Member of the said Tribunal;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (4) of section 86 and section 88 of the said Act, the Election Commission hereby appoints Shri Bir Singh, District Judge, Aligarh, to fill the said vacancy for disposal of the said petition on merits and Aligarh as the place of trial.

[No. 82/314/62.]

By order,

A. N. SEN, Under Secy.

MINISTRY OF LAW

(Department of Legal Affairs)

New Delhi, the 1st May 1963

S.O. 1392.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (i) of article 299 of the Constitution; the President hereby directs that the agreement made in the exercise of the executive power of the Union with the West Bengal State Electricity Board, Calcutta for the supply of high voltage energy at the premises of Road Test Track at Pailan, Diamond Harbour Road, Calcutta, may be executed on his behalf by the Director, Road and Building Research Institute, Government of West Bengal, Alipore, Calcutta.

[No. F. 17(2)/63-J.]

S. S. KAR, Dy. Secy.

MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS

New Delhi, the 14th May, 1963.

S.O. 1393.—In exercise of the powers conferred by entry 3(c) of Schedule I annexed to the Ministry of Home Affairs Notification No. 15/13/59-(V)-P. IV, dated the 13th July, 1962, (GSR No. 991, published in the Gazette of India Part II, Section 3, sub-section (ii), dated the 28th July 1962), the Central Government is pleased to specify Shri Tikka Yogendra Chandra, son of the Raja of Jubbal, for the purpose of that entry and directs that the exemption shall be valid in respect of one 12 bore gun, one rifle and one pistol/revolver.

This Ministry's notification No. 16/15/61-P. IV dated the 25th November, 1961, is hereby cancelled.

[No. 16/8/63-P. IV.]

L. I. PARIJA Dy. Secy.

MINISTRY OF FINANCE

(Department of Economic Affairs)

New Delhi, the 17th May 1963

S.O. 1394.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 45 of the Banking Companies Act, 1949, the Central Government, after considering an application made by the Reserve Bank of India under sub-section (1) of that section, hereby makes an order of moratorium in respect of the Bank of Alagapuri Ltd., P. Alagapuri for the period from the 19th May 1963 to the 18th August 1963 (both days inclusive) and hereby stays the commencement or continuance of all actions and proceedings against that banking company during the period of moratorium, subject to the condition that such stay shall not in any manner prejudice the exercise by the Central Government of its powers under clause (b) of sub-section (4) of section 35 of the said Act or the exercise by the Reserve Bank of India of its powers under section 38 of the said Act.

2. The Central Government hereby also directs that the Bank of Alagapuri Ltd., P. Alagapuri may, during the period of moratorium granted to it, make payments in discharge of its liabilities and obligations to the extent and in the manner provided hereunder:—

- (i) the amounts of any drafts or pay orders issued by the said bank and remaining unpaid on the date on which the order of moratorium comes into force;
- (ii) the amounts of the bills received for collection on or before the 18th May 1963 and realised before, on or after that date;
- (iii) any expenditure which has necessarily to be incurred in connection with any suits or appeals filed by or against or decrees obtained by the said bank or for realising any amounts due to it, provided that if the expenditure in respect of each such suit or appeal or decree or proceeding is in excess of Rs. 250/- the permission in writing of the Reserve Bank of India shall be obtained before it is incurred; and
- (iv) any expenditure on any other item in so far as it is in the opinion of the banking company necessary for carrying on the day-to-day administration of the banking company, provided that where the total expenditure on any item in any calendar month exceeds by a sum of Rs. 250/- the average monthly expenditure on account of that item during the six calendar months preceding the order of moratorium or if no expenditure has been incurred on account of that item in the past exceeds a sum of Rs. 250/-, the permission in writing of the Reserve Bank of India shall be obtained before the additional expenditure is incurred.

3. The Central Government hereby also directs that the Bank of Alagapuri Ltd., P. Alagapuri, may during the period of the moratorium granted to it, make the following further payments, namely, the amounts necessary for repaying loans or advances granted against Government securities or other securities to the Bank of Alagapuri Ltd., P. Alagapuri by the Reserve Bank of India or the State Bank of India or any of its subsidiaries or by any other bank and remaining unpaid on the date on which the order of moratorium comes into force.

4. The Central Government hereby further directs that during the period of moratorium, the Bank of Alagapuri Ltd., P. Alagapuri shall be permitted to operate its accounts with the Reserve Bank of India or with any other bank for the purposes of making the payments aforesaid provided that nothing in this order shall be deemed to require the Reserve Bank of India or any other bank aforesaid to satisfy itself that the conditions imposed by this order are being observed before any amounts are released in favour of the Bank of Alagapuri Ltd., P. Alagapuri.

5. The Central Government hereby further directs that the Bank of Alagapuri Ltd., P. Alagapuri may during the period of moratorium return any bills which have remained unrealised to the persons entitled to receive them on a request being made in this behalf by such persons, if the bank has no right or title to, or interest in, such bills.

6. The Central Government hereby also directs that the Bank of Alagapuri Ltd., P. Alagapuri may release or deliver goods or securities which may be pledged, hypothecated or mortgaged or otherwise charged to it against any loan, cash credit or overdraft:—

- (i) in any case in which full payment towards all the amounts due from the borrower or borrowers, as the case may be, has been received by the bank, unconditionally; and
- (ii) in any other case, to such an extent as may be necessary or possible, without reducing the proportions of the margins on the said goods or securities below the stipulated proportions or the proportions which were maintained before the order of moratorium came into force, whichever may be higher.

[No. F. 17(11)-BC/63.]

R. K. SESHADRI, Dy. Secy.

(Department of Economic Affairs)

New Delhi, the 17th May, 1963

S.O.1395—Statement of the Affairs of the Reserve Bank of India, as on the 10th May, 1963

BANKING DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	Rs.	ASSETS	Rs.
Capital paid up	5,00,00,000	Notes	18,06,54,000
Reserve Fund	80,00,00,000	Rupee Coin	3,12,000
National Agricultural Credit (Long Term Operations) Fund	61,00,00,000	Small Coin	2,44,000
National Agricultural Credit (Stabilisation) Fund	7,00,00,000	National Agricultural Credit (Long Term Operations) Fund	
Deposits :—		(a) Loans and Advances to :—	
(a) Government		(i) State Governments	27,17,02,000
(i) Central Government	50,82,53,000	(ii) State Co-operative Banks	9,17,98,000
(ii) State Governments	7,06,96,000	(iii) Central Land Mortgage Banks	2,84,88,000
(b) Banks		(b) Investment in Central Land Mortgage Bank Debentures	
(i) Scheduled Banks	79,53,09,000	National Agricultural Credit (Stabilisation) Fund	
(ii) State Co-operative Banks	2,43,37,000	Loans and Advances to State Co-operative Banks	
(iii) Other Banks	6,38,000	Bills Purchased and Discounted :—	
(c) Others	170,27,10,000	(a) Internal	
Bills Payable	25,00,06,000	(b) External	
Other Liabilities	71,41,21,000	(c) Government Treasury Bills	55,27,26,000
Rupees	559,60,70,000	Balances Held Abroad*	7,48,54,000
		Loans and Advances to Governments**	70,10,52,000
		Loans and Advances to :—	
		(i) Scheduled Banks†	45,97,25,000
		(ii) State Co-operative Banks†	111,74,00,000
		(iii) Others	1,92,27,000
		Investments	172,36,67,000
		Other Assets	37,42,21,000
		Rupees	559,60,70,000

*Includes Cash and Short-term Securities.

**Excluding Loans and Advances from the National Agricultural Credit (Long Term Operations) Fund, but including temporary overdrafts to State Governments.

†Includes Rs. 30,72,50,000 advanced to scheduled banks against usance bills under Section 17(4) (c) of the Reserve Bank of India Act.

‡Excluding Loans and Advances from the National Agricultural Credit (Long Term Operations) Fund and the National Agricultural Credit (Stabilisation) Fund.

Dated the 15th day of May 1963.

An Account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, for the week ended the 10th day of May, 1963
ISSUE DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	Rs.	Rs.	ASSETS	Rs.	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	18,06,54,000		Gold Coin and Bullion:—		
Notes in circulation	2344,08,63,000		(a) Held in India	117,76,10,000	
Total Notes issued		2362,15,17,000	(b) Held outside India		
			Foreign Securities	105,08,43,000	
			TOTAL		222,84,53,000
			Rupee Coin		112,87,12,000
			Government of India Rupee Securities		2026,43,52,000
			Internal Bills of Exchange and other commercial paper		
TOTAL LIABILITIES		2362,15,17,000	TOTAL ASSETS		2362,15,17,000

Dated the 15th day of May, 1963.

M. V. RANGACHARI,
Deputy Governor.

[No. F. 3(2)-BC/63.]

A. BAKSI, Jt. Secy.

(Department of Economic Affairs)

(Office of the Controller of Capital Issues)

New Delhi, the 16th May 1963

S.O. 1396.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 11 of the Capital Issues (Control) Act, 1947 (29 of 1947) and in supersession of the Notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Finance, Department of Economic Affairs, S.O. 423 dated the 20th February, 1961, the Central Government hereby re-constitutes the Advisory Committee on Capital Issues Control consisting of the following members:—

1. Shri G. L. Mehta
2. Shri A. M. M. Murugappa Chettiar
3. Shri M. R. Shervani, M.P.
4. Mr. D. Fordwood
5. Shri C. C. Choksi

Shri G. L. Mehta shall be the Chairman of the Advisory Committee

2. The Advisory Committee shall have a tenure of two years.

[No. F. 16(2)-CCI/63.]

M. R. YARDI, Jt. Secy.

CENTRAL BOARD OF REVENUE**INCOME-TAX**

New Delhi, the 15th May 1963

S.O. 1397.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 122 of the Income-tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961) and in supersession of all previous notifications in this regard, the Central Board of Revenue hereby directs that the Appellate Assistant Commissioners of Income-tax of the Ranges specified in column 1 of the schedule below shall perform their functions in respect of all persons and incomes assessed to income-tax or super-tax in the Income-tax circles, Wards and Districts specified in the corresponding entry in column 2 thereof:—

SCHEDULE

Range 1	Income-tax Circles, Wards and Districts 2
Central Range-I, Calcutta. Central Range II, Calcutta.	Central Circles I to X, Calcutta. Central Circles XI to XVIII, XX and XXII, Calcutta.

Where an Income-tax Circle, Ward and District or part thereof stands transferred by this notification from one Range to another Range, appeals arising out of assessments made in that Income-tax Circle, Ward or District or part thereof and pending immediately before the date of this notification before the Appellate Assistant Commissioner of Range from whom that income-tax Circle, ward or District or part thereof is transferred shall, from the date this notification shall take effect, be transferred to and dealt with by the Appellate Assistant Commissioner of the Range to whom the said Circle, Ward or District or part thereof is transferred.

This notification shall take effect from 18th May, 1963.

Explanatory Note

NOTE.—The amendments have become necessary on account of the reorganisation of the Appellate Ranges in the charges of the Commissioner of Income-tax, Central Calcutta.

(This note does not form a part of the notification but is intended to be merely clarificatory).

[No. 22(F. No. 50/16/62-IT.)]

New Delhi, the 17th May 1963

S.O. 1398 In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 122 of the Income-tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961) and in supersession of all previous notifications in this regard, the Central Board of Revenue hereby directs that the Appellate Assistant Commissioners

of Income-tax of the Ranges specified in column I of the schedule below shall perform their functions in respect of all persons and incomes assessed to Income-tax or super-tax in the Income-tax Circles, Wards and Districts specified in the corresponding entry in column 2 thereof:—

SCHEDULE

Range	Income-tax Circles, Wards and Districts
I	2
A-Range, Calcutta	1. Companies Distr.-I, Calcutta (A-ward to H-ward)
B-Range, Calcutta	1. Companies District II, Calcutta.
C-Range, Calcutta	1. Companies Distr. III, Calcutta.
D-Range, Calcutta	1. Companies Distr. IV, Calcutta. 2. Companies Distr. I, Calcutta (I-ward to M-ward)
E-Range, Calcutta	1. District V(1), Calcutta. 2. District IV (3), Calcutta. 3. Special Survey Circle-V, Calcutta. 4. District V, Calcutta. 5. Special Survey Circle-X, Calcutta.
F-Range, Calcutta	1. District I(1), Calcutta 2. District Howrah. 3. Special Survey Circle-VII, Calcutta.
G-Range, Calcutta	1. District I(2), Calcutta. 2. District II(1), Calcutta. 3. Special Survey Circle III, Calcutta.
H-Range, Calcutta	1. District III (1), Calcutta. 2. Project Circle II, Calcutta. 3. District III (3), Calcutta. 4. Estate Duty- <i>cum</i> -Income-tax Circle, Calcutta. 5. Special Circle-I, Calcutta.
I-Range, Calcutta. . . .	1. Murshidabad. 2. Nadia. 3. District-VII, Calcutta. 4. District-V(2), Calcutta. 5. Special Survey Circle -I, Calcutta. 6. Special Circle-II, Calcutta.
J-Range, Calcutta. . . .	1. District IV (1), Calcutta. 2. District VI, Calcutta. 3. Special Survey Circle-VI, Calcutta.
K-Burdwan Range	1. Burdwan. 2. Birbhum. 3. Asansol. 4. Bankura-Purulia.
L-Jalpaiguri Range	1. Jalpaiguri Income-tax Circle, Jalpaiguri. 2. Siliguri Income-tax Circle, Siliguri. 3. Income-tax Circle, Darjeeling, Darjeeling.
M-Range, Calcutta	1. District II(2), Calcutta. 2. Special Survey Circle II, Calcutta. 3. Special Survey Circle VIII, Calcutta. 4. Special Survey Circle IX, Calcutta.
N-Range, Calcutta	1. Midnapur. 2. Project Circle I, Calcutta. 3. Special Survey Circle-IV, Calcutta.
O-Range, Calcutta	1. Cooch-Bihar. 2. Refund Circle, Calcutta. 3. District VA, Calcutta. 4. Central Salaries Circle, Calcutta. 5. Railways & Miscellaneous Salaries Circle, Calcutta. 6. District IIIA, Calcutta.

1

2

P-Range, Calcutta	1. West Dinajpur Malda.
	2. District IV (2), Calcutta.
Q-Range, Calcutta	1. Hooghly.
	2. 24-Parganas.
	3. Non-companies (Income-tax <i>cum</i> -Excess Profits-tax) Distt. II, Calcutta.
	4. Non-companies (Income-tax <i>cum</i> -Excess Profits- tax) Distt. I, Calcutta.
R-Range, Calcutta	1. District III (2), Calcutta.
	2. Cinema Circle I, Calcutta.
	3. Cinema Circle II, Calcutta.
	4. Foreign Circle, Calcutta.

Where an Income-tax Circle, Ward or District or part thereof stands transferred by this notification from one Range to another Range, appeals arising out of assessments made in the Income-tax Circle, Ward or District or part thereof and pending immediately before the date of this notification before the Appellate Assistant Commissioner of the Range from whom that Income-tax Circle, Ward or District or part thereof is transferred shall, from the date this notification shall take effect, be transferred to and dealt with by the Appellate Assistant Commissioner of the Range to whom the said Circle, Ward or District or part thereof is transferred.

This notification shall take effect from 23rd May, 1963.

Explanatory Note

The amendments have become necessary on account of the Re-organisation of the Appellate Ranges in the charge of the Commissioner of Income-tax, West Bengal, Calcutta.

(The Note does not form a part of the notification but is merely clarificatory).

[No. 22 F. No. 50/16/62-IT.]

J. RAMA IYER, Under Secy.

CUSTOMS

New Delhi, the 18th May 1963

S.O. 1399.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 9 of the Customs Act, 1962 (52 of 1962), the Central Board of Revenue hereby declares the following places to be warehousing stations:—

Bangalore, Dindigul, Gurgaon, Monghyr,
Perumgalthur (Madras), Saharanpur, Thana.

[No. 132.]

J. BANERJEE, Secy.

COLLECTORATE OF CENTRAL EXCISE: WEST BENGAL: CALCUTTA

CENTRAL EXCISE

Calcutta, the 8th May 1963

S.O. 1400.—In partial modification of this Collectorate Notification No. 2/1963 dated 28th January 1963 the existing entries in Col. 4 against serial Nos. 6(i), (ii) and (iii) of the said notification the following shall be substituted, namely:—

“Adjudicating officers in accordance with their limits of powers”

[No. 3/63]

D. K. GOSWAMI,
for Collector.

COLLECTORATE OF CENTRAL EXCISE: CALCUTTA & ORISSA: CALCUTTA **CENTRAL EXCISE**

Calcutta, the 10th May 1963

S.O. 1401.—In exercise of the powers conferred on me by rule 5 of the Central Excise Rules, 1944, I hereby make the following amendments to the Collectorate Notification No. 1/1963 dated 8th January 1963, namely—

(i) Substitute the following for the existing entry "96ZZZ" and the restrictions thereunder appearing in columns (3) and (4) at Serial No. 1 of the Table of the above notification; namely—

"Col. 3	Col. 4
96ZZZ(iii)	—"

(ii) Substitute the following for the existing entries in columns (3) and (4) respectively at Serial No. 3 of the Table of the above notification, namely—

"Col. 3	Col. 4
96ZZZ(i), (ii) & (iv).	The power to demand duty, confiscate the goods and to impose penalty shall be exercised by the Adjudicating Officers in accordance with their limits of powers."

[No. 3/1963.]

R PRASAD,
Collector,

CENTRAL EXCISE COLLECTORATE, SHILLONG

CENTRAL EXCISES

Shillong, the 12th May 1963

S.O. 1402.—In exercise of the powers conferred upon me under Rule 233 of Central Excise Rules, 1944, I hereby direct that all warehouse licensees should maintain a "Dryage Register" in the form appended below:—

Warehouse Dryage Register

Name and Address of Licensee.....
L-5 No. Losses in Transit/Storage.

Sl. No.	Tariff classification and description of tobacco including local name	Sl. No. of entry in WRG2 part I, II, or III	Net weight of goods Transported stored	Net weight of goods ware housed cleared	Quantity of loss in transit storage
1	2	3	4	5	6

Percentage of Col. 6 to 4	Action taken on loss	Treasury challan No. and date under which duty deposited, if any.	Remarks.
7	8	9	10

The following instructions may be followed:—

- (i) The warehouse 'Dryage Register' shall be maintained by all licensees of private bonded warehouses and keepers of public bonded warehouses. If a licensee possesses more than one warehouse in the same town or village, he shall maintain a separate register for each such warehouse.
- (ii) Separate sections shall be opened in this register for showing transit-losses and storage-losses. Processing losses shall not be shown in this register.
- (iii) All entries in each section of this register shall be serially numbered for the calendar year.
- (iv) Only those transactions shall be recorded in this register which show any loss even though they may be condoned by the Inspector.
- (v) In respect of transit losses, only those cases shall be entered in this record which were covered by the bond executed by the licensee.
- (vi) The Inspector or Sub-Inspector, during his inspection of the warehouse shall check all the entries in each section of the register with entries in WRG 2 (Part I, II and III), since the date of previous check. Entries relating to action taken and duty deposited on demand, if any, shall also be checked by him from the relevant documents. He shall make an endorsement of such check after the last entry made upto that date and also mention the serial number of cases on which (a) action has yet to be taken and (b) where the duty, though demanded, has not yet been deposited.
- (vii) Entries in the column headed 'action taken' shall be to the following effect:—
 - (a) Condoned in full by.....
 - (b) Condoned.....Kg. and duty demanded on.....Kg. by.....

[No. 2/63.]

B. S. CHAWLA, Collector.

OFFICE OF THE COLLECTOR OF CENTRAL EXCISE, BANGALORE

Bangalore, the 21st November, 1962

S.O. 1403.—In exercise of the powers conferred on me under rule 5 of the Central Excise Rules 1944, I empower all the Superintendent of Central Excise, in this Collectorate to grant refund of duty etc. in the following cases subject to the monetary limit indicated against each of them.

Sl. No.	Nature of refund	Rule	Monetary limit
1	Refund of initial deposits paid under compounded levy Scheme.	Rules 96 MM & 96P of Central Excise Rules 1944	Rs. 500/- in each case.
2	Refund of licence fee on rejected application.		
3	Refund on unused or damaged Central Excise Revenue Stamps.		

[No. 14/62.]

N. MOOKHERJEE, Collector.

MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

New Delhi, the 10th May 1963

S.O. 1404.—The Central Government hereby notifies that the Lok Sabha has in pursuance of clause (c) of sub-section (3) of section 4 of the Central Silk Board Act, 1948 (61 of 1948), elected on the 3rd May, 1963, Shri S. M. Siddiah, a member of the Lok Sabha to be a member of the Central Silk Board in the vacancy caused by the resignation of Shri Dodda Thimmaiah from the membership of the said Board.

[No. F. 22/1/61-H.S. (2).]

S.O. 1405.—The Central Government hereby notifies that the Rajya Sabha has, in pursuance of clause (c) of Sub-section (3) of section 4 of the Central Silk Board Act, 1948 (61 of 1948), elected on the 3rd May, 1963, Shri M. S. Gurupadaswamy, a member of the Rajya Sabha, to be a member of the Central Silk Board.

[No. F. 22/1/61-H.S. (2).]

R. KALYANASUNDARAM, Under Secy.

New Delhi, the 15th May 1963

S.O. 1406.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of section 9 of the Khadi and Village Industries Commission Act, 1956 (61 of 1956) and in modification of the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Commerce and Industry No. S.R.O. 1728 dated 23rd May, 1957, and in supersession of the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Commerce and Industry No. S.O. 645, dated the 6th March, 1963, the Central Government hereby deposes Shri N. S. Pandey, Joint Secretary in the Ministry of Finance who, for the time being, is dealing with the matters relating to the Khadi and Village Industries in the Ministry of Finance, to attend the meetings of the Commission and to take part in the discussion of the Commission.

[No. 41/3/63-KVI(P).]

A. VISVANATH, Dy. Secy.

(RUBBER CONTROL)

New Delhi, the 15th May 1963

S.O. 1407.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Clause (c) of Sub-section (3) of Section 4 of the Rubber Act, 1947 (24 of 1947), read with sub-rule (3) of Rule 3 of the Rubber Rules, 1955, the Central Government hereby notifies that Shri K. C. Sankaranarayanan, Secretary to Government, Agriculture Department, Kerala State, Trivandrum, having been nominated by the Government of that State as a member of the Rubber Board in place of Shri M. Janardhanan Nair, Director of Agriculture, Kerala State, is hereby appointed, with effect from the 28th March, 1963 upto the 5th November, 1964, or until such time as he holds the office of Secretary, Agriculture Department, Kerala State, whichever is earlier, as a member of that Board to represent the said Government and directs that the following amendments shall be made in the Notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Commerce and Industry No. S.O. 341, dated the 23rd January, 1962, namely:—

In the said Notification for item 5 and the entries relating thereto, the following item and entries shall be substituted, namely:—

<p>"5. Shri K. C. Sankaranarayanan, Secretary to the Govern- ment of Kerala, Department of Agriculture, Trivandrum. }</p>	}	<p>Nominated by the Government of Kerala to represent that State."</p>
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[No. F. 15(2)-Plant(B)/61.]

B. KRISHNAMURTHY, Under Secy.

ORDER.

New Delhi, the 14th May, 1963.

S.O. 1408.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 18G of the Industries (Development and Regulation) Act, 1951 (65 of 1951), the Central Government hereby makes the following Order further to amend the Molasses Control Order, 1961, namely:—

1. This Order may be called the Molasses Control (Second Amendment) Order, 1963.

2. In clause 7 of the Molasses Control Order, 1961, in sub-clause (2) after the words "shall be sold" the words "to any exporter of molasses" shall be inserted.

[No. 34(25)/60-Ch. II.]

R. C. SETHI, Under Secy.

(Department of International Trade)

ORDERS

EXPORT TRADE CONTROL

New Delhi, the 25th May 1963

S.O. 1409.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 3 of the Imports and Exports (Control) Act, 1947 (18 of 1947), the Central Government hereby makes the following further amendment to the Exports (Control) Order, 1962, namely:—

In Part B of Schedule I to the said Order, for item 24, the following shall be substituted:—

"24. Rock salt excluding black salt."

[No. E(C)O, 1962/AM(28).]

S.O. 1410.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 3 of the Imports and Exports (Control) Act, 1947 (18 of 1947), the Central Government hereby makes the following further amendment to the Exports (Control) Order, 1962, namely:—

In Part A of Schedule I to the said Order—

for entry (i) of item 6, the following shall be substituted:—

"(i) Lion,".

[No. E(C)O, 1962/AM(29).]

MELA RAM BHARDWAJ, Under Secy.

(Office of the Joint Chief Controller of Imports & Exports)

ORDERS

Bombay, the 4th April, 1963

S.O. 1411.—Whereas M/s. Inter Continental Traders, Khushal House, Nagdevi Street, Bombay-3 or any Bank or any other person have not come forward furnishing sufficient cause, against Notice No. 1/373/62/CDN.II/1947, dated the 26th/28th February, 1963, proposing to treat as ab-initio-void the following licences granted to the said M/s. Inter Continental Traders, Bombay by the Joint Chief Controller of Imports, Bombay, Government of India, in the Ministry of Commerce and Industry, in exercise of powers conferred in clause 9(a) of the

Import (Control) Order 1955 hereby cancel the said licences issued to the said M/s. Inter Continental Traders, Bombay.

S. No.	Licence No. and Date.	Description of goods.	S. No. & Part.	Value in Rs.	Area.
1.	E. 176687 9-5-1962	Motor Vehicle parts.	293-95-97-IV	14,595/-	G. A
2.	E. 161422 25-8-1962	—do—	—do—	9,730/-	—do—
3.	E. 160593 9-1-1962	—do—	—do—	19,460/-	—do—

[No. 1/373/62/CDN. II.]

S.O. 1412.—Whereas M/s. Prima Auto Trade Agencies, 83, Nagdevi Street, Bombay-3, or any Bank or any other person have not come forward furnishing sufficient cause, against Notice No. 1 389/62/CDN. II/1046, dated the 26th/28th February, 1963, proposing to treat as ab-initio-void licence No. E-176701, dated 9th May, 1962, valued at Rs. 20,143/- for the import of Motor Vehicle Parts from General Area except South and South West Africa granted to M/s. Prima Auto Trade Agencies, by the Joint Chief Controller of Imports, Bombay, Government of India, in the Ministry of Commerce and Industry, in exercise of powers conferred in clause No. 9(a) of the Import (Control) Order 1955 hereby cancel the said licence issued to the said M/s. Prima Auto Trade Agencies, Bombay.

[No. 1/389/62/CDN. II.]

Mrs. M. D. COSTA,
Dy. Chief Controller for Jt. Chief
Controller of Imports and Exports.

(Office of the Deputy Chief Controller of Imports & Exports)

(Central Licensing Area)

NOTICE

New Delhi, the 18th May 1963

S.O. 1413.—It is hereby notified that in exercise of the powers conferred by Clause-9 of the Imports (Control) Order 1955, the Govt. of India, in the Ministry of Commerce and Industry propose to cancel the import licence No. A 572979/62 dated 31st January 1963 valued at Rs. 5000/- for the import of Cadmium Metal granted by the Dy. Chief Controller of Imports and Exports (Central Licensing Area) New Delhi to M/s. Sarla Chemical Industries, Purani Mandi, Firozabad, Agra, unless sufficient cause against this is furnished to the Deputy Chief Controller of Imports and Exports (Central Licensing Area), New Delhi within ten days of the date of issue of this Notice by the said M/s. Sarla Chemical Industries, Purani Mandi, Firozabad, Agra or any Bank or any other party, who may be interested in it.

2. The grounds of the proposed cancellation of the licence in question is that the said licence has been reported to have fallen in the wrong hands.

3. In view of what is stated above, M/s. Sarla Chemical Industries, Purani Mandi, Firozabad, Agra or any Bank or any other party who may be interested in the said Import licence No. A 572979/62 dated 31st January 1963 are hereby directed not to enter into any commitments against the said licence and return the same immediately to the Dy. Chief Controller of Imports & Exports (Central Licensing Area), New Delhi-1.

[No. DCCII(CLA)/114/63.]

RAM MURTI SHARMA,
Dy. Chief Controller of
Imports and Exports.

(Department of Company Law Administration)

New Delhi, the 14th May 1963

S.O. 1414.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (b) of sub-section (i) of section 448 of the Companies Act, 1956, (1 of 1956), the Central Government hereby appoints Shri N. N. Bhusari, a pleader, to be the Official Liquidator attached to the District Court, East Khandesh, Jalgaon, with effect from 10th June, 1963, *vice* Shri V. P. Soparkar.

[No. 7(14)-Admn. II/63.]

New Delhi, the 16th May 1963

S.O. 1415.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (a) of sub-section (i) of section 448 of the Companies Act, 1956 (1 of 1956) the Central Government have, on his return from leave, appointed Shri P. D. Dala] to officiate as Official Liquidator, High Court, Bombay with effect from 11th May, 1963 until further orders *vice* Shri B. J. Rele.

[No. PFG(109)-CLA/59.]

P. B. SAHARYA, Under Secy.


(Indian Standards Institution)

New Delhi, the 9th May 1963

S.O. 1416.—In pursuance of sub-rule (1) of rule 4 of the Indian Standards Institution (Certification Marks) Rules, 1955, as amended in 1952, the Indian Standards Institution hereby notifies that the Standard Mark design of which together with the verbal description of the design and the title of the relevant Indian Standard is given in the Schedule hereto annexed, has been specified.

This Standard Mark, for the purpose of the Indian Standards Institution (Certification Marks) Act, 1952, as amended in 1961, and the rules and regulations framed thereunder, shall come into force with effect from 1 June 1963.

THE SCHEDULE

Sl. No.	Design of the Standard Mark	Product/Class of Products to which applicable	No. & Title of Relevant Indian Standard	Verbal description of the design of the Standard Mark
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1.		Electric Ceiling Fans.	IS: 374-1960 Specification for Electric Ceiling Fans and Regulators (<i>Revised</i>).	The monogram of the Indian Standards Institution consisting of letters ISI, drawn in the exact style and relative proportions as indicated in col (2), the number designation of the Indian Standard being superscribed on the top side of the monogram as indicated in the design.

S.O. 1417.—In pursuance of sub-regulation (3) of regulation 7 of the Indian Standards Institution (Certification Marks) Regulations, 1955, as amended in 1961 & 1962, the Indian Standards Institution hereby notifies that the marking fee per unit for Electric Ceiling Fans details of which are given in the Schedule hereto annexed, has been determined the fee shall come into force with effect from 1 June 1963.

THE SCHEDULE

Sl. No.	Product/Class of Products	No. and title of relevant Indian Standard	Unit	Marking Fee per Unit
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1.	Electric Ceiling Fans	IS: 374-1960 Specification for Electric Ceiling Fans and Regulators. (Revised).	One Fan	10 nP per unit up to 10000 units, 5 nP. per unit for 10000 1st to 50000 units, 3 nP per unit for 50001 st to 100000 units, 2 nP. per unit for the 100001 st to 200 000 units; 1 nP per unit for 20000 1st unit and above.

[No. MD/18 : 2*]

New Delhi, the 13th May 1963

S.O. 1418.—In pursuance of sub-regulation (4) of regulation 14 of the Indian Standards Institution (Certification Marks) Regulations, as amended in 1961 and 1962, the Indian Standards Institution hereby notifies that the licence No. CM/L-433, particulars of which are given in the Schedule hereto annexed, has been cancelled with effect from 18 April 1963.

THE SCHEDULE

Sl. No.	Licence No. and Date	Name and Address of the Licensee	Article/Process covered by the Licence cancelled	Relevant Indian Standard
1	2	3	4	5
1.	CM/L-433 20-7-1962.	The Sukhjit Starch & Chemicals Ltd., Sarai Road, Phagwara (Punjab).	Maize Starch for Use in the Cotton Textile Industry.	IS : 1184-1957 Specification for Maize Starch for Use in the Cotton Textile Industry.

[No. MD/12:728.]

A. N. GHOSH,
Ag. Director.


(Indian Standards Institution)

New Delhi, the 15th May 1963

S.O. 1419.—In pursuance of sub-rule (1) of rule 4 of the Indian Standard Institution (Certification Marks) Rules, 1955, as amended in 1962, the Indian Standards Institution hereby notifies that the Standard Mark design of which together with the verbal description of the design and the title of the relevant Indian Standard is given in the Schedule hereto annexed, has been specified.

This Standard Mark, for the purpose of the Indian Standards Institution (Certification Marks) Act, 1952, as amended in 1961, and the rules and regulations framed thereunder, shall come into force with effect from 15th June 1963.

THE SCHEDULE

Sl. No.	Design of the Standard Mark.	Product/Class of Products to which applicable.	No. & Title of Relevant Indian Standard.	Verbal description of the design of the Standard Mark.
1	2	3	4	5
1	IS:1596 	Polythene Insulated and PVC Sheathed Cables.	IS:1596-1962 Specification for Polythene Insulated and PVC Sheathed Cables.	The monogram of the Indian Standards Institution consisting of letters ISI, drawn in the exact style and relative proportions as indicated in Col. (2), the number designation of the Indian Standard being superscribed on the top side of the monogram as indicated in the design.

[No. MD/17:2.]

S.O. 1420.—In pursuance of sub-regulation (3) of regulation 7 of the Indian Standards Institution (Certification Marks) Regulations, 1955, as amended in 1961 and 1962, the Indian Standards Institution hereby notifies that the marking fee per unit for Polythene Insulated and PVC Sheathed Cables, details of which are given in the Schedule hereto annexed, has been determined and the fee shall come into force with effect from 15th June 1963:

THE SCHEDULE

Sl. No.	Product/Class of Products.	No. and title of relevant Indian Standard.	Unit	Marking fee per Unit
1	2	3	4	5
1	Polythene Insulated and PVC Sheathed Cables.	IS:1596-1962 Specification for Polythene Insulated and PVC Sheathed Cables.	1000 Metres	25 nP. per unit for the first 5000 units with a minimum of Rs. 1,250.00 for production during a calendar year ; 15 nP. per unit for 500 1st unit and above.

[No. MD/18:2.]

New Delhi, the 16th May 1963

S.O. 1421.—In pursuance of sub-regulations (2) and (3) of regulation 3 of the Indian Standards Institution (Certification Marks) Regulations, 1955, as amended in 1961 and 1962, the Indian Standards Institution hereby notifies that the Indian Standards, particulars of which are given in the Schedule hereto annexed, have been established during the period 1 April to 14 May 1963.

THE SCHEDULE

Sl. No.	No. and Title of the Indian Standard established	No. and Title of the Indian Standard or Standards, if any, superseded by the new Indian Standard	Brief Particulars
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
1	IS : 11-1963 Specification for Grading of Wool for Export. (Revised).	IS: 11-1949 Specification for Grading of Wool for Export.	This standard prescribes the requirements of different grade designations (types) of raw wool intended for export. (Price Rs. 2.50).

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
2 IS : 205-1962 Specification for Non-Ferrous Metal Butt Hinges. (<i>Revised</i>).	IS : 205-1950 Specification for Butt Hinges.	This standard lays down requirements regarding material, essential dimensions, manufacture, finish, marking and packing of butt hinges made from non-ferrous metals. (Price Rs. 2.50).	
3 IS : 245-1962 Specification for Trichloroethylene, Technical. (<i>Revised</i>).	IS : 245-1950 Specification for Trichloroethylene (<i>Trichlorethylene</i>).	This standard prescribes the requirements and the methods of sampling and test for trichloroethylene, technical. (Price Rs. 3.50).	
4 IS : 280-1962 Specification for Mild Steel Wire for General Engineering Purposes. (<i>Revised</i>).	IS : 280-1951 Specification for Mild Steel Wire (<i>Tentative</i>)	This standard covers requirements for mild steel wire of sizes 0.125 mm to 12.5 mm diameter for general engineering purposes. (Price Rs. 2.00).	
5 IS : 418-1963 Specification for Tungsten Filament General Service Electric Lamps. (<i>Second Revision</i>).	IS : 418-1957 Specification for Tungsten Filament General Service Electric Lamps. (<i>Revised</i>)	This standard covers the technical requirements and methods of tests for tungsten filament incandescent lamps for general lighting purposes having a nominal life of 1000 hours, rated wattage of 15 to 1500 W, rated voltages of 110, 230, 240 and 250 V; and clear or internally frosted bulbs with standard bayonet or Edison screw caps as set out in 3. (Price Rs. 5.00).	
6 IS : 449-1962 Specification for Enamelled High-Conductivity Annealed Round Copper Wire (Oleo-Resinous Enamel). (<i>Revised</i>).	IS : 449-1953 Specification for Enamelled High Conductivity Annealed Round Copper Wire (Oleo-Resinous Enamel).	This standard covers the requirements for high conductivity annealed round copper wires of sizes 0.025 to 4.00 mm in diameter, insulated with oleo-resinous enamel and used for winding coils for instruments, electrical machinery and apparatus. The wires shall be designated as having 'normal covering' or 'thick covering' depending on the thickness of insulation. (Price Rs. 5.50).	
7 IS : 579-1962 Specification for Sole Leather. (<i>Revised</i>).	IS : 579-1954 Specification for Sole Leather.	This standard prescribes the requirements and the methods of test for sole leather used for making and repairing soles of all types of footwear. (Price Rs. 1.50).	
8 IS : 246-1962 Specification for Lappets for Cotton Ring Spinning Frame.	..	This standard prescribes the requirements of lappets for use in the cotton ring spinning frame.	

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)									
			<p>This standard recognizes the following two varieties of lappets based on the size of lappet. :-</p> <table> <tr> <th>Sl. No.</th><th>Variety</th><th>Designation</th></tr> <tr> <td>1</td><td>L1</td><td>Small size lappet</td></tr> <tr> <td>2</td><td>L2</td><td>Large size lappet</td></tr> </table> <p>(Price Rs. 2.50).</p>	Sl. No.	Variety	Designation	1	L1	Small size lappet	2	L2	Large size lappet
Sl. No.	Variety	Designation										
1	L1	Small size lappet										
2	L2	Large size lappet										
9	<p>IS : 870-1962 Specification for Ready Mixed Paint, Brushing, Finishing, Egg Shell Gloss, for Interior Use, to Indian Standard Colours.</p> <p>No. 101 Sky Blue No. 216 Eau-De-Nil No. 217 Sea Green No. 219 Sage Green No. 275 Opaline Green No. 281 Apple Green No. 358 Light Buff. (Revised).</p>	<p>IS : 870-1956 Specification for Ready Mixed Paint, Brushing, Finishing, Egg Shell Gloss, for Interior Use to Indian Standard Colours</p> <p>No. 101 Sky Blue No. 216 Eau-De-Nil No. 217 Sea Green No. 219 Sage Green No. 275 Opaline Green No. 281 Apple Green</p>	<p>This standard prescribes the requirements and methods of test for the material commercially known as ready mixed paint, brushing, finishing, egg shell gloss, for interior use with the distinctive colours as specified in the title. The material is used for protection and decoration of wood or steelwork of interior of buildings and especially coaching stock where egg shell gloss finish and quick drying characteristics are specially required. It is normally applied as a painting system over primer.</p> <p>(Price Rs. 1.50).</p>									
10	<p>IS : 1259-1962 Specification for Vinyl Coated Fabrics (Leather cloth) (Revised).</p>	<p>IS : 1259-1958 Specification for Vinyl Coated Fabrics (Leather cloth).</p>	<p>This standard covers the requirements and methods of test for the material commercially known as vinyl coated fabrics (leather cloth), and is mainly used for upholstery. It is also used for bookbinding.</p> <p>(Price Rs. 4.50).</p>									
11	<p>IS : 1479 (Part V)-1962 Methods of Test for Dairy Industry Part V Methods of Dairy Plant Control.</p>	..	<p>This standard specifies methods generally used for ancillary tests commonly employed in dairy plants. The specific methods to be employed would depend upon the object of analysis.</p> <p>(Price Rs. 6.00).</p>									
12	<p>IS : 1569-1963 Specification for Capacitors for Electric Discharge Lamps (Fluorescent and Mercury Vapour)</p>	..	<p>This standard lays down the basic mechanical and electrical requirements, and methods of tests for fixed capacitors for use in the various circuits of electric discharge lamps (both fluorescent lamps and mercury vapour lamps) operating on alternating current supply of voltage not exceeding 250 V (preferred voltages being 230 V and 240 V) and of frequency 50 c/s.</p> <p>(Price Rs. 3.50).</p>									

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)																
13	IS : 1917-1962 Methods of Chemical Analysis of Quartzite and High Silica Sand.	..	<p>This standard covers methods of chemical analysis of various grades of quartzite and high silica sand for general composition for which is given below. These methods relate to the determinations of loss on ignition, silica, alumina, iron oxide, calcium oxide, magnesia and alkalies.</p> <table><tr><th>Composition</th><th>Percent</th></tr><tr><td>Loss of Ignition</td><td>Up to 1.0</td></tr><tr><td>Silica (SiO_2)</td><td>90.0 and above.</td></tr><tr><td>Alumina (Al_2O_3)</td><td>Up to 0.5</td></tr><tr><td>Iron Oxide (Fe_2O_3)</td><td>Up to 0.1</td></tr><tr><td>Calcium Oxide (CaO)</td><td>Up to 0.1</td></tr><tr><td>Magnesia (MgO)</td><td>Up to 0.1</td></tr><tr><td>Alkalies</td><td>Up to 2.0</td></tr></table> <p>(Price Rs. 4.50).</p>	Composition	Percent	Loss of Ignition	Up to 1.0	Silica (SiO_2)	90.0 and above.	Alumina (Al_2O_3)	Up to 0.5	Iron Oxide (Fe_2O_3)	Up to 0.1	Calcium Oxide (CaO)	Up to 0.1	Magnesia (MgO)	Up to 0.1	Alkalies	Up to 2.0
Composition	Percent																		
Loss of Ignition	Up to 1.0																		
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Calcium Oxide (CaO)	Up to 0.1																		
Magnesia (MgO)	Up to 0.1																		
Alkalies	Up to 2.0																		
14	IS : 2025-1962 Specification for Cylindrical Pipettes for Bacteriological Examination of Milk.	..	<p>This standard prescribes the requirements and the methods of test for cylindrical pipettes, calibrated for delivered capacity, suitable for bacteriological examination of milk.</p> <p>(Price Rs. 2.50).</p>																
15	IS : 2183-1963 Schedule for High Pressure Mercury Vapour Lamps.	..	<p>This standard lays down recommended types of high pressure mercury vapours lamps in general use together with their essential electrical characteristics with a view to guiding the design of lamps accessories, and their overall dimensions and cap details with a view to controlling interchangeability.</p> <p>(Price Rs. 2.00).</p>																
16	IS : 2199-1962 Test Chart for Radial Drilling Machines.	..	<p>This standard prescribes the limits of accuracies for radial drilling machines.</p> <p>Price Rs. 2.50).</p>																
17	IS : 2200-1962 Test Chart for Horizontal and Universal Milling Machines.	..	<p>This standard prescribes the limits of accuracies for horizontal and universal milling machines.</p> <p>(Price Rs. 2.50).</p>																
18	IS : 2201-1962 Test Chart for Vertical Milling Machines.	..	<p>This standard prescribes the limits of accuracies for vertical milling machines</p> <p>(Price Rs. 2.50).</p>																
19	IS : 2227-1962 Specification for Nylon Brosso.	..	<p>This standard prescribes constructional details and other particulars of finished and unfinished nylon brosso produced with two different loom-settings</p> <p>(Price Rs. 4.50).</p>																

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
20	IS: 2228-1962 Specification for Rayon Mix Lining Cloth.	..	This specification prescribes constructional details and other particulars of finished and unfinished rayon mix lining cloth. (a) undyed, and (b) dyed, produced with 3 different loom settings. (Price Rs. 4.00).
21	IS : 2229-1962 Specification for Hundred Percent Cuprammonium Rayon Crinkle Georgette Or Crinkle Chiffon.	..	This specification prescribes constructional details and other particulars of finished and unfinished crinkle georgette or crinkle chiffon made from hundred percent cuprammonium rayon yarn (a) undyed, and (b) dyed, produced with 5 different loom-settings. (Price Rs. 4.0).
22	IS : 2234-1962 Specification for Idli Mix.	..	This standard prescribes the requirements and the methods of test for idli mix. (Price Rs. 2.50).
23	IS : 2243-1962 Specification for Drill Chucks.	..	This standard covers the general accuracy of 3-jaw drill chucks with ring gears and the dimensional accuracy of parts related to the mounting of chucks on drilling machines. It also gives details of the mounting holes on the chuck body, preferred sizes and the holding of capacities of chucks, and general requirements related to materials and hardness of the jaws. (Price Rs. 2.50).
24	IS : 2257-1962 Specification for Paper Adhesives, Liquid Gum and Office Paste Type.	..	This standard prescribes the requirements and the method of sampling and test for moderately quick setting adhesives for joining paper to paper or paper to other surfaces like paperboard, wood cloth, glass or metals in general office use. This standard does not cover adhesives used for making cartons or quick-setting adhesives used for labelling with high speed machinery. (Price Rs. 2.00).
25	IS : 2258-1962 Specification for Rolled Zinc Plate, Sheet and Strip.	..	This standard covers the requirements for five grades of rolled zinc plate, sheet and strip (Price Rs. 3.00)

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
26.	IS : 2260-1963 Recommendations for the Conditioning and Testing of Electrical Insulating Materials.	..	This standard lays down the recommended conditions of temperature, atmospheric humidity and liquid immersion for use when testing electrical insulating materials. (Price Rs. 1.50).
27.	IS : 2262-1963 Specification for Transformers for High Voltage Luminous Discharge Tubes.	..	This specification covers transformers, having a secondary voltage not exceeding 15 kV RMS between terminals and/or 7.5 kV RMS to earth on open circuit and a primary voltage not exceeding 250 V at a frequency of 50 c/s, used with high voltage luminous discharge tubes which may be employed for sign lighting, for publicity or for decorative purposes, either for indoor use or for outdoor use (when suitably protected against rain). (Price Rs. 300)
28.	IS : 2267-1962 Specification for Polystyrene Moulding Materials.	..	This standard prescribes the requirements and methods of test for polystyrene moulding materials, consisting essentially of polymerized styrene, with or without pigments. (Price Rs. 4.50)
29.	IS : 2272-1963 Specification for Nylon Satin.	..	This specification prescribes constructional details and other particulars of finished and unfinished nylon satin produced with 2 different loom settings. (Price Rs. 4.50)
30.	IS : 2273-1963 Specification for Nylon Shirting.	..	This specification prescribes constructional details and other particulars of finished and unfinished nylon shirting produced with one loom setting. (Price Rs. 3.50).
31.	IS : 2278-1963 Specification for Fine Gold Bar, Sheet, Wire, Granules and Token (Lagdi or Mohur).	..	This standard covers the requirements of fine gold in the form of bar, sheet, wire, granules and token (lagdi or mohur). The fineness of the gold shall be as agreed to between the purchaser and the seller. (Price Re. 1.00)
32.	IS : 2279-1963 Specification for Fine Silver Bar, Sheet, Wire, Granules and Token (Lagdi or Mohur).	..	This standard covers the requirements of fine silver in the form of bar, sheet, wire, granules and token (lagdi or mohur). Th

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
			fineness of the silver shall be as agreed to between the purchaser and the seller. (Price Re. 1.00)
33.	IS : 2283-1962 Specification for Nickel Silver Sheet and Strip for General Purposes.	..	This standard specifies the requirements for nickel silver sheet and strip for general purposes such as for utensils, tableware, cutlery, camera parts, decorative trim, etc., as it combines a pleasing white colour with excellent corrosion resistance. For cutlery and tableware applications, nickel silver is commonly plated with silver. (Price Rs. 3.00)
34.	IS : 2284-1963 Method for Olfactory Assessment of Natural and Synthetic Perfumery Materials.	..	This standard prescribes a method for olfactory assessment of natural and synthetic perfumery materials. It also gives the definitions of some terms commonly used in the trade and industry. (Price Rs. 2.00)
35.	IS : 2291-1963 Specification for Tangential Keys and Keyways.	..	This standard covers the dimensions of tangential keys and keyways and material for key bars. (Price Re. 1.00)
36.	IS : 2296-1963 Tolerance Limits for Inland Surface Waters Subject to Pollution.	..	This standard prescribes the tolerance limits for inland surface waters subject to pollution which are used for the following purposes : (a) raw water for public water supply ; (b) bathing ghats ; (c) fish culture, and (d) irrigation. (Price Rs. 1.50)
37.	IS : E2298-1963 Specification for Single-Barrel Stirrup Pump for Fire Fighting Purposes.	..	This standard lays down the requirements regarding materials, design, construction and performance of single-barrel stirrup pump of continuous flow type used for fire fighting purposes. (Price Rs. 2.00)
38.	IS : E2299-1963 Specification for Metal Helmets for Civil Defence.	..	This standard lays down the requirements regarding materials, construction, workmanship and finish, and performance tests of helmets for civil defence requirements. The helmets covered by this standard are intended to provide

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
			protection mainly against debris and to some extent against shrapnels and fire. (Price Rs. 2.00)
39.	IS : E 2300-1963 Specification for Non-Metal Helmets for Civil Defence.	..	This standard lays down the requirements regarding materials, construction, workmanship and finish, weight and performance tests of helmets for civil defence requirements. The helmets covered by this standard are intended to provide protection mainly against debris and to some extent against shrapnels and fire. (Price Rs. 2.00)

Copies of these Indian Standards are available, for sale, with the Indian Standards Institution, Manak Bhavan, 9, Mathura Road, New Delhi-1, and also at its branch offices at (i) 232, Dr. Dadabhai Naoroji Road, Port, Bombay-1, (ii) Third Floor, 11, Sooterkin Street, Calcutta-13, (iii) 2/21, First Line Beach, Madras-1 and (iv) 14/69, Civil Lines, Kanpur.

[No. MD/13 : 2]

S.O. 1422.—In exercise of the powers conferred on me under sub-regulation (4) of Regulation 3 of Indian Standards Institution (Certification Marks) Regulations, 1955, as amended in 1961 and 1962, the following modifications to provisions of Indian Standard, details of which are given in the Schedule hereto annexed, have tentatively been made, with a view to expedite the use of the Standard Mark without, in any way affecting the quality of goods covered by the relevant standard.

THE SCHEDULE

Sl. No.	No. and Title of Indian Standard, the provisions of which have been modified	Particulars of the existing provisions	Particulars of the modification made to the provisions	Date from which the modification shall come into force
1.	IS : 731-1956 General Requirements and Methods of Test for Porcelain Insulators for Overhead Lines with a Nominal Voltage of 1 000 Volts and Above (Tentative)	The existing provisions of IS:731-1956 specify the methods for carrying out various electrical tests on porcelain insulators for overhead power lines. But the values of test voltage for various voltage levels have not been indicated.	The values of test voltages for various voltage levels for testing of porcelain insulators according to IS:731-1956 shall be in accordance with Tables IA and IB of Draft Indian Standard for Porcelain Insulators for overhead Power Lines (3.3 kv and above) (Revision of IS : 731-1956)	Immediate effect

[No. MD/13:5/A.]

New Delhi, the 17th May 1963

S.O. 1433.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-regulations (2) and (3) of regulation 3 of the Indian Standards Institution (Certification Marks) Regulations, 1955, as amended in 1961 and 1962, the Indian Standards Institution hereby notifies the issue of errata slips particulars of which are given in column (4) of the Schedule hereto annexed, in respect of the Indian Standards specified in column (2) of the said Schedule.

THE SCHEDULE

Sl. No.	No. and Title of Indian Standard	No. and date of Gazette Notification in which establishment of Indian Standard was notified	Particulars of Errata Issued	Slip
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	
1	IS : 549-1961 Specification for Split Cotter Pins (Revised)	S.O. 3062 dated 30 Dec. 1961	(i) Page 2, clause 2.1, line 2 please read 'extreme end of the short leg' for 'extreme end of the long leg' (ii) Page 2, clause 4.4.1, line 2 please read 'length of the shorter leg' for 'length of the larger leg' (iii) Page 3, Table I, Dimension 'C' of 8 mm Nominal Diameters of Split Pins and Holes please read '4' for '6.3'	
			NOTE.—Dimension 'C' of 10, 13, 16 and 20 mm Nominal Diameter of Split Pins and Holes remains the same, namely 6.3.	
2	IS 811-1961 Specification for Cold Formed Light Gauge Structural Steel Sections.	S.O. 1267 dated 28 April 1962.	(i) Page 5, Table I, the existing values under columns 5 to 7 and 10 to 12 have been substituted by new values. (ii) Page 13, Table IX, the existing values under columns 5 to 10 have been substituted by new values. (iii) Page 14, Table X, the existing values under columns 5, 6 and 7 have been substituted by new values.	
3	IS:1166-1957 Specification for Condensed Milk.	S.O. 1593 dated 9 Aug. 1958.	Page 8, formula under D-4.1 Please read ' $\frac{20W}{W} \left[\frac{2f}{v_2} - \frac{f_1}{v_1} \right]$ ' for ' $\frac{20W}{W} \left[\frac{f_2}{v_2} - \frac{f_1}{v_1} \right]$ '	
4	IS:1648-1961 Code of Practice for Fire Safety of Buildings (General) : Fire Fighting Equipment and Its Maintenance including Construction and Installation of Fireproof Doors.	S.O. 3100 dated 13 Oct. 1962.	First cover page of the standard— Please insert the following Universal Decimal Classification number below the title of the standard :	

UDC 669.81 : 614.84

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
5	IS:1904-1961 Code of Practice for Structural Safety of Buildings ; Foundations,	S.O. 553 dated 2 March 1963.	(i) Page 6, definition of 'Sand, Medium' under clause 2.1' line 2 please read '0.2 mm for '0.02 mm' (ii) Page 8, clause 4.2, lines 12 and 13 Substitute the following for the existing last sentence : 'When seismic forces are considered, the allowable bearing pressure shall be increased as specified in 3.3.2 of IS:1893-1962. Recommendations for Earthquake Resistant Design of Structures.' (iii) Page 24, clause A-2.2, line 4 please read ' $C=\frac{1}{3}C$ ' for ' $C=2\frac{1}{3}C$ '.
6	IS:1958-1961 Specification for Nickel Anodes for Electroplating.	S.O. 553 dated 2 March 1963.	(i) Page 2, clause 0.4, lines 2 and 3; page 3, sub-clause 2.1.1, lines 5 and 6; and page 4, line 1 and 2 (lines 3 and 4 of sub-clause 2.2.1) please read '*IS:1952—Methods of Chemical Analysis of Nickel Anodes' for '*IS:1952—Methods of Chemical Analysis for Nickel Anodes and Foundry Anodes'

Copies of these Errata Slips are available, free of cost, with the Indian Standards Institution, Manak Bhavan, 9 Mathura Road, New Delhi-1, and also at its Branch Offices at (i) 232 Dr. Dadabhoy Naoroji Road, Bombay-1, (ii) Third Floor, 11 Sooterkin Street, Calcutta-13, (iii) 2/21 First Line Beach, Madras-1, and (iv) 14/69 Civil Lines, Kanpur.

[No. MD/13: 6]

D. V. KARMAKAR,
Acting Director.

MINISTRY OF STEEL & HEAVY INDUSTRIES

(Department of Heavy Industries)

New Delhi, the 1st May 1963

S.O. 1424.—Under Clause 2(a) of the Motor Cars (Distribution and Sale) Control Order, 1959 the Central Government hereby appoint Shri Harbans Singh, Deputy Secretary, Department of Heavy Industries, as Controller of Motor Cars for the purposes of the said Order, *vice* Shri R. V. Raman.

[No. A.E.Ind.8(10)/63.]

R. V. RAMAN, Jt. Secy.

(Department of Heavy Industries)

ORDER

New Delhi, the 10th May 1963

S.O. 1425.—In exercise of the powers conferred on me, under Clause 3 of the Commercial Vehicles (Distribution and Sale) Control Order, 1963, I hereby make the following Order, namely:—

1. In partial modification of para (i) of the order, dated the 1st May, 1963, a monthly quota of 800 Tata-Mercedes-Benz vehicles shall be reserved for priority allocation by the Central Government.

2. This Order comes into effect from the 1st May, 1963.

[No. A.E.Ind.15(2)/63.]

HARBANS SINGH,

Controller of Commercial Vehicles.

MINISTRY OF MINES & FUEL

New Delhi, the 14th May, 1963

S.O. 1426.—Whereas by the Notification of the Government of India in the late Ministry of Steel, Mines and Fuel (Department of Mines and Fuel) S.O. 1581 dated the 1st July, 1961 under sub-section (1) of section 4 of the Coal Bearing Areas (Acquisition and Development) Act 1957 (20 of 1957), the Central Government gave notice of its intention to prospect for coal in the lands in the locality specified in the Schedules appended to that notification;

And whereas the Central Government is satisfied that coal is obtainable in the whole or any part of said lands.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 7 of the said Act, the Central Government hereby gives notice of its intention to acquire the lands referred to in the above and said notification measuring 95.10 acres (38.52 hectares) and described in the Schedule appended hereto.

The plans of the area covered by this notification may be inspected at the office of the Deputy Commissioner, Hazaribagh (Bihar) or at the office of the Coal Controller, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta or at the office of the National Coal Development Corporation Ltd. (Revenue Section) "Darbhanga House", Ranchi.

Any person interested in the aforesaid lands may within 30 days of the issue of this notification, file objection to the acquisition of the whole or any part of the lands or of any rights in or over such lands to the Coal Controller, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta.

Drg. No. Rev/100/62

Dated 31-12-1962

(Showing lands to be acquired)

ALL

SCHEDULE

Sub-Blocks C & D

ALL RIGHTS

Sl. No.	Village	Thana	Thana No.	District	Area	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1.	Karharbari (Kurhurbaree)	Giridih	194	Hazaribagh		Part
2.	Gopai	"	204	"		"

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
3.	Dhobidih	.	Girdih	193	Hazaribagh	Part
4.	Mukhpitmai Pipratanr (Mukpitmai Pipratad).	.	"	192	"	"
Total Area : 95.10 Acres (Approximately) Or 38.52 Hectares (Approximately)						

Plot Nos. to be acquired in village Karharbari :

1420(P) & 3073.

Plot Nos. to be acquired in village Gopai :

141(P), 147(P), 148(P), 149(P), 150, 151, 152, 153(P), 154(P), 470(P), 477(P), 485(P), 492(P), 493, 494(P), 505(P), 506, 507(P) & 508(P).

Plot Nos. to be acquired in village Dhobidih :

223(P), 225(P), 226(P), 227, 228(P), 229 to 245, 246(P), 247, 248(P), 249(P), 250(P), 251(P), 253(P), 254(P), 255(P), 316(P), 321(P), 322(P), 324(P), 325(P) & 352.

Plot Nos. to be acquired in village Mukhpitmai pipratanr :

278(P), 284(P), 285(P), 286(P), 287(P), 288 to 306, 307(P), 308, 310(P), 311(P), 454(P), (P), 474(P), 475(P), 478(P), 489(P), 490(P), 491, 492(P), 493 to 548.

Boundary Description :

BLOCK—'C'.

A-B. line passes allfiong the part common boundary of villages Karharbari and Gopai and meeting at point 'B' (which is also the part common boundary of Sub-Block 'A').

B-C. line passes through Plot Nos. 149, 148, 141, 147, 153, 154, along the Northern boundary of Plot Nos. 475, 476, through Plot Nos. 470, 477, 485, 492, 494, along part common boundary of Plot Nos. 151 and 494, through Plot Nos. 494, 505, 507, 508 in village Gopai and meeting at point 'C'.

C-D. line passes along the part Eastern boundary of Plot No. 508, Eastern boundary of Plot No. 506 of village Gopai and Western boundary of Plot No. 3074 of village Karharbari and meeting at point 'D' (which is also part common boundary of Sub-Block 'B').

D-E. line passes through Plot No. 1420 in village Karharbari and meeting at point 'E' (which is also part common boundary of Girdih Colliery).

E-F. line passes along the part common boundary of villages Karharbari and Gopai and meeting at point 'F' (which is also the part common boundary of Girdih Colliery).

F-A. line passes through Plot No. 149 in village Gopai and meeting at point 'A' (which is also the part common boundary of Girdih Colliery).

Boundary Description :

BLOCK—'D'

G-H-I. line passes along the part common boundary of villages Karharbari and Mukhpitmai Pipratanr and meeting at point I (which is also the part common boundary of Sub-Block 'A').

I-J. line passes along the part common boundary of villages Dhobidih and Karharbari and meeting at point 'J' (which is also the part common boundary of Sub-Block—'A').

J-K.G. line passes through Plot Nos 248, 325, 324, 322, 321, 316, again 248, 249, 255, 254, 253, 250, 251, 246, 228, 226, 223, 225 in village Dhobidih through Plot Nos. 454, 474, 475, 478, 489, 490, 492, 311, 310, 307, 284, 287, 285, 286, and 278 in village Mukhpitmai Pipratanr and meeting at point 'G'.

[No. C2-20(9)/61.]

P. S. KRISHNAN, Under Secy.

MINISTRY OF FOOD AND AGRICULTURE

(Department of Agriculture)

New Delhi, the 13th May 1963

S.O. 1427.—The following draft of Ginger Grading and Marking Rules 1963 which the Central Government proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Agricultural Produce (Grading and Marking) Act, 1937 (1 of 1937), is hereby published, as required by the said section for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration on or after 15th June, 1963.

Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the said draft before the date specified will be considered by the Central Government.

DRAFT RULES

1. Short title and application.—(1) These rules may be called the Ginger Grading and Marking Rules 1963.

(2) They shall apply to ginger (*Zingiber officinale*) produced in any part of India.

2. Definitions.—In these rules—

(a) "Agricultural Marketing Adviser" means the Agricultural Marketing Adviser to the Government of India.

(b) "Schedule" means a Schedule to these Rules.

3. Grade designations.—Grade designation to indicate the quality of ginger shall be as set out in column 1 of each of the Schedules III to VIII.

4. Definition of quality.—The quality indicated by the grade designations shall be as set out against each grade designation in Schedules III to VIII.

5. Grade designation marks.—The grade designation mark shall consist of a label specifying the grade designation and bearing a design (consisting of an outline map of India with the word AGMARK and the figure of rising sun with the word 'Produce of India' and 'भारतीय उत्पाद' resembling that set out in Schedule I.

6. Method of Marking.—(1) The grade designation mark shall be securely applied to each container in a manner approved by the Agricultural Marketing Adviser. In addition to the grade designation mark, each container shall also be marked with such particulars and in such manner as may be specified by the aforesaid officer.

(2) An authorised packer may, after obtaining the prior approval of the Agricultural Marketing Adviser, mark his private trade mark on a container, in a manner approved by the said officer, provided that the private trade mark does not represent a quality of grade of ginger different from that indicated by the grade designation mark affixed to the container in accordance with these rules.

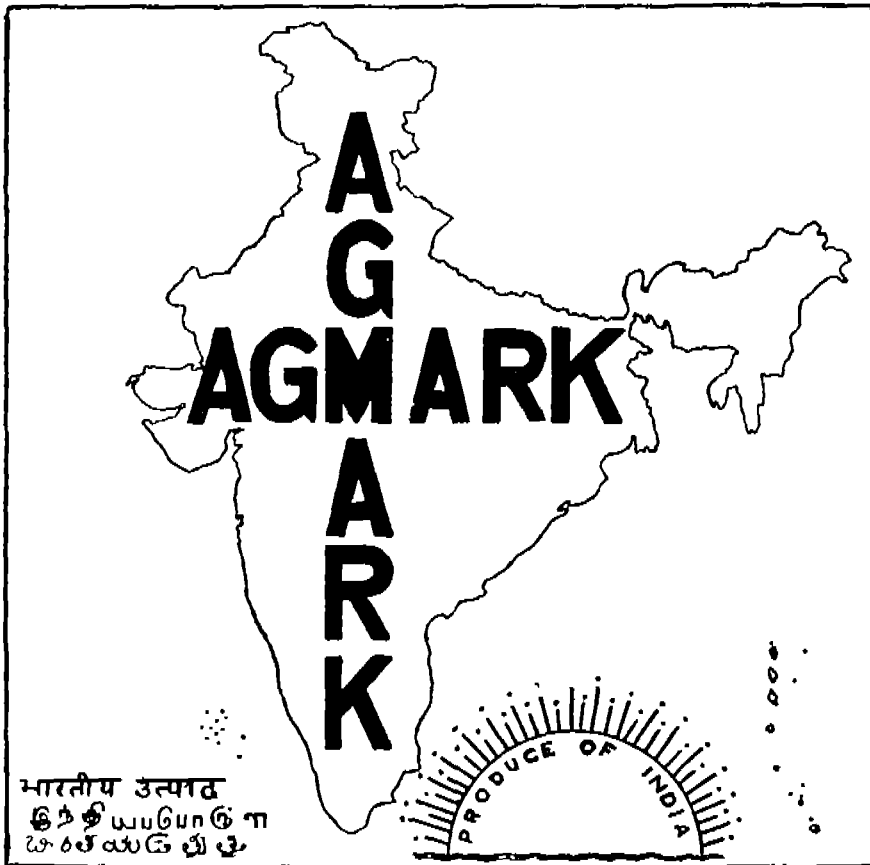
7. Method of Packing.—The ginger, whole, shall be packed in sound double jute bags or in single jute bags with water-proof lining. The bags may be lined inside with cloth or with polythene. The bags shall be securely closed and sealed. Containers which have been previously used for packing a commodity which is likely to impart any abnoxious smell to ginger shall not be used. Each container shall contain ginger of one grade only.

8. Special conditions of Certificate of Authorisation.—In addition to the conditions specified in rule 4 of the General Grading and Marking Rules 1937, the conditions set out in Schedule II shall be the conditions of every Certificate of Authorisation issued for the purpose of these Rules

SCHEDULE I

(See rule 5)

DESIGN FOR THE GRADE DESIGNATION MARK



SCHEDULE II

(See rule 8)

- (a) An authorised packer shall make such arrangements for testing ginger as may be prescribed and samples thereof shall be forwarded to such control laboratory as may be notified from time to time, by the Agricultural Marketing Adviser.
- (b) An authorised packer shall provide such facilities to Inspecting Officers duly authorised by the Agricultural Marketing Adviser for sampling, testing etc. as may be specified.

SCHEDULE III

(See rules 3 and 4)

Grade designation and definition of quality of garbled non-bleached Calicut ginger

Grade designation	Special Characteristics		General Characteristics
	Size of rhizomes*	Extraneous matter % (by weight) max.	
Garbled, non-bleached, Calicut (NKG)	Not less than 20 mm. in length.	2.0	<p>The ginger, whole,—</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Shall be the dried rhizomes of <i>Zingiber officinale</i>, Rose in pieces, irregular in shape and size, pale brown in colour fibrous, with peel not entirely removed, light pieces removed by garbling. 2. Shall have characteristic taste and flavour, be wholesome and shall not have rancid or bitter taste or musty odour. 3. Shall have been washed and dried in the sun. 4. Shall be reasonably dry and free from moulds and insect infestation.

*Tolerance for size:—Maximum tolerance of 3% shall be allowed.

Extraneous matter:—All foreign matter including the exhausted or spent ginger shall be considered as extraneous matter.

SCHEDULE V

(See rules 3 and 4)

Grade designation and definition of quality of garbled non-bleached Cochin ginger


Grade designation	Special Characteristics		General Characteristics
	*Size of rhizomes	Extraneous matter % (by weight) max.	
Garbled, non-bleached, Cochin (NGC).	Not less than 20 mm. in length.	2.0	<p>The ginger, whole,—</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Shall be the dried rhizomes of <i>Zingiber Officinale</i> Rose in pieces, irregular in shape and size, pale brown in colour, fibrous, with peel not entirely removed, light pieces removed by garbling. 2. Shall have characteristics taste and flavour, be wholesome, and shall not have rancid or bitter taste or musty odour. 3. Shall have been washed and dried in the sun. 4. Shall be reasonably dry and free from moulds and insect infestation.

*Tolerance for size:—Maximum tolerance of 3% shall be allowed.

Extraneous matter:—All foreign matter including the exhausted or spent ginger shall be considered as extraneous matter.

SCHEDULE VI
(See rules 3 and 4)

Grade designation and definition of quality of ungarbled non-bleached Cochin ginger

Grade designation	Special Characteristics			General Characteristics
	Size of rhizomes	Extraneous matter % (by weight) max.	Very light pieces % by count, max.	
Ungarbled, non-bleached, Cochin (NUGC).	Small cut pieces of less than 20 mm. in length.	2.0	10.0	<p>The ginger, whole,—</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Shall be the dried rhizomes of <i>Zingiber Officinale</i> Rose. in pieces, irregular in shape and size, pale brown in colour, fibrous, with peel not entirely removed.  2. Shall have characteristic taste and flavour, be wholesome, and shall not have rancid or bitter taste or musty odour. 3. Shall have been washed and dried in the sun. 4. Shall be reasonably dry and free from moulds and insect infestation.

Extraneous matter:—All foreign matter including the exhausted or spent ginger shall be considered as extraneous matter.

SCHEDULE VII
(See Rules 3 and 4)

Grade designation and definition of Quality of garbled bleached Cochin ginger

Grade designation	Special Characteristics			General Characteristics
	*Size of rhizomes	Extraneous matter % (by weight) max.	Lime as CAO % (by weight) max.	
Garbled, bleached, Cochin (BGC)	Not less than 20 mm. in length.	2.0	1.0	<p>The ginger, whole,—</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Shall be the dried rhizome of <i>Zingiber Officinale</i> Rose. in pieces, irregular in shape and size, pale brown in colour, fibrous with peel not entirely removed, lime bleached, light pieces removed by garbling. 2. Shall have characteristic taste and flavour, be wholesome, and shall not have rancid or bitter taste or musty odour. 3. Shall have been washed and dried in the sun. 4. Shall be reasonably dry and free from moulds and insect infestation.

**Tolerance for size*:—Maximum tolerance of 3% shall be allowed.

Extraneous matter:—All foreign matter including the exhausted or spent ginger shall be considered as extraneous matter.

SCHEDULE VIII

(See rules 3 and 4)

Grade designation and definition of quality of engarbled bleached Cochin Ginger.

Grade designation	Size of rhizomes	Special Characteristics			General Characteristics
		Extraneous matter	Very light pieces	Lime as Cap	
		% (by weight) max.	% by count max.	% (by weight) max.	
Ungarbled bleached Cochin (BUGC)	Small cut pieces of less than 20 mm. in length.	2.0	10.0	1.0	<p>The ginger, whole,—</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Shall be the dried rhizome of <i>Zingiber officinale</i> Rose in pieces, irregular in shape and size, pale brown in colour, fibrous, with peel not entirely removed, lime bleached. 2. Shall have characteristic taste and flavour, be wholesome, and shall not have rancid or bitter taste or musty odour. 3. Shall have been washed and dried in the sun. 4. Shall be reasonably dry and free from moulds and insect infestation.

Extraneous matter:—All foreign matter including the exhaust or spent ginger shall be considered as extraneous matter.

[No. F. 17-9/63-AM]

V. S. NIGAM, Under Secy.

(Department of Agriculture)

New Delhi, the 16th May 1963

S.O. 1428.—Whereas the Lok Sabha has duly elected Shri M. L. Dwivedi as its representative on the Animal Welfare Board;

Now therefore in pursuance of sub-section (1) of section 4 of the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act, 1960 (59 of 1960), the Central Government hereby makes the following further amendment in the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Food & Agriculture (Department of Agriculture) No. S.O. 921 dated the 20th March, 1962, establishing the Animal Welfare Board, namely:—

In the said notification, for the entries in the first column against item 18, the following entries shall be substituted, namely:—

Shri M. L. Dwivedi 15, Windsor Place, New Delhi.

[No. 19-7/63-LD.]

K C. SARKAR, Under Secy.

(Department of Agriculture)

(Indian Council of Agricultural Research)

New Delhi, the 18th May 1963

S.O. 1429.—Under Section 4 of the Indian Cotton Cess Act, 1923 (14 of 1923), the Central Government are pleased to appoint the following persons to be members of the Indian Central Cotton Committee, Bombay, for a period of three years with effect from 1st April, 1963:

S. No.	Name	Part of Section 4
1.	Shri A. K. D. Rangaswamy Raja, Rajapalayam, Madras State.	4(viii)
2.	Shri M. Janardhanan Nair, Director of Agriculture, Kerala State, Tiivandrum.	4(ix)
3.	Sardar Arjun Singh, Superintendent, His Highness Farm, Sriganganagar, Rajasthan.	4(x)
4.	Shri D. Vishwanatha Reddy, Director of Agriculture, Andhra Pradesh, Hyderabad.	4(x)
5.	Shri H. Ramalinga Reddy, M.L.A., Adoni, Kurnool Distt.	4(x)

[No. 1-7/63-Com III.]

N. K. DUTTA, Under Secy.

MINISTRY OF HEALTH*New Delhi, the 18th May 1963*

S.O. 1430.—In pursuance of the provisions of Section 3 of the Dentists Act, 1948 (16 of 1948), the Central Government hereby directs that Dr. Narayanamurthi, M.B.B.S., M.D., 11-5-55, Red Hills Hyderabad-4, who has been elected under clause (d) of the said section by the Senate of the Madras University from amongst the members of the Faculty of Medicine of that University, shall be a member of the Dental Council of India, constituted under section 3 of the aforesaid Act, with effect from the 22nd April, 1963.

[No. F. 3-2/62-MIL.]

R. MURTHI, Under Secy.

ORDER*New Delhi, the 17th May 1963*

S.O. 1431.—Whereas, the Government of India in the Ministry of Health has, by notification No. 16-19/59-MI, dated the 1st April, 1960, made in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 14 of the Indian Medical Council Act, 1956 (102 of 1956), recognised the medical qualification "M.D." granted by the University of California for the purposes of the said Act;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by the proviso to sub-section (1) of section 14 of the Indian Medical Council Act, 1956 (102 of 1956) the Central Government hereby specifies the period of two years with effect from the date of this Order or so long as Dr. Carrol Stanley Small, who possesses the said qualification, continues to work in the Christian Medical College & Hospital Vellore, to which he is attached for the time being for the purposes of teaching, research or charitable work, whichever is shorter, as the period to which the medical practice of the said Dr. Carrol Stanley Small shall be limited.

[No. F. 16-4/63-MI.]

B. B. L. BHARADWAJ, Under Secy.

MINISTRY OF TRANSPORT AND COMMUNICATIONS**(Department of Transport)****(Transport Wing)****MERCHANT SHIPPING***New Delhi, the 18th May 1963*

S.O. 1432.—In pursuance of rule 5 of the Indian Merchant Shipping (Seamen's Employment Office) Calcutta Rules, 1954 and in supersession of the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Transport & Communications (Department of Transport) No. 15-MT(2)/60, dated the 9th November 1960, the Central Government hereby reconstitute the Seamen's Employment Board (Home Trade) at the port of Calcutta for a period of two years with effect from the date of issue of this notification and appoints the following persons to be members thereof, namely:—

Members representing the Government

1. The Principal Officer,
Mercantile Marine Department,
Calcutta—*Chairman*.
2. The Director, National Employment Service,
Calcutta.
3. The Director, Seamen's Employment Office,
Calcutta—*Member-Secretary*.

Members representing the Shipowners

4. Captain M. K. Nambiar.
5. Shri M. K. Tanna.
6. Shri A. N. Shah.

Members representing the Seamen

7. Shri Bejoy Kumar Mukherjee.
8. Shri K. V. Rao.
9. Shri Amitava Tat.

[No. 15-MT(1)/63.]

D. S. NIM, Dy. Secy.

(Departments of Communications and Civil Aviation)*New Delhi, the 6th May 1963*

S.O. 1433.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 11, clause (b) of sub-rule (2) of rule 14 and sub-rule (1) of rule 23 of the Central Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, 1957, the President hereby makes the following further amendments in the notification of the Government of India in the late Ministry of Communications No. S.R.O. 631-B, dated the 28th February, 1957, namely:—

In the Schedule to the said notification:—

(1) in Part II—

- (i) under the heading "AIR ROUTES AND AERODROMES ORGANISATION" against the entry "All posts", the words "Principal, Civil Aviation Training Centre" occurring in column 3 shall be deleted.
- (ii) under the heading "GLIDING CENTRES", against the entry "Other posts", for the words "Controller of Aerodromes concerned", occurring in column 3, the words "Controller concerned" shall be substituted.

(iii) after the heading "Gliding Centres" and the entries thereunder, the following heading and entries shall be inserted, namely:—

"CENTRAL EXAMINATION ORGANISATION

All posts.	Deputy Director General of Civil Aviation.	Deputy Director General of Civil Aviation.	All	Director General of Civil Aviation.
		Deputy Director Central Examination Organisation.	(i) to (iii)	Deputy Director General of Civil Aviation".

(2) in part III, after the heading "COMMUNICATION STATIONS INCHARGE OF NON-GAZETTED OFFICERS" and the entries thereunder, the following heading and entries shall be inserted, namely:—

"CENTRAL EXAMINATION ORGANISATION

All posts.	Deputy Director, Central Examination Organisation.	Deputy Director, Central Examination Organisation.	All	Director of Administration."
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[No. 10-VE(8)/59.]

T. R. MANTAN, Dy. Secy.

(Department of Communications and Civil Aviation)

(P. & T. Board)

New Delhi, the 17th May 1963

S.O. 1434.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 11, clause (b) of sub-rule (2) of rule 14 and sub-rule (1) of rule 23 of the Central Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, 1957 the President hereby makes the following further amendments in the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Communications (Posts and Telegraphs) No. S.R.O. 620, dated the 28th February, 1957, namely:—

In the schedule to the said notification,—

(1) in Part II, General Central Service, Class III, after the heading "Telephone Districts and sub Divisions of Telephone Districts" and the entries thereunder the following heading and entries shall be inserted, namely :—

Office of the Director of Tele-Communications Jammu and Kashmir and other offices under his jurisdiction.

1	2	3	4	5
Ministerial staff in Selection Grades	Director of Tele-communications.	Director of Tele-communications.	All	Member (Administration), Posts and Telegraphs Board.
		Officer of Junior Time-Scale of Telegraph Engineering Service, Class I ; Officer of Telegraph Engineering and Wireless Service, Class II ; Officer of Telegraph Traffic Service Class II.	(i) to (iii)	Director of Tele-communications.

1	2	3	4	5
Engineering Supervisor; Wireless Supervisor; Observation Supervisor; Building Overseer; Lady Welfare Superintendent; Head Draughtsman; Line Inspector; Repeater Station Assistant; Wireless Operator; and non-ministerial staff in Selection Grades.	Director of Telecommunications	Director of Telecommunications; Officer of Telegraph Engineering and Wireless Service, Class II; Officer of Telegraph Traffic Service, Class II.	All (i) to (iii)	Member (Administration), Posts and Telegraphs Board. Director of Telecommunications.
Lineman; Wiremen; Line Rider; Inspector of Peons; Ministerial and non-ministerial staff below selection grades not specifically mentioned.	Officer of Junior Time-scale of Telegraph Engineer Service, Class I; Officer of Telegraph Engineer and Wireless Service Class II; Officer of Telegraph Traffic Service, Class II.	Officer of Junior Time scale of Telegraph Engineering Service, Class I; Officer of Telegraph Engineering and Wireless Service, Class II; Officer of Telegraph Traffic Service, Class II.	All	Director of Telecommunications.
Telegraph Master; Teletypist.	Director of Telecommunications.	Director of Telecommunications. Officer of Telegraph Traffic Service, Class II.	All (i) to (iii)	Member (Administration), Posts and Telegraphs Board. Director of Telecommunications.

(2) in Part III, General Central Service, Class IV, after the heading "Staff working in Telephone Districts and sub Divisions of Telephone Districts" and the entries thereunder the following heading and entries shall be inserted, namely:—

"Office of the Director of Telecommunications Jammu and Kashmir and other Offices under his jurisdiction.

1	2	3	4	5
All posts	Officer of Telegraph Engineering and Wireless Service, Class II; Officer of Telegraph Traffic Service, Class II.	Officer of Telegraph Engineering and Wireless Service, Class II. Officer of Telegraph Traffic Service, Class II.	All	Director of Telecommunications."

[No. 44/11/62-Disc.]

D. K. AGARWAL, Asstt. Director General

MINISTRY OF SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH AND CULTURAL AFFAIRS**ARCHAEOLOGY***New Delhi, the 2nd March 1963*

S.O. 1435.—Whereas by notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Scientific Research and Cultural Affairs No. F.4-14/62-C.I. dated 3rd November, 1962, published in Part II, section 3, sub-section (ii) of the Gazette of India dated the 17th November, 1962, the Central Government gave notice of its intention to declare the archaeological monument specified in the Schedule below to be of national importance.

And, whereas, no objections have been received to the making of such declaration.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of section 4 of the Ancient Monuments and Archaeological Sites and Remains Act, 1958 (24 of 1958), the Central Government hereby declares the said archaeological monument to be of national importance.

New Delhi, the 6th March 1963

S.O. 1436.—Whereas by notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Scientific Research and Cultural Affairs No. F.4-18/62-C.I. dated 1st November, 1962, published in Part II, section 3, subsection (ii) of the Gazette of India dated the 17th November, 1962, the Central Government gave notice of its intention to declare the archaeological monument specified in the Schedule below to be of national importance.

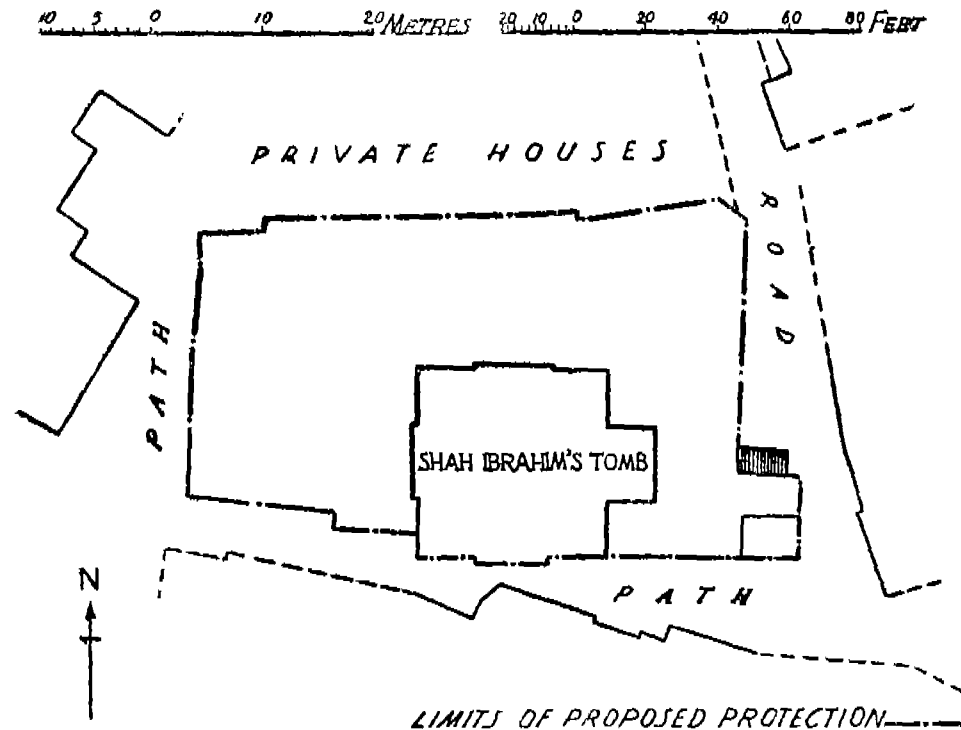
And, whereas, no objections have been received to the making of such declaration.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of section 4 of the Ancient Monuments and Archaeological Sites and Remains Act, 1958 (24 of 1958), the Central Government hereby declares the said archaeological monument to be of national importance.

SCHEDULE

Serial No.	State	District	Tahsil	Locality	Name of monument	Revenue plot number to be included under protection	Area	Boundaries	Ownership	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	Punjab	Mahendragarh.	Narnaul	Narnaul	Shah Ibrahim's tomb together with adjacent land as shown in the plan reproduced below.	The area included under protection as shown in the plan reproduced below.	1635 sq. yds.	North : Private Houses. East : Road. South : Public Path north of Pir Turkman's Dargah. West : Open land and Public Park.	Custodian Evacuee Property.	The town has not been surveyed by Municipality.

SITE PLAN OF SHAH IBRAHIM'S TOMB AT NARNAUL



[No. F.4-18/82-C.L.]

New Delhi, the 15th May 1963

S.O. 1437.—Whereas the Central Government is of opinion that the ancient monument specified in the Schedule attached hereto is of national importance,

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of Section 4 of the Ancient Monuments and Archaeological Sites and Remains Act, 1958 (24 of 1958), the Central Government hereby gives notice of its intention to declare the said ancient monument to be of national importance.

Any objection made within two months after the issue of this notification by any person interested in the said ancient monument will be considered by the Central Government.

New Delhi, the 16th May 1963

S.O. 1438.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 11, clause (b) of sub-rule (2) of rule 14 and sub-rule (1) of rule 23 of the Central Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, 1957, the President hereby directs that the following amendments be made in the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Scientific Research and Cultural Affairs No S.O. 2054 dated the 9th September, 1959, namely:—

In the Schedule to the said notification, for the headings "Department of Anthropology" and "Department of Archaeology", wherever they occur, the headings "Anthropological Survey of India" and "Archaeological Survey of India" shall respectively be substituted.

[No. 20(2)/62-Estt. II.]

B. N. BHARDWAJ, Under Secy.

MINISTRY OF IRRIGATION & POWER

New Delhi, the 14th May 1963

S.O. 1439.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of Section 36 of the Indian Electricity Act, 1910 (9 of 1910) and in supersession of the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Irrigation and Power No. EL-II-207(14), dated the 15th January, 1953, the Central Government hereby appoints Shri N. P. Ghosh, Electrical Inspector of Mines, Office of the Chief Inspector of Mines and Sarvashri H. K. Bhattacharjee, D. N. Bagchi, C. D. Bajaj and S. K. Biswas (Gupta), Junior Electric Inspectors of Mines, Office of the Chief Inspector of Mines, to be Electric Inspectors and directs that they shall in relation to mines exercise the powers and perform the functions of an Electric Inspector under the said Act, in the whole of India, except the State of Jammu and Kashmir.

[No. EL-II-32(1)/63.]

V. B. ESWARAN, Dy. Secy.

DELHI DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY

New Delhi, the 15th May 1963

S.O. 1440.—In pursuance of the provisions of Sub-section (4) of Section 22 of the Delhi Development Act, 1957, the Delhi Development Authority has replaced at the disposal of the Central Government the land described in the schedule below for placing it at the disposal of the land and Development Officer, Ministry of Works, Housing and Rehabilitation, Government of India, New Delhi.

SCHEDULE

Piece of land measuring 3.33 acres bearing khasra No. 1345/1279-min situated in Southern Ridge Estate.

The above piece of land is bounded as follows:—

NORTH: Block No. 4—Government Higher Secondary School.

SOUTH: Quarters D.D.A.

EAST: Block No. 4, D.D.A. Quarters.

WEST: Pry. School of Municipal Corporation of Delhi.

[No. G. 6(21)53.]

R. K. VAISH, Secy

MINISTRY OF LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT

New Delhi, the 16th May 1963

S.O. 1441.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 13 of the Employees' Provident Funds Act, 1952 (19 of 1952), the Central Government hereby appoints Shri P. Gopal to be an Inspector for the whole of the State of Andhra Pradesh for the purposes of the said Act or of any scheme framed thereunder, in relation to any establishment belonging to, or under the control of the Central Government, or in relation to any establishment connected with a railway company, a major port, a mine or an oil-field or a controlled industry.

[No. 20(46)/63-PF.I/I.]

S.O. 1442.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 13 of the Employees' Provident Funds Act, 1952 (19 of 1952), the Central Government hereby cancels its notification in the Ministry of Labour and Employment, No. S.O. 1346 dated the 2nd June 1961, published at page 1271 of the Gazette of India, Part II—Section 3(ii) of the 10th June 1961, appointing Shri P. Gopal as an Inspector under the said Act for the State of Madras.

[No. 20(46)/63-PF.I/II.]

P. D. GAIHA, Under Secy.

New Delhi, the 16th May 1963

S.O. 1443.—In pursuance of section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the following award of the Industrial Tribunal, Dhanbad, in the matter of an application under Section 33A of the said Act, from Shri Radhu Mahato and 12 other workmen of Albion Colliery, Post Office Karmatand.

BEFORE THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL, DHANBAD

In the matter of a complaint under Section 33A of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947

COMPLAINT No. 15 of 1961.

(arising out of Reference No. 30 of 1961)

PARTIES

1. Radhu Mahato, Trammer
2. Bara Jallal, Trammer
3. Kall Mahato, Trammer
4. Bhikhoo Mahato, Trammer
5. Manua Mahato, Trammer
6. Puran Mahato, Trammer
7. Chalwa Mahato, Trammer
8. Girdhari Mahato, Trammer
9. Sambhu Mahato, Trammer
10. Pankoo Mahato, Fireman
11. Jethu Mahato, Engine Khalasi
12. Bhagna Mahato, Line Mazdoor
13. Durga Mahato, Line Mazdoor

(All workmen of Albion Colliery, P.O. Karmatand (Via Mohuda) Hazaribagh, (Dhanbad)—*Complainants*.)

Vs.

The Manager, Albion Colliery, P.O. Karmatand (Via Mohuda) Hazaribagh, Dhanbad.—*Opposite party*.

PRESENT:

Shri Raj Kishore Prasad, M.A., B.L., Presiding Officer:

APPEARANCES:

For the Complainants—Shri K. L. Paul, Advocate.

For the Opposite party—Shri S. S. Mukherjea, Advocate.

STATE: Bihar.

INDUSTRY: Coal

Dhanbad, dated the 28th March, 1963

AWARD

Radhu Mahato and 12 others made a joint complaint under Section 33A of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, on 26th October 1961 against the Albion Colliery complaining against their dismissal from the Company's service with effect from 12th August 1961, except in the case of Complainant No. 12, Bhagna Mahato, who was dismissed with effect from 17th August 1961.

2. In response to the notice issued to the Company, it filed its rejoinder on 11th December 1961, and, thereafter, the complaint was taken up for hearing.

3. Sri K. L. Paul, Advocate, appeared for all the complainants and Sri S. S. Mukherjea, Advocate, appeared for the management opposite party.

4. Sri Mukherjea raised a preliminary objection to the maintainability of the complaint on the ground that none of these thirteen complainants were workmen concerned in the dispute which was pending in Reference No. 30 of 1961, during the pendency of which the present complaint had been made, and, therefore, this complaint should be rejected on this preliminary ground.

5. In order to decide this preliminary objection, it is necessary first to know the nature of the dispute which was pending in Reference No. 30 of 1961. Reference No. 30 of 1961 was referred under Section 10(1)(d) of the Act by the Central Government on 24th May 1961 to this Tribunal for adjudication of the following industrial dispute between the Employers in relation to the Albion Colliery and their workmen:

"Whether the dismissal of Sarvashri Soukhi Bhuya, Soudagar Bhuya, Gulla Bhuya, Kameshwar Bhuya, Bhatta Bhuya, Maksudan Bhuya, Baiju Bhuya, Jaymangal Bhuya, Kisun Bhuya, Gajo Bhuya, and Mangar Bhuya, Trammers of Albion Colliery, by the management was justified. If not, to what relief are the workmen entitled?"

The above mentioned concerned workmen in the above case, claimed in their written statement that they were surface trammers of the Colliery and were members of Bihar Koyla Madoor Sabha, and, were old and permanent employees of the said Colliery. The said reference was disposed of by my learned predecessor, Sri Salim M. Merchant, on 23rd February 1962 on which date he made his Award in favour of the workmen concerned. From the foregoing facts, therefore, it will appear that in the aforesaid reference No. 30 of 1961 eleven surface trammers of the Colliery were concerned and, the question was whether their dismissal by the management was justified.

6. In the instant case, complainants Nos. 1 to 9 have been described as Trammers, No. 10 as Fireman, No. 11 as Engine Khalasi and No. 12 and 13 as Line Mazdoors. It was not disputed, on behalf of those complainants, that complainants Nos. 10 to 13 were not what they had been described in the complaint. *Prima facie*, therefore, complainants Nos. 10 to 13 cannot be said to be workmen concerned in the dispute which was pending adjudication in Reference No. 30 of 1961, in which the present complaint had been made. This legal position was not seriously challenged by Sri Paul, and, therefore, it is not necessary to deal with this matter further. I, therefore, hold that complainants 10 to 13 were not concerned in any way in the dispute pending in Reference No. 30 of 1961, and, therefore, their complaints are not maintainable.

7. In respect of the remaining Complainants Nos. 1 to 9, who have been described as Trammers in the complaint, it was urged by Sri Mukherjea that they were really *Hookmen*, and not Trammers, as allegedly described by the Complainants in their complaint, and, therefore, they being *Hookmen* and not Trammers could not be said to be concerned in the dispute within the meaning of Section 33 of the Act, in Reference No. 30 of 1961. On this ground, therefore, it was contended that these nine complainants also, being not concerned in the dispute in Reference No. 30 of 1961, their complaint was also not maintainable.

8. In order to prove that a Hookman is different from a Trammer and the duties performed by them are different, the management examined M.W. 1, Shri Hari Ram Choudhuri, Labour Welfare Officer of the Company, and, also filed documents Exhibits M to M-44. Sri Paul also, on behalf of the workmen concerned examined one of these complainants, namely, Puran Mahato, complainant No. 6, in order to prove that the work of a Trammer and a Hookman was the same and that the work performed by the Trammers, Sauthi Bhuya and others, who were concerned in the dispute in Reference No. 30 of 1961, was the same

and they were also doing the same work and getting same wages and that, therefore, these complainants were also concerned in Reference No. 30 of 1961. The complainants also filed documents, which were Annexures to the complaint, and they have been marked Exhibits W to W-6.

9. The first question to be decided, therefore, is whether the complainants 1 to 9 were Hookmen, as alleged by the management, or were Trammers, as alleged by them and as mentioned in the complaint. On the documents filed by both parties, in my opinion, it is established beyond any reasonable doubt that complainants Nos. 1 to 9 were Hookmen, and, as a matter of fact, this was admitted also by W.W. 1, Puran Mahato, Complainant No. 6. Exhibit W, which is a letter dated 8th April 1961 sent by the Manager of the Colliery to Puran Mahato complainant No. 6 shows that he was described therein as Hookman. Admittedly, Puran Mahato never objected to be described as a Hookman in Exhibit W. The charge sheets served against these complainants 1 to 9 have been filed by the management and they are Exhibits M. 18 to M. 28 and M. 33 and M. 36. The charge sheets, in respect of the complainants in the present case, are Exhibits M. 18 to M. 22; M. 24 to M. 26, and M. 33. Exhibits M. 33, M. 40 and M. 41, mention the names of all these persons and all these documents prove that these complainants 1 to 9 have been described as Hookmen, which has been mentioned as their occupation or designation. Puran Mahato, M.W. 1, complainant No. 6, admitted, towards the end of his cross-examination, that:

"I used to be called a Hookman. Other complainants 1 to 5 and 7 to 9 were Hookmen and not trammers."

For these reasons, I hold that complainants 1 to 9 were Hookmen and not Trammers, as described in their complaint and as alleged by them.

10. The next question is, whether the terms, *Trammers* and *Hookmen* are inter-changeable, and synonymous; and whether their duties, their wages, etc., are the same, and, whether both are the same classes of workers. This question is important to be decided because it was urged on behalf of the complainants that there was no difference between a trammer and a hookman in respect of their duties, in respect of their wages, in respect of their nature of work, and in respect of their category. This position was not accepted by the management. This contention of the complainants has not been substantiated. Let us first begin with the evidence of Puran Mahato, M.W. 1, complainant No. 6, himself. To a question put by the Tribunal, he stated that:

"Trammers and Hookmen are two classes of workers and their work is also different. The work of a trammer is to tram the loaded tubs upto the haulage and thereafter the duties of hookman to clip to the haulage rope. I am a surface trammer. Trammers get more work in the underground than what is paid to hookman."

On behalf of the management, however, its witness, M.W. 1, stated that complainants 1 to 9 were Hookmen, who in some collieries were known as clipmen and in some as Hookmen. He also mentioned the nature of the work done by such workman. He further stated that Hookmen were placed in Category V of the Coal Award and that Saukhi Bhuya and others, who were concerned in Reference No. 30 of 1961, were all Surface Trammers and they were in Category IV, and the present complainants 1 to 13 were not concerned with the dispute in Reference No. 30 of 1961.

Shri Paul, on behalf of the complainants 1 to 9, conceded that these nine complainants do the work both of Hookmen and Trammers, but primarily they were trammers and they also to do the work of hooking the tubs either upto the haulage line or upto the pit. Therefore, it was contended, on behalf of the workmen concerned, that these complainants 1 to 9 were primarily trammers and simply because they did the work of hookmen also they cannot be treated as such.

11. The words, '*workman concerned in such dispute*', occurring in Section 33 of the Act, have been construed by the Supreme Court on several occasions and the tests and principles, which should guide a Tribunal in deciding whether, in a given case, a workman is a '*workman concerned*' within the meaning of Section 33, has to be decided, are firmly laid down by the Supreme Court in cases, such as, *New India Motors (P) Ltd. and K. T. Morris*, 1960-1 L.L.J. 551; *Upper Ganges Valley Electricity Supply Co. Ltd., Moradabad and G. S. Srivastava*, 1963, 1 L.L.J. 237; *Bhagaband Colliery V. Their Workmen* (1962-63) 23, F.J.R. 386, and C.A. 393 of 61, decided on 18th July 1962, *The Management of Digwadih Colliery V. Ramjee Singh*, which is not yet reported. A reference may also be made to a Bench

Decision of the Patna High Court in Khagesh Sarkar Vs. Tatanagar Foundry Co. Ltd., Jamshedpur, A.I.R. 1961 Pat. 420=(1961-62) 21 F.J.R. 375.

The Principles which can be extracted from the above decisions are that the expression 'workmen concerned in such dispute', is not limited only to those workmen directly or actually concerned in such dispute, and, as such, that expression includes all workmen on whose behalf the dispute has been raised as well as those who would be bound by the award which was made in the said dispute.

In the light of the tests laid down in the above mentioned cases, can these complainants be said to be 'workman concerned' in the dispute in Reference No. 30 of 1961 as envisaged by Section 33 of the Act?

12. Before, however, answering the question just posed by me, one ground has to be cleared first and that is whether a Hookman is same as a Trammer and whether the nature of work of both is the same. On this question both the parties relied on the Coal Award, better known as Majumdar Award, and, the decision of the Labour Appellate Tribunal in the Colliery Appeals against the said Award which is dated 29th January 1957, by which the original Coal Award was modified in certain respects.

In the original Coal Award, in Appendix XI, "occupational Nomenclatures and Job Descriptions" are given. "Trammers" are described under item No. 92 thus:

"A trammer is a workman who with or without the assistance of other trammers pushes, or controls the travel of, full and empty tubs."

"Some trammers are paid a daily wage (time rated trammers) whilst others are paid according to the terms of contract made between them and the management (piece-rated trammers)".

'Clipmen', who are also called as Coupler, signalmen or pointsmen, are described in item No. 95 thus:

"A workman who is engaged in coupling up the sets or trains of tubs, in attending to the points or crossing which direct the travel of the tubs and in giving signals to the haulage khalasi."

"Hookmen" are described in item No. 96 as "A workman who accompanies the set or train or tubs when it is being hauled and who signals to the haulage khalasi prior to the tubs being moved."

Appendix XII to the original Coal Award mentions Categories in which several classes of workmen have been placed. Time-rated trammers (92) have been put under Category III. Clipmen (95) have been placed in Category V and Hookmen (96) have been placed in Category VI.

In the decision of the Labour Appellate Tribunal on appeal against the said Coal Award, trammers' job has been described in para 143, wherein it is mentioned:

"Trammers or Trolleyman push or control the travel of empty and full tubs. Trammers are both piece-rated and time-rated and when piece-rated are paid according to the terms of contract between them and the management."

Para 150 of the Labour Appellate Tribunal decision placed the piece-rated trammer whether working underground or on the surface in Category V and raised the existing rate of piece-rated trammer to Rs. 1-5-0 per day per shift of 8 hours as basic wages. In Para 151 the time-rated trammer was put in Category IV and Labour Appellate Tribunal directed that the time-rated trammer should get same basic wage, etc., as fixed for Category IV workmen, that is, Rs. 1-4-0 as basic per day. In para 152 Labour Appellate Tribunal further directed that in no event shall a piece-rated trammer get for a day's work less than that fixed by the Tribunal for the time-rated trammer. The basic wage of workmen of Category VI workmen was Rs. 1-6-0 per day. We, therefore, find that the assured wages of a Hookman were higher than those of a Trammer, whereas, the assured wages in case of a Trammer were as of Category IV worker. From Para 153 it will be seen that Hookmen, who came under item No. 96, were put by Labour Appellate Tribunal under Category VI.

From the above categories of Trammers and Hookmen, descriptions of their jobs, wages and duties, there is no doubt that from the point of view of wages, duties and job descriptions and categories, a *Hookman* is different from a *Trammer* and both are different classes of workers doing different jobs. If a worker is primarily a *Hookman*, but sometimes, according to circumstances he does also the work of a *trammer*, he cannot be called a *trammer*. He remains a *Hookman* which he really and mainly is. It appears, therefore, that a *Hookman* may be a *Clipman*, but certainly he cannot be a *Trammer*. It may be mentioned that the wages paid to a *Hookman* are not really relevant for deciding whether a *Hookman* and a *Trammer* are the same class of workers and whether their nature of work also is the same.

In my opinion, therefore, Complainants 1 to 9 were not Trammers, but Hookmen, as proved by the management's documents mentioned before, and on my finding that Hookmen and Trammers were two different classes and categories of workers doing different jobs and having different duties and nature of work, complainants 1 to 9 cannot be called Trammers, when admittedly on the evidence of W.W. 1 their own witness and who is complainant No. 6, they are all Hookmen.

I, therefore, hold that Complainants Nos. 1 to 9 are *Hookmen* and not *Trammers*.

13. If my aforesaid finding that Complainant Nos. 1 to 9 are not Trammers but Hookmen is correct, as I think, on the evidence here, it is correct, then it is manifest that they did not belong to the category of workers, known as Trammers, so as to say that they were interested in the dispute in Reference No. 30 of 1961 in which Surface Trammers were concerned. Furthermore, in Reference No. 30 of 1961 the Tribunal was concerned with the dismissal of only the eleven Surface Trammers and not with dismissal of trammers as a class but with individual disputes relating to the particular trammers who are mentioned therein. Reference No. 30 of 1961, therefore, was concerned with individual disputes and not with any representative dispute of workers known as Trammers.

14. The argument of Sri Paul that as the dispute in Reference No. 30 of 1961 was between the Employers and their workmen and therefore it related to all the workmen of the Company, these complainants were also included within that dispute, in my opinion, cannot be accepted as correct. Shri Mukherjea, in reply, relied on my judgment dated 29th September 1962 in Complaint No. 5 of 1961 arising out of Reference No. 56 of 1950, *Abid Khan Vs. Manager, Loyabad Collieries Workshop*, reported briefly in 1963 (6) F.L.R. 38.

In this *Abid Khan's* case, relying on the decisions of the Supreme Court and the Patna High Court, referred to earlier, I hold that the main principles to be borne in mind for deciding the question whether a workman is concerned in the dispute under adjudication are to find out (i) the nature of the dispute under adjudication, and, (ii) the effect of its decision on the rest of the workmen, if, of course, the nature of the representation of the workmen is not in dispute. Tested by the above tests, in my opinion, these complainants cannot be said to be workmen concerned in the dispute in Reference No. 30 of 1961.

It is true that, in the instant case, Reference No. 30 of 1961 was made with regard to the dispute between the Employers in relation to the Albion Colliery, on the one hand and Their workmen on the other, so as to give the dispute the characteristic of a collective dispute on behalf of all the workmen of the colliery but the fact remains that really it was not such a dispute in which any principle which might be applicable to all the workmen in general irrespective of the category or class to which they belonged or the duties which they performed, including also these complainants, were involved, and, therefore, Reference No. 30 of 1961 cannot be considered to be an industrial dispute not only between the management and eleven surface trammers who were parties to it and whose dismissals only were under adjudication but also between the management and the present complainants when they were not parties to the said Reference either expressly or impliedly.

15. For the reasons given above, my considered opinion is that these thirteen complainants were not workmen concerned at all in the dispute which was pending in Reference No. 30 of 1961 within the meaning of Section 33 of the Act, and therefore, Section 33 did not apply here and as such there being no contravention of Section 33 of the Act, a complaint either jointly or separately under Section 33A of the Act could not be made by any of these concerned workmen.

16. The result, therefore, is that the present complaint under section 33A of the Act by these thirteen complainants is not maintainable. I, therefore, uphold

the preliminary objection raised by the management opposite party and, accordingly, this complaint is dismissed as not maintainable without going into merit.

17. This is my award which I make and submit to the Government of India under Section 15 of the Act.

Sd/- RAJ KISHORE PRASAD,
Presiding Officer,
Central Govt. Industrial Tribunal
Dhanbad.

Dhanbad,

The 28th March, 1963.

[No. 2/102/61-LR.II.]

S.O. 1444.—In pursuance of section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the following award of the Industrial Tribunal, Orissa, in the industrial dispute between the employers in relation to the Inganijharan Mines of Sri M. S. Deb and their workmen.

BEFORE THE PRESIDING OFFICER, INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL, ORISSA

INDUSTRIAL DISPUTE CASE No. 3 of 1962

Dated, Bhubaneswar, the 8th May, 1963

PRESENT:

Shri I. C. Misra, M.A., B.L., Presiding Officer, Industrial Tribunal, Orissa:

BETWEEN:

The workmen of Inganijharan Mines of M. S. Deb, Barbil—*First Party*.

AND

The Management of Inganijharan Mines of M. S. Deb, Barbil—*Opposite Party*.

APPEARANCE:

Shri A. C. Mahanty, Advocate, & Shri D. Roy, Joint Secretary, Keonjhar Mines & Forest Workers' Union.—*For the First Party*.

Shri Nilamani Mahanty, Officer-in-charge of Inganijharan Mines of M. S. Deb.—*For the Opposite Party*.

AWARD

The Ministry of Labour and Employment of the Government of India, by its order No. 21-4-62-LR.II., dated June 29, 1962, referred the following dispute between the employers in relation to the Inganijharan Mines of Sri M. S. Deb and their workmen to this Tribunal for adjudication:—

1. Whether the action of the Management in discharging the following workmen was justified:—

1. Shri Biranchi Nayak,
2. Shri Anam Patro,
3. Shri Krishna Tanti,
4. Shri Bagun Bodra,
5. Shri Kailash Patro,
6. Shri Ganga Munda,
7. Shri Bidu Patro,
8. Shri Ranjit Giri,
9. Shrimati Jema Del;

2. If not, to what relief the said workmen are entitled.

2. The Officer-in-charge, Inganijharan Mines of Shri M. S. Deb submitted that the services of Biranchi, Anam Bagun, Krishna and Jema Del were terminated because of their misconduct, such as, disobedience, mis-behaviour with superior officers, violent activities, illegal threat and intimidation to the workers, after due

domestic inquiry. Kallash, Ganga, Bidu and Ranjit left the work without any intimation to the Management and their unusual absence caused a heavy loss. So the action taken by the Management is reasonable, legal and justified and the concerned miners are not entitled to any benefit. On the other hand, the General Secretary of the Keonjhar Mines and Forest Workers' Union, Barbil, submitted a written statement indicating how the Manganese Ore Mines of Sri M. S. Deb are prosperous and yet the working conditions of the miners are very bad. So, the employees tried to improve their conditions by organising themselves into a Union. But the employer has been trying to prevent any Union being formed amongst the workmen. The Management discharged the 9 persons described in the order of Reference on 4th August 1961, not because of genuine charges, but because of their activities in promoting the lawful and legitimate demands of the workers. No proper inquiry was held and the workmen were not provided with ample opportunities to defend themselves. In the criminal case started against the 9 workmen by the Police at the instance of the Management, the accused were acquitted. Kallash, Ganga, Bidu and Ranjit were discharged because they were arrested by the Police on false charges. The principles of natural justice were violated. The Management was actuated by victimisation and unfair labour practice in taking action against them. Hence, the prayer was made for reinstatement and back wages.

Findings

3. The dispute relates to 9 workmen of the Mines at Inganijharan, Keonjhar. According to the written statement of the parties, they come under two groups. One group consists of Biranchi, Anam, Krishna, Bagun and Jema. The other group consists of Kallash, Ganga, Bidu and Ranjit. The services of the first group have admittedly been terminated by the Management. It is to be examined if such termination is justified.

4. In Ritz Theatre (Private) Ltd., Delhi, and its workmen (1962-L.L.J., Part II, page 498) the Supreme Court observed that it is well settled that if an employer serves the relevant charge or charges on his employee and holds a proper and fair inquiry, it would be open to him to act upon the report submitted to him by the Enquiry Officer and to dismiss the employee concerned. If the enquiry has been properly held, the order of dismissal passed against the employee as a result of such an inquiry can be challenged if it is shown that the conclusions reached at the departmental inquiry were perverse or the impugned dismissal is vindictive or *malafide* and amounts to an unfair labour practice. In such an inquiry before the Tribunal, it is not open to the Tribunal to sit in appeal over the findings recorded at the domestic inquiry. If, on the other hand, the Tribunal is satisfied that no such inquiry has been held or the inquiry which has been held is not proper or fair or that the findings recorded by the Inquiry Officer are perverse, the whole issue is at large before the Tribunal. In regard to cases falling under the last category, it is, however, open to the employer to adduce additional evidence and satisfy the Tribunal that the dismissal of the employee concerned is justified. It would thus appear that the Tribunal has not got plenary jurisdiction to weigh the evidence in support of the impugned order of dismissal or discharge.

5. It appears from the record that the Manganese Ore Mines of Shri M. S. Deb are at Inganijharan in the district of Keonjhar, Orissa. They are situated 3 miles away from the nearest Police Station at Chamakpur and 12 miles away from Barbil. In 1961-62, work used to be done in these Mines mostly by contract labour. Still, about 250 workers were working under the Management directly (M.W. 4). The 9 persons named in the Order of Reference were then directly working under the Management. These miners used to be paid their wages once in a week, i.e., on Wednesday. On 12th July 1961, the Accountant reported (Ext. 3) that the workman Biranchi, in course of the distribution of the wages, abused and insulted him and caused obstruction to his work. Thereupon Sri Malwa, the Manager, issued a charge-sheet against Biranchi on 14th July 1961 (Ext. 13). As Biranchi refused to accept this charge, another charge-sheet was issued against him on the next day (Ext. 12). Instead of receiving these charge sheets, Biranchi and some other workers incited all the workers of the Mines to stop work. In fact, there was practically a strike for the half-day of July 15th and for the whole day of July 16th. Thereafter, they resumed work on the intervention of some Labour Officer of the Government (P.W. 11) with effect from July 18th. On 25th July 1961, the workers worked continuously in the Mines for 8 hours in spite of the notice of the Manager to the contrary (Ext. 19) and thereafter held a meeting within the Mines area. So, on 31st July 1961 the Manager got 5 charge-sheets prepared against Biranchi, Anam, Krishna, Bagun and Jema (Ext. 6 series). It is alleged that these workmen refused to accept the charge-sheets on the plea that one Hrusikesh Misra, raising contractor of the Mines, had written them. These 5 workmen went to the residence of Hrusikesh Misra, forcibly brought him to the Mines Office, forced him to sign on the

charge sheets and after he signed they accepted the charge-sheets on 1st August, 1961. On 2nd August, 1961 they gave a joint explanation (Ext. 15). Shri Sidhartha Deb, the Superintendent of the Mines, held an inquiry on 3rd August, 1961. He sent for the workmen to come forward and defend themselves against the charges. They did not turn up and denied to attend the proceeding. So, Shri Deb examined 7 witnesses and submitted a report on that very day that the charges levelled against these 5 workmen were established (Ext. 16). The Manager, thereupon, passed order of discharge against these 5 workmen on 4th August, 1961 (vide Ext. 6 series). In the meantime, the Contractor Hrusikesh Misra lodged a F.I.R. at the Police Station, Chamakpur, against the 9 workmen mentioned in the Order of Reference under Sections 147, 323, 294 etc. I.P.C. relating to the incident of taking his signature on the charge-sheets. In consequence, the Police arrested these 9 persons presumably on August 5th or 8th, 1961. They were detained for about a fortnight or so. On their release, when they wanted to resume work, they found that they had been prohibited from entering into the Mines area by an order promulgated under Section 144 Cr. P. C. The order of discharge was sent through registered post to Biranchi, Anam, Krishna, Bagun and Jema on 5th August, 1961. The envelopes were returned with the endorsement that on 10th August, 1961 they were in judicial lock up. There is another endorsement that on 14th August, 1961 they refused to accept (Exts. 17 to 17-d).

d. There is no Standing Order of the Inganijharan Mines. There is also no written order or agreement defining the conditions of service of the employees (P.W. 4). The Supreme Court in a very recent decision observed that in the absence of Standing Orders, it would be open to the employer to consider reasonably what conduct can be properly treated as misconduct. The question will have to be dealt with reasonably and in accordance with common sense. What is misconduct will naturally depend upon the circumstances of each case. It may, however, be relevant to observe that it would be imprudent and unreasonable on the part of the employer to attempt to improve the moral and ethical tone of his employee's conduct in relation to strangers not employed in his concern by the use of the coercive process of disciplinary jurisdiction (Agnani, W.M. and Badri Das and others—Civil Appeal No. 881 of 1962—Supreme Court, Judgement dated 25-3-63). Six charges were levelled against Biranchi, Anam, Krishna, Bagun and Jema (Ext. 6 series). It was alleged that they went to the Mines on July 15 and 16, 1961, terrorised the miners, removed them from the work site and thus stopped the working operation. For several weeks they collected rice and money from the workers forcibly by terrorising them; in consequence the workers thought of leaving the Mines. In the next place, they illegally persuaded the workers to work from 7 a.m. to 3 p.m. continuously on 25-7-61 against the order of the Management and against the provisions of the Mines Act. They convened a meeting near the Mines Office on that day without obtaining permission of the Management and created an excited atmosphere. They also created obstruction to the peaceful discharge of daily work by ignoring the Management. The concerned 6 workers received these charges and submitted an explanation (Ext. 15). Their plea was that they did not force anybody to stop the work on July 15 and 16, 1961; but they explained the illegal action taken by the Management against Biranchi Nayak and all the workers working in the Mines stopped their work on those days. They could make Union and collect subscription which is their personal matter. The Manager verbally permitted to work continuously for 8 hours and to hold a meeting on 25-7-61. As already indicated, Shri Malwa, the Manager, had charge-sheeted Biranchi Nayak on 14-7-61 (Ext. 13) for obstructing Shri Pati, the Officer-in-charge, in distributing cash and wages and though warned by the Manager, who was then present, he used filthy and vulgar languages before the labourers and the staff. The charge sheet also included other allegations indicating how he had misbehaved with other employees of the Mines. Biranchi in his explanation (Ext. 14) had at least admitted the fact that he asked the Officer-in-charge on 12th July 1961 at the time of disbursing the wages for leave wages of 1960. In respect of this charge Biranchi had not been suspended and he had been allowed to continue his work as a miner. In usual course, the charges levelled against him would have been enquired into; but he and his companions, during the working hours of 15th July 1961 left their respective jobs and went on persuading workers not to work because Biranchi had been charge-sheeted. The fact that not only the workers working directly under the Management, but also the Contract labourers stopped working for two days, is admitted. It is exceedingly improbable that simply because these workmen explained how Biranchi had been charge-sheeted that the entire work in the Mines was suspended. So, the statement of witnesses given before the Inquiry Officer in the departmental inquiry on 3rd August 1961 that the labourers were threatened and terrorised by Biranchi and his companions seems to be true. In my opinion, the

strike may not be illegal because it does not offend against the relevant provisions of the Industrial Disputes Act; but undoubtedly there was absolutely no justification for such a strike. To speak the least, it put the Management to loss. Under such circumstances, if the Management discharged the workers who engineered such a strike, by threatening this to be a misconduct. I do not think any exception should be taken to the action of the Management or that it is revolting to common sense. In my opinion, even if there is no Standing Order defining misconduct, the conduct of the 5 charge-sheeted workmen in leaving their respective works during working hours and going from pit to pit to ask other miners not to work, not for any cause of the Union, but because Biranchi had been charge-sheeted by the Management, should be treated as a misconduct.

7. The fact that Biranchi, Anam, Krishna, Bagun and Jema received the charge sheets (Ext. 6 series) is admitted. Biranchi, who was examined on their behalf (U.W. 2), also admitted that all of them submitted a joint explanation which is Ext. 15. There is plenty of evidence on record to show that Shri Sidhartha Deb held a departmental enquiry into the charges on 3rd August 1961 and several witnesses were examined by him (vide the evidence of M.Ws. 3, 4, 8 and 11). Ext. 16 is the report of the Inquiry Officer. It is clearly stated therein that the charge-sheeted workmen did not come forward to defend themselves though intimation was sent to them. He for a second time sent his Peon Chandra-mohan to these workmen, but they denied to attend the proceeding. The evidence of the Joint Secretary of the Union (U.W. 1) would show that these workmen were arrested at about 4 to 5 p.m. on 5th August 1961 and they were working in the Mines till the date of their arrest. The inquiry was conducted at 8-30 a.m. i.e. during working hours. There is, therefore, no reason why the statement of the Inquiry Officer that he sent for the charge-sheeted workmen to attend the inquiry should be disbelieved. It is significant to note that the Union did never suggest either immediately after the order of discharge was passed or even upto now that there was no inquiry at all. In the written statement it is only suggested that proper inquiry was not held and these 5 workmen were not provided with ample opportunity to defend themselves. Under the circumstances, it is reasonable to infer that the charge-sheeted workmen were aware of the fact that an inquiry was conducted against them. If, inspite of it, the concerned workers did not choose to attend the inquiry, or to apply for adjournment, there was no option left to the Inquiry Officer but to proceed with it. The Union does not state how the inquiry was improper or what more facilities should have been accorded to the charge-sheeted workmen to defend themselves. I am, therefore, to find that the inquiry conducted by Sri Sidhartha Deb on 3rd August 1961 against these 5 workmen was quite proper.

8. The Inquiry Officer examined 7 witnesses. The statement given by some of them are Exs. 1, 4, 5 and 7. A simple perusal of these statements would show that there was plenty of evidence before the Inquiry Officer in support of the charges. Consequently, his finding that the charges were established against these 5 workmen cannot be characterised as perverse or improper (vide *Hamdard Dawa-khana Wafk* and its workmen—Supreme Court—1962 L.L.J. Part II, page 772.)

9. The Manager passed the order of discharge against these 5 workmen on the basis of the report of the Inquiry Officer. There is nothing on record to indicate that the order is vindictive or *malafide* and amounts to unfair labour practice. As the evidence stood before the Inquiry Officer, these workmen incited the miners not to work and threatened them with serious consequence in case of disobedience; they did not allow even the Ores to be carried by a truck. Female workers were terrorised and all these were done simply because the Management had issued a charge-sheet against Biranchi Nayak. In my opinion, such a conduct of the charge-sheeted 5 workmen should be treated as serious misconduct. Consequently, even if it is assumed that the relations between the Management and the Union were not happily, as alleged by the Union in its written statement and the workmen concerned were active members of the Union, this in itself, is no evidence to prove victimisation or unfair labour practice (vide *Bengal Bhatdee Coal Company* and *Ram Prabesh Singh*—Supreme Court—1963 L.L.J., Part I, page 291).

10. Thus, we find that Biranchi, Anam, Krishna, Bagun and Jema were discharged by the Management after proper domestic inquiry for serious misconduct. The records of the domestic inquiry lead to this conclusion. It is, therefore, not necessary to consider the evidence adduced before the Tribunal independently. Even if we do so, it is not possible to have a different conclusion from what was reported by the Inquiry Officer. Witnesses have stated how these workmen and some others went on from pit to pit on 15th July 1961 and asked other workers and miners to stop work. They did so also on the 16th. They did not allow a

truck to carry the Ore from the pit-head. They continuously worked for 8 hours on 25th July 1961 inspite of the notice of the Manager (Ext. 19) in order to be free in the evening to participate in an Union meeting. The alleged verbal permission of the Manager is not proved. This is an act subversive of discipline. The Management is at liberty to terminate the services of workmen for such misconduct. I, therefore, hold that the action of the Management in discharging Biranchi Nayak, Anam Patro, Krishna Tanti, Bagun Bodra and Jema Dei is fully justified. Hence, they are entitled to no relief.

11. Shri A. C. Mahanty, the learned Advocate for the Union, seriously objected to the examination of Shri Nilamani Mahanty (M.W. 16) and to the admissibility of the inquiry report of Shri Sidhartha Deb (Ext. 16) and some other documents. M.W. 16 is the Officer-in-charge of the Mines. It is he who conducted the case on behalf of the Management. He was present when other witnesses on behalf of the Management were examined. But, in order to come to the aforesaid conclusion, I have not relied on his evidence. Of course, it is he who proved Ext. 16 to be the report of Shri Sidhartha Deb. Unfortunately, the Management could not examine him or the Mines Manager of that time. No doubt, Ext. 16, the report of the Inquiry Officer, was produced late due to the misconception of Sri Mahanty (M.W. 16) regarding procedure; but it cannot be said that this is a document manufactured for the purpose of this reference. The evidence of witnesses examined in this case would clearly establish the fact that there was an inquiry conducted by Shri Sidhartha Deb. If so, there is no reason why Shri Sidhartha Deb should not have submitted a report of his inquiry. It is only to be mentioned that even if we assume for a moment that there was no departmental inquiry or that proper inquiry was not held, still, the evidence on record that these 5 workmen indulged in improper activities during working hours of the Mines on July 15 and 16, 1961 and thus committed serious misconduct is quite sufficient to justify the order of discharge passed against them on 4th August 1961. Hence, the objection raised by the learned Advocate for the Union is of no consequence.

12. Next, the case against the other 4 workmen should be examined. They are Kailash Patro, Ganga Munda, Bidu Patra and Ranjit Giri. There is absolutely nothing on behalf of the Management on record to show that the Management did actually pass an order of discharge against these four workmen. Far less there is anything to show that any such order was communicated to them. No attempt has been made by the Management even by now to communicate any order of discharge to these workmen. As was observed by the Supreme Court in *Ritz Theatre versus its workmen* (1962-L.L.J., Part II, page 498, at page 505) the relationship of the employer and the employee can be effectively terminated not merely by the decision of the employer to terminate the employee's services but by the communication of the said decision to the employee. Following this principle, the Supreme Court directed the Management to pay Mohammed Mian the wages to which he would have been entitled if he had been in the actual employment of the Management and had been working in its concern from day to day. In other words, the concerned workman was deemed to have been working under the Management continuously. So, in the instant case, when there is no order of discharge the question whether or not it is justified does not arise for consideration and these 4 workmen should be treated as if they are still in the employment of the Management.

13. In paragraph 7 of its written statement, the Management submitted that Kailash, Ganga, Bidu and Ranjit left the work without any intimation to the Opposite Party and their unusual absence caused a heavy loss to the Management. Even here it is not stated that for this reason the services of these four workmen have been terminated by the Management. The allegation of paragraph 7 was stated to be false in the rejoinder filed by the Union on 4th September 1962. It was, therefore, incumbent on the Management to establish that these 4 workmen left the work without any intimation to the Management. Far from doing so, evidence was adduced by the Management to show that these workmen were discharged for some other reason. Biswanath Chakravarty (M.W. 4) is the Com-pounder-cum-Clerk of these Mines. He stated that the Police arrested 9 persons named in the Reference in consequence of the complaint of Shri Hrusikesh Misra. They were discharged in consequence of the criminal case started against them. On the other hand, Dhanurdhar Barik (M.W. 11), who works as a mate of the top-pit of the Company, deposed that the aforesaid 9 workers were discharged because they stopped other workers from working, held meeting during working hours and continued to work after 12 A.M. till the meeting time. If really these four workmen were discharged for the same misconduct, as was of the 5 workmen of the first group, there is no reason why no charge-sheet was issued against them. It is not proper to justify the discharge of these 4 workmen on such a

ground now in view of the written statement filed by the Management. The Supreme Court has pointed out in *Lakshmi Devi Sugar Mills Ltd. versus Ram Sarup* (1957 L.L.J., Part I, Page 17) that in dealing with the merits of the dismissal of an employee, the employer would be confined to the charge-sheet given by him to his employee when an inquiry was held into his conduct. It would not be open to the employer to add any further charges against the employee and the case would have to be considered on the original charge-sheet as it was framed. The same principle was reiterated in the case of the *Punjab National Bank Ltd.* (1968 L.L.J., Part II, page 666—Supreme Court). Consequently, the evidence of the Management that these four workers, too, associated with the workers of the first group, namely, Biranchi, Anam and others in engineering the strike of July 15 and 16, 1961 should not be looked into.

14. The same principal would apply to the case put forward by the compounder-cum-Clerk of the Management (M.W.4). The Management has produced absolutely no record to show that it dispensed with the services of these four workmen because Contractor Hrusikesh Misra started a criminal case against them. Moreover, no opportunity has been given to these workmen at any stage as to why they should not be discharged for being involved in a criminal case. In my opinion, discharge of these four workmen cannot be justified on any such ground. It may simply be noted that there is no clear evidence that these four workmen in particular also dragged Hrusikesh Misra from his residence and compelled him to sign in the charge-sheet against Biranchi and others (Ext. 6 series). They were also admittedly discharged in the aforesaid criminal case.

15. Coming to examine the plea taken in the written statement by the Management, we find that the Management has adduced no evidence to show the alleged unusual absence of these workers. M.W. 16, the Officer-in-charge of the Management, who conducted this case on behalf of the Management before this Tribunal, has deposed that except the papers filed by him on 5th April, 1963, there is no other paper showing the action taken by the Management against the workmen. According to him, the workers were arrested on the 8th of August, 1961. According to the clerk (M.W.4) Police arrested them in the Mines Office during duty hours. So, the Management adduced evidence to show that these labourers were working till 8th August, 1961, when they were arrested in the Mines Office while working. Admittedly, they along with the 5 workers of the first group were arrested simultaneously. The endorsement on the registered letters sent to Biranchi and four others (Ext. 17 series) would show that on 14th August, 1961, they refused to accept the envelopes; whereas on 10th August, 1961, they were in judicial lock up at Champua. There is no endorsement on these envelopes of any Officer-in-charge of the judicial lock up on 14th August, 1961. It is, therefore, reasonable to infer that these persons had been released by 14th August, 1961. If they were arrested on the 8th of August, then, it is to be inferred that these workmen were detained, according to the Management, for about a week. By the time they were released of custody, an order under Section 144 Cr. P.C. had been promulgated prohibiting them from entering into the Mines area. If the Management thus precluded them from working, it cannot be said that the workers remained absent without any intimation. There is no Standing Order defining the period of absence which would amount to misconduct. The Model Standing Order fixes it at 10 days. Consequently, by remaining absent for a week without leave, it cannot be said that these four workmen committed any misconduct. It is no doubt true that if a large number of workmen are arrested by the authorities in charge of law and order by reason of their questionable activities in connection with the labour dispute, the work of the Company will be paralysed if the Company is forced to give leave to all of them for a more or less indefinite period. Such a principle will not be just (vide *Indian Iron and Steel Company Ltd., versus their workmen—1956 L.L.J., Part I, page 260—Supreme Court*). But even in such a case it is necessary to give an opportunity to the concerned workmen to explain their conduct in remaining absent more or less indefinitely. In the first place, there is nothing on record to show that the Management has made it a condition of service of these workers that by remaining absent for a particular period they shall be deemed to have left the service of the Management. In the second place, no proceeding was started against these workmen for remaining absent. In the third place, no order of discharge was passed against them. In the fourth place, they were prevented from going to the Mines by a prohibitory order under Section 144 Cr. P. C. In the fifth place, there is absolutely nothing on record to show that these 4 workmen voluntarily quitted the service of the Management. Under such circumstances, the alleged discharge of these workmen cannot be justified on the allegation of their unusual absence from duty. As already indicated, in

the absence of any order of discharge duly communicated to the concerned workmen, they shall be deemed to be continuing in service. So, the Management should allow Kailash Patro, Ganga Munda, Bidu Patra and Ranjit Giri to work in the Mines. Of course, the Management should not wait for their reappearance indefinitely. I should, therefore, direct that these four workmen should be permitted to resume work if they turn up within 14 days after publication of this Award in the Gazette. If they fail to report themselves before the Mines Manager within that period, they shall be deemed to have quitted the service voluntarily with effect from the date of expiry of the aforesaid period of 14 days. Further, the Management shall pay each of them wages to which he would have been entitled if he had been in the active employment of the Management and had been working in its concern from day to day except for the period he was under arrest, as was pointed out by the Supreme Court in *Ritz Theatre versus its workmen*.

16. In the result, I hold that the action of the Management in discharging Sarvashri Biranchi Nayak, Anam Patro, Krishna Tanti, Bagun Bodra and Jema Del with effect from 4th August, 1961, is fully justified, and these 5 workmen are entitled to no relief. I further find that the alleged discharge of Sarvashri Kailash Patro, Ganga Munda, Bidu Patra and Ranjit Giri is not at all justified; they shall be deemed to be still in service under the Management and they shall be paid back wages as indicated in the previous paragraph. It is to be mentioned that in the meantime Krishna Tanti of the first group has already died. As the success is divided each party shall bear its own cost. An Award is passed accordingly. Send this Award forthwith to the Under Secretary to Government of India, Ministry of Labour and Employment, New Delhi.

Sd./- I. C. MISRA,
Presiding Officer,
Industrial Tribunal, Orissa.
[No. 21/4/62-LRII.]

S.O. 1445.—In pursuance of section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the following award of the Labour Court, Delhi, in the matter of a complaint under section 33A of the said Act from Shri Bhagwati Prasad, an employee of the Allahabad Bank Limited, New Delhi.

BEFORE THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT LABOUR COURT, DELHI

PARTY:

Shri Anand Narain Kaul, Central Government Labour Court, Delhi.

The 4th April, 1963

Complaint U/s 33A of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947.

COMPLAINT I.D. No. 176 of 1962

Shri Bhagwati Prasad, Armed Guard, Allahabad Bank Ltd., New Delhi, C/o Delhi State Bank Employees' Association, 4778, Ballimaran, Chandni-Chowk, Delhi—Complainant.

Vs.

The Allahabad Bank Limited, New Delhi—Respondent.

Sarvashri C. L. Bhardwaj & Khem Chand Kalra—for the complainant.

Shri A. N. Roy Chowdhry—for the management/respondent.

In the matter of Compl't. No. 24 of 1962 in Ref. No. 1 of 1960, pending before the National Industrial Tribunal (Bank Disputes), Bombay.

AWARD

This is a complaint under Section 33A of the Industrial Disputes Act, by Shri Bhagwati Prasad, an Armed Guard, in the Allahabad Bank Limited, New Delhi branch. The complainant's allegation is that, he was appointed as an Armed Guard initially in the month of May, 1948 and was posted at the New Delhi Branch of the Bank, that at the time of appointment, on the basis of his horoscope, his age was about 37 years as mentioned in his application, that in order to ascertain

his age, he was directed by the Bank in the year 1956 to get himself examined by the Bank's appointed Doctor who told him that his age was 45 years and yet the Bank had retired the applicant while his age was hardly 51 or 52 by order No. 1947 dated the 27th November, 1961 and 256, dated the 3rd January, 1962, during the pendency of proceedings before the National Industrial Tribunal (Bank Disputes), Bombay. The complaint was made before the National Tribunal and was transferred to this Tribunal by order, dated the 3rd June, 1962 under the delegated powers given to the National Tribunal.

2. The Bank's case as stated in the written statement is that the complainant did not produce his horoscope at the time of his appointment nor is there any application on the record submitted by him mentioning his age therein as 37 years. While admitting that the complainant was examined by the Staff Surgeon, Irwin Hospital on the 25th July, 1956 it is denied that his age was 52 and it is further denied that it was 51 or 52 years on the date when the order of retirement was passed. It is contended that the complainant was retired in terms of the directions contained in the Shastri Award on attaining the age of 58 years and there is no question of violation of the Award. A copy of the Bank's certificate, marked as annexure 'C' is also enclosed, wherein the age of the complainant is shown as 50 years. It is further stated, that the complainant had already accepted the payment of his provident fund dues as also the amount of gratuity due to him.

3. During the hearing of the case before me, the parties agreed that the complainant should be examined thoroughly by the Staff Surgeon, Delhi and he was accordingly directed to present himself before the Surgeon. In the certificate dated the 19th January, 1963, given in pursuance of the Tribunal's directions, the Staff Surgeon has shown the age of the complainant, "by appearance" as between 53 and 54 years and has stated that it was not possible to state and determine the age by radiological examination after the age of 25 years. During the further hearing of the case, it transpired that the Surgeon who has now examined the complainant is the same Doctor, who had examined him in 1956 and had given the certificate Annexure 'A' to the written statement of the bank. The two certificates issued by the learned doctor, however, appear to be quite inconsistent with each other. The age, according to the previous certificate given on 25th July, 1956, was 52 to 53 years by appearance and the age as given in the present certificate dated the 19th January, 1963 is only 53-54 years, although 7 years have elapsed since the last certificate was issued. It was, however, pointed out to the Bank's learned representative Shri Roy Chaudhry, that since the original certificate, Annexure 'A', relied on by the Bank itself is dated the 25th July, 1956 and the age mentioned therein is 52 to 53 years, the complainant could very well have the benefit of the lower age mentioned therein and accordingly he would have attained the age of 58 years or the superannuation age according to the Shastri Award, on the 24th July, 1962 and not in January, 1962 when he was actually retired. Mr. Roy Chaudhry accepted this interpretation of the Bank's documents and the learned representatives of the complainant Mr. Bharadwaj and Mr. Kalra also agreed. Mr. Roy Chaudhry, however, asked for time to consult the Bank before giving his final reaction to the suggestion. Mr. Roy Chaudhry is present today and accepts on behalf of the Bank, the interpretation that according to document Annexure 'A', the complainant was entitled to be retired on 24th July, 1962. While conceding this point Mr. Roy Chaudhry also pointed out that if the document Annexure 'C' was to be taken into consideration in which the age of the complainant was given on 23rd December, 1953 as approximately 50 years then he had been rightly retired in January, 1962 on the attainment of the age of 58 years. Apart from the fact that the certificate, contained in Annexure 'C' is only of the Bank's Doctor and the Bank itself had taken the precaution of getting the applicant examined subsequently by the Staff Surgeon, this plea taken now is inconsistent with the commitments that Mr. Roy Chaudhry had made on the last hearing. Since the parties have agreed to the Tribunal's interpretation as explained above, I accept the application and direct the Bank to make payment of the wages due to the complainant up to 24th July, 1962 (inclusive), in addition to what has been already paid to him, as his wages, provident fund and gratuity. I make an award accordingly. The award will be implemented within 6 weeks of its publication in the Gazette.

(Four pages)

The 4th April, 1963.

Sd./- ANAND NARAIN KAUL,
Central Government Labour Court,
Delhi.

[No. 55(14)/61-LRIV.]

New Delhi, the 20th May 1963

S.O. 1446.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 7 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby constitutes a Labour Court with headquarters at Calcutta for the adjudication of industrial disputes relating to any matter specified in the Second Schedule to the said Act and for performing such other functions as may be assigned to it under the said Act, and appoints Shri H. R. Deb, as the Presiding Officer of that Court.

[No. 8/76/63-LRIL]

ORDERS

New Delhi, the 16th May 1963

S.O. 1447.—Whereas, the Central Government is of opinion that an industrial dispute exists between the employers in relation to the Chirimiri Colliery, Post Office Chirimiri, District Surguja and their workmen in respect of the matters specified in the Schedule hereto annexed;

And, whereas, the Central Government considers it desirable to refer the said dispute for adjudication;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (d) of sub-section (1) of section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby refers the said dispute for adjudication to the Industrial Tribunal, Bombay, constituted under section 7A of the said Act.

SCHEDULE

Whether the curtailment, by the management of the Chirimiri Colliery, of the leave facilities afforded to their monthly-paid subordinate staff, in relation to the workmen employed after the 1st January, 1952, was justified? If not, to what relief are the said workmen entitled?

[No. 1/10/63-LRIL.]

New Delhi, the 18th May 1963

S.O. 1448.—Whereas, the Central Government is of opinion that an industrial dispute exists between the employers in relation to the South Jhagrakhand Colliery of Messrs Jhagrakhand Colliery Private Limited, Post Office Jhagrakhand Colliery, District Surguja, and their workmen in respect of the matters specified in the Schedule hereto annexed;

And, whereas, the Central Government considers it desirable to refer the said dispute for adjudication;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (d) of sub-section (1) of section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby refers the said dispute for adjudication to the Industrial Tribunal, Bombay, constituted under section 7A of the said Act.

SCHEDULE

Whether the management of M/s. Jhagrakhand Colliery Private Limited are justified in forcing Shri Chandrabhan Prasad Sharma, Traffic Tub Munshi of South Jhagrakhand Colliery, to work as Mining Sirdar in their North Jhagrakhand Colliery and marking him absent from duties for his having refused to carry out these orders. If not, to what relief is he entitled?

[No. 5/31/63-LRIL.]

S.O. 1449.—Whereas, the Central Government is of opinion that an industrial dispute exists between the employers in relation to the Palana Colliery, Post Office Palana (Bikaner) and their workmen in respect of the matters specified in the Schedule hereto annexed;

And, whereas, the Central Government considers it desirable to refer the said dispute for adjudication;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (d) of sub-section (1) of section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby refers the said dispute for adjudication to the Industrial Tribunal, Bombay, constituted under section 7A of the said Act.

SCHEDULE

Whether the management of the Palana Colliery was justified in not paying wages to their workmen for the 15th August and 26th January for the years 1950 to 1953. If not, to what relief are the workmen entitled?

[No. 4/41/60-LRII.]

S.O. 1450.—Whereas, the Central Government is of opinion that an industrial dispute exists between the employers in relation to the Bhulanbararee Colliery and their workmen in respect of the matters specified in the Schedule hereto annexed;

And, whereas, the Central Government considers it desirable to refer the said dispute for adjudication;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (d) of sub-section (1) of section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby refers the said dispute for adjudication to the Industrial Tribunal, Dhanbad, constituted under section 7A of the said Act.

SCHEDULE

Whether the dismissal of Sarvashri Ram Prasad Nunia, Banksman and Ram Niwas Pandey, Tub-Checker, by the management of the Bhulanbararee Colliery with effect from the 10th December, 1962, was justified. If not, to what relief are they entitled?

[No. 2/10/63-LRII.]

S.O. 1451.—Whereas, the Central Government is of opinion that an industrial dispute exists between the employers in relation to the Toposi Colliery, Post Office Toposi, District Burdwan, and their workmen in respect of the matters specified in the Schedule hereto annexed;

And, whereas, the Central Government considers it desirable to refer the said dispute for adjudication;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (d) of sub-section (1) of section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby refers the said dispute for adjudication to the Industrial Tribunal, Dhanbad, constituted under section 7A of the said Act.

SCHEDULE

Whether the action of the management of Toposi Colliery in refusing the work of loaders to the workmen mentioned in the annexure, from or about the 21st February, 1963, and simultaneously transferring them to work as pickminers is justified? If not, to what relief are the said workmen entitled?

1. Shri Rajballi Malha.
2. Shri Suneswar Harijan.
3. Shri Bala Harijan.
4. Shri Muneswar Sau.
5. Shri Sadhu Harijan.
6. Shri Sontaraj Sau.
7. Shri Motor Bin (Malah)
8. Shri Seonandan Singh.
9. Shri Rambrij Kahar.
10. Shri Mithal Harijan.
11. Shri Bhikari Rabidas.
12. Shri Jhutha Kurmi.
13. Shri Rambrij Harijan.
14. Shri Budhram Harijan.
15. Shri Sarbjit Rajbhar.
16. Shri Dalsinger Jado.
17. Shri Nazir Mia.
18. Shri Golam Rajbhar.
19. Shri Shri Tikori Harijan.

[No. 6/8/63-LRII.]

S.O. 1452.—Whereas, the employers in relation to the Bombay Port Trust, Bombay and the Bombay Port Trust General Workers' Union, have jointly applied to the Central Government for reference of an industrial dispute to a Tribunal in respect of the matter set forth in the said application and reproduced in the Schedule hereto annexed;

And, whereas, the Central Government is satisfied that the said Bombay Port Trust General Workers' Union represents a majority of the workmen;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby refers the said dispute for adjudication to the Industrial Tribunal, Bombay, constituted under section 7A of the said Act.

SCHEDULE

Whereas an industrial dispute exists between the Bombay Port Trust and its workmen represented by the B.P.T. General Workers' Union and it is expedient that the dispute specified in the enclosed statement should be referred for adjudication by a Tribunal an application is hereby made under Section 10(2) of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, that the said dispute should be referred to a Tribunal.

A statement giving the particulars required under rule 3 of the Industrial Disputes (Central) Rules, 1957, is attached.

Dated the 19th April, 1963.

Signature of
Sd/- Principal officer
of the Corporation
Secretary,
Bombay Port Trust.

Signature of the
Sd/- President of the
Trade Union

Sd/-
16/4
Secretary of the
Trade Union.

Statement required under rule 3 of the Industrial Disputes (Central) Rules, 1957, to accompany the form of application prescribed under sub-section (2) of Section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947:—

(a) Parties to the dispute including the name and address of the establishment or undertaking involved.

(1) The Trustees of the Port of Bombay, Port Trust Administrative Offices, Ballard Road, Bombay 1.

(2) The B.P.T. General Workers' Union, Kavarana Building, 1st Floor, 26, Frere Road, Bombay 9.

(b) Specific matters in dispute.

"Whether the existing system of work for the Fire Service Personnel, under which each shift consists of 8 hours normal duty, 2 hours variable recess and 2 hours overtime, needs any modification."

(c) Total number of workmen employed in the undertaking affected.
About 25,000.

(d) Estimated number of workmen affected or likely to be affected by the dispute.
About 182.

(e) Efforts made by the parties themselves to adjust the dispute.

The parties have held discussions but have been unable to reach a settlement.

Signature of
Sd/-
Principal officer of the
Corporation, Secretary
Bombay Port Trust

Signature of the

Sd/-
President of the
Trade Union.

Sd/-
Secretary of the
Trade Union.
[No. 28/26/63/LRIV.]

New Delhi, the 20th May 1963

S.O. 1453.—Whereas, the Central Government is of opinion that an industrial dispute exists between the employers in relation to Messrs Bhowra Coke Company, 3B, Garstin Place, Calcutta, and their workmen in respect of the matters specified in the Schedule hereto annexed;

And, whereas, the Central Government considers it desirable to refer the said dispute for adjudication;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (d) of sub-section (1) of section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby refers the said dispute for adjudication to the Industrial Tribunal, Dhanbad, constituted under section 7A of the said Act.

SCHEDULE

Whether the management of Bhowra Coke Company, 3/B, Garstin Place, Calcutta-1 were justified in withholding the payment of monthly salary for the months of November, 1962 to March, 1963 to Sarvashri Durga Pada Mukherjee, Sri Santosh Kumar Chatterjee, R G. Krishnan, Nripendra Lal Dasgupta and Ramprasad Chakbasis, and if not to what relief the said workmen are entitled.

[No. 6/9/63-LR.II.]

CORRIGENDUM

New Delhi, the 18th May 1963

S.O. 1454.—In the Order of the Government of India in the Ministry of Labour and Employment No. S.O. 1267 dated the 24th April 1963, published on page 1440 in the Gazette of India, Part II, Section 3(ii), dated the 4th May 1963, for the words "Post Office Jealgora, Burdwan" read "Post Office Jealgora, Dhanbad".

[No. 2/104/62-LR.II.]

A. L. HANDA, Under Secy.

New Delhi, the 17th May 1963

S.O. 1455.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-clause (ii) of clause (a) of subregulation (1) of regulation 23 of the Metalliferous Mines Regulations, 1961, the Central Government hereby approves the educational institution mentioned under column I of the table below in respect of such diploma, certificates or degrees awarded by them as are specified in the corresponding entries under column II of the said table.

TABLE

Name of Institutions	Degree, Diploma or Certificate awarded.
I	II
<i>India.</i>	
1. Any University in India established by law.	Degree in mining or in geology or in civil, mechanical or electrical engineering.
2. Indian School of Mines and Applied Geology, Dhanbad.	(i) Certificate in Metal Mining (awarded upto 1938-39). (ii) Diploma of Associateship in Geology (awarded upto 1950-51) (iii) Diploma of Associateship in Mining Engineering. (iv) Diploma of Associateship in Applied Geology.
3. Delhi Polytechnic.	Diploma in Civil, Electrical or Mechanical Engineering.

I

II

United Kingdom

1. London University

(i) Degree of B.Sc. in Mining for Internal Students subject to the Degree being endorsed by the University with a Certificate of four months' practical experience in a mine.

(ii) Degree of B.Sc. in Mining for External Students.

U.S.A.

1. Colorado School of Mines

Degree in Mining Engineering.

[No. 17/3/63-MI].

(R. C. SAKSENA, Under Secy.

New Delhi, the 17th May 1963

S.O. 1456.—In pursuance of section 36 of the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 (34 of 1948), the Revised Estimates for the year 1962-63, and the Budget Estimates for the year 1963-64, of the Employees' State Insurance Corporation as finally adopted by the said Corporation are hereby published for general information.

**EMPLOYEES' STATE INSURANCE CORPORATION REVISED ESTIMATES
FOR THE YEAR 1962-63.**

AND

BUDGET ESTIMATES FOR THE YEAR 1963-64

At the meetings held on the 16th and 17th January, 1962 the Standing Committee and the Corporation approved the Budget Estimates of the probable receipts and expenditure of the Employees' State Insurance Corporation for the financial year 1962-63. These were approved by the Central Government without any change vide the letter from the Ministry of Labour and Employment No. 4 (1)/62-HI, dated 15th March, 1962.

2. The Budget Estimates approved by the Central Government covered.

(i) measures needed for the running of the Scheme in various centres where it had already been implemented; and

(ii) measures needed for the extension of the Scheme to additional areas.

3. When the Budget Estimates for 1962-63 were framed, it was anticipated that (i) the Scheme would be extended to new areas and (ii) medical care would be extended to the families of the insured persons as per programme detailed in Statement 'B' attached, and from the dates shown against each item in columns 5 and 7 thereof. However due to administrative and other difficulties in making adequate medical arrangements by the State Governments concerned, the programme of implementation and extension of medical care to the families had to be modified. The Scheme was actually extended to some of the areas from dates later than those originally planned as per details shown in column 6 of the Statement 'B'. As regards the areas where the Scheme has not so far been implemented, the revised dates of implementation, as now anticipated, have been stated against each item in appropriate columns of the above Statement. The dates from which the medical care has been extended or is likely to be extended to families have been similarly indicated.

4. As a result of further discussions and correspondence with the various State Governments, it is now anticipated that the Scheme will be implemented in new

areas in 1962-63 and 1963-64 from the dates as shown in Appendix I. For the sake of convenience, the places where the Scheme has already been implemented in the past, with the dates of implementation, have also been embodied in this Appendix. The number of employees already covered or proposed to be covered has also been revised in the light of the latest information available and incorporated in Appendix I. The dates from which the medical care has been extended or is likely to be extended to the families of the insured persons have also been indicated against each item in this Appendix.

5. The Revised Estimates for 1962-63 and the Budget Estimates for 1963-64 have been prepared in the light of the revised programme of implementation. The figures of actual expenditure during the three financial years 1959-60 to 1961-62, the sanctioned budget estimates for the current year 1962-63 and the actuals for the first eight months of the current year 1962-63 have also been exhibited in the relevant columns of the tabulated Budget statement 'A'. These are submitted for consideration and approval.

6. The Statement 'A' depicts in its column 9, the figures of Revised Estimates 1962-63 and in column 10, the figures of Budget Estimates 1963-64.

7. (a) Brief explanations for the more important items under the various heads are furnished in the following paragraphs. The Income and Expenditure Account for the year ending 31st March, 1963, together with the Balance Sheet as on that date, and the Income and Expenditure Account for the year ending 31st March, 1964, together with the Balance Sheet as on that date have been cast based on the figures of incomings and outgoings as anticipated in the Revised Estimates 1962-63 and the Budget Estimates 1963-64 respectively. These are enclosed for facility of perusal. In addition, the following statement are appended.

Actuals

- (1) Statement showing the income and expenditure regionwise for the year 1959-60—Appendix II.
- (2) Statement showing the income and expenditure regionwise for the year 1960-61.—Appendix III.
- (3) Statement showing the income and expenditure regionwise for the year 1961-62.—Appendix IV.

Budget.

- (4) Statement showing the anticipated income and expenditure regions-wise for the year 1962-63.—Appendix V.
- (5) Statement showing the budgeted income and expenditure regionwise for the year 1963-64.—Appendix VI.

(b) The transactions shown under the heading "Headquarters" in the above statements include expenditure on certain centralised items incurred in respect of Regional and Local Offices also, e.g., contributions to the Provident Fund of the employees of the Corporation and Pension Reserve Fund, leave and pension contributions payable in respect of Government servants on deputation to the Corporation, publicity, expenditure on contribution stamps, and audit fees etc. etc.

8. In pursuance of sub-section (3) of section 73-A of the E.S.I. Act, 1948, the Central Government on the recommendations of the Standing Committee and the Corporation decided that in case of factories and establishments situated in areas in which the provisions of both Chapters IV and V of the Act are applicable, the Employers' Special Contribution should be raised with effect from 1st April, 1962, from 1½ per cent. of the total wage bill to 2½ per cent of the total wage bill of the employers. The income on account of Employers' Special Contribution from implemented areas in the Revised Estimates for the year 1962-63, and in the Budget Estimates for the year 1963-64 has been estimated accordingly.

9. The provision under head 'A-Medical Benefits—(i) Payments to State Governments as Corporation's share of expenses on medical treatment initially incurred by the State Governments is intended to cover the Corporation's share of the total expenditure on medical arrangements initially incurred by the State Governments concerned. Provision has been made at the agreed rate of 7th/8th of the total expenditure from the date from which the medical care is extended to the families of the insured persons and at the agreed rate of 3/4th of the total expenditure where no such extension has taken place.

The provision made under the head "Medical treatment and care and maternity facilities (expenses directly incurred by the Corporation)" represents the estimated cost of administration of medical care to the Insured Persons and their families in the union territory of Delhi, taken over by the Corporation with effect from 1st April, 1962. As per arrangements made with the Delhi Administration the State Governments' share at the rate of 1/8th of the total expenditure initially incurred by the Corporation will be payable by the Delhi Administration to the Corporation after the Corporation's accounts have been audited by the external auditors. The accounts for the year 1962-63 will be audited after the close of the year i.e., sometimes in the year 1963-64. As such the share of Delhi Administration in respect of the expenditure incurred during 1962-63 will be payable in 1963-64. The anticipated recovery from the Delhi Administration to be effected during the year 1963-64 has therefore, been included in the Budget Estimates for that year under the head "State Governments' share towards medical treatment and care initially incurred by the Corporation".

REVISED ESTIMATES FOR THE YEAR 1962-63

Receipts

10. The total amount of ordinary revenue for the current year 1962-63 is now estimated to be Rs. 13, 19, 69, 720/- as against Rs. 10,75,24,000/- assumed in the Budget. An increase of revenue under Employers' Special Contribution (Rs. 231.70 lacs) is almost entirely due to the enhancement with effect from 1st April, 1962 of the rates of Employers' Special Contribution from 1½ per cent to 2½ per cent of the Wage Roll partly offset by a small reduction in anticipated revenue due to delay in implementation of Scheme in certain areas expected to be brought about at the time of preparation of the Budget Estimates for the year 1962-63. As the Employers' Special Contribution is payable three months in arrears, the full year's impact of the enhancement of the rate of Employers' Special Contribution would be felt only during the year 1963-64.

Expenditure

11. The total amount of expenditure on revenue account in the current year 1962-63 is now estimated to be Rs. 11,46,30,900 against Rs. 11,56,47,000 assumed in the Budget. The net fall in expenditure of Rs. 10.16 lacs is made up of reductions of Rs. 84.79 lacs under Medical Benefits and Rs. 11.04 lacs under Administration Expenses partly offset by increased provision of Rs. 85.70 lacs under Cash Benefits. The fall in the expenditure on medical benefits is mainly due to the non-implementation of Scheme, delayed extension of medical care to the families of insured persons and the expenditure in certain regions where the medical care was newly extended to families being less than anticipated. The expenditure on Cash Benefits has however gone up mainly because of an additional provision of Rs. 58.11 lacs for Permanent Disablement and Dependents' Benefits in respect of cases admitted upto 31st March, 1962, on the basis of the recommendations of the Valuer. Further the incidence of sickness as expressed in terms of cash benefits paid is still on the upward trend and has now increased from about Rs. 17.58 (as calculated on the basis of revised number of employees) per insured employee during the year 1961-62 to about Rs. 19.60 per insured employee during the year 1962-63. Thus comparatively larger amounts had to be provided for payment of cash benefits.

12. The provision made under "Other Benefits" is based on the progress of expenditure during the current year. The provision includes a sum of Rs. 20 thousand as grants-in-aid to the Bharat Sevak Samaj for imparting of Yoga Education at Delhi for the promotion of health of the insured persons through "Yogasanas".

Administrative Expenses

13. (a) The total expenditure on account of administration during the year 1962-63 is now anticipated to be Rs. 1,44,11,900 against Rs. 1,55,16,000 originally provided in the Budget Estimates for the year 1962-63.

(b) It has been decided by the Corporation to introduce a Pension Scheme for its staff with effect from the 4th December, 1959. Pending finalisation of the Draft Pension Regulations, it has not been possible to obtain the final options from individual members of the staff for the Pension Scheme. It has, however, been decided to create a Pension Reserve Fund in anticipation of the finalisation of the Scheme. The Pension Reserve Fund will be fed by annual credits calculated on the basis of 12½ per cent of the pay disbursed to the staff opting for the

Pension Scheme in a year. As, however, the Scheme has not yet been finalised, the credits (Rs. 6.6 lacs) for the present represent the difference between the amounts calculated at 12½ per cent. of the pay of the entire staff from 4th December, 1959 to the end of 31st March, 1962 and 8 1/3 per cent of this pay, the latter representing the amounts presently credited to the Contributory Provident Fund accounts of the staff concerned. A sum of Rs. 6,60,300 has accordingly been provided in the Revised Estimates for the year 1962-63 for this purpose.

(c) The per capita expenditure on the basis of Revised Estimates of Rs. 1,44,11,900 will be Rs. 7.68 per insured employee per annum against the figure of Rs. 7.67 anticipated at the Budget stage. Keeping in view the fact that an additional sum of Rs. 6,60,300 representing Rs. 0.35 per insured employee has had to be provided during the year for the Pension Reserve Fund, there has actually been a reduction. The actuals in 1961-62, were however Rs. 6.23 per employee. The increase over last year's actuals is mainly due to upgradation of certain cities for the purposes of payment of Compensatory Allowances with effect from 1st July, 1961, increase in the rate of Dearness Allowance with effect from 1st November, 1961 but actually paid in 1962-63 (including arrears for 1961-62), provision made for Pension Reserve Fund, modification of the yardsticks of staff for Local Offices, etc. etc., according to local needs and splitting up of bigger Local Offices into smaller units to suit the convenience of insured persons in pursuance of Dr. Mudaliar's report.

Capital expenditure

14. The amount originally provided for expenditure on Capital Account was Rs. 400 lacs comprising (a) Rs. 25 lacs for the construction of office buildings, (b) Rs. 354.70 lacs for the construction of Hospitals and Dispensaries, Rs. 20 lacs for equipment for Hospitals and Rs. 30 thousands for Staff Cars.

(a) *Office Buildings*.—Keeping in view the proposals for purchase of plots or land for office buildings presently in hand, the progress of land acquisition proceedings for obtaining plots for this purpose in Ahmedabad, the expenditure actually incurred and anticipations during the remaining part of the financial year, it is now estimated that the expenditure during the current year (1962-63) will amount to only Rs. 5 lacs (approximately) as against the original figure of Rs. 25 lacs. Provision has been made accordingly.

(b) *Hospitals and Dispensaries and their equipment*.—An expenditure of Rs. 41,90,426 only has been incurred during the first eight months of the current year 1962-63 on the construction of Hospitals and Dispensaries. Based on further information received from the State Governments, it is anticipated that a total expenditure of Rs. 220 lacs may be incurred during the current year (1962-63) as against Rs. 374.70 lacs anticipated at the Budget Stage. Provision has been made accordingly.

(c) *Purchase of Staff Cars*.—A provision of Rs. 45 thousand has been made in the Revised Estimates for the year 1962-63 for the purchase of 3 Staff Cars one each for Regional Offices, Kanpur, Ahmedabad and Madras as against Rs. 30 thousand provided earlier. Funds have been provided accordingly.

Loans to State Governments

15. A provision of Rs. 30 lacs has been made in the Revised Estimates for 1962-63 for loans to State Governments for the Construction of Hospital etc. An amount of Rs. 23.12 lacs has already been lent to Government of Maharashtra during the current year.

16. During the year 1962-63, the revenue surplus is now estimated to be (about) Rs. 173 lacs as against a deficit of Rs. 81.23 lacs originally estimated. The variation is almost entirely due to the additional revenue arising from the post budget increase in the rate of Employers' Special Contribution with effect from 1st April 1962 (Rs. 232 lacs), less expenditure than anticipated on medical benefits in various regions (Rs. 85 lacs) and on administrative charges (Rs. 11 lacs) partly offset by increased provision for Permanent Disablement Benefit and Dependents' Benefit made in the current year to meet the recommendations on the Valuer's report (Rs. 58 lacs), and increased expenditure on cash benefits (Rs. 28 lacs). The Revenue surplus of Rs. 173 lacs will not, however, be sufficient to meet the sum total of the estimated Capital expenditure (Rs. 225 lacs) and the amount required for the grant of loans to State Governments for construction of Hospital and Dispensaries (Rs. 30 lacs) i.e. 255 lacs in all. Thus, unless there is a shortfall in

Capital expenditure due either to the 'Emergency' or other reasons there will not be any additional net investment during the current year.

Cash Balances

17. The current year (1962-63) is expected to close with a cash balance of Rs. 50,39,496 against the opening balance of Rs. 61,76,676/-.

BUDGET ESTIMATES FOR THE YEAR 1963-64

Receipts.

18. (a) Provision on account of Employers' Special Contribution, which is payable quarterly in arrears, has been made @ 2½% of the total wages of the employees in the implemented areas and ¼% of the total wages in the non-implemented areas. The provision under Employees' Contribution comprises contributions at the scheduled rate from the employees of all implemented centres for the whole or part of the year depending upon the respective dates of coverage.

(b) An amount of Rs. 2.97 lakhs has been included in the Budget Estimates for the year 1963-64 under the head "State Governments' share towards medical benefits initially incurred by the Corporation". This represents recovery of the State Governments' share of the total expenditure likely to be incurred by the Corporation on the administration of medical care to the Insured Persons and their families in Delhi during the year 1962-63.

Other heads of Revenue

19. A sum of about Rs. 73 lacs is expected to be earned as interest on the investment of the General Cash Balance and Rs. 14,720 as rent from the employees of the Corporation to whom the surplus accommodation available in the buildings owned by the Corporation has been let out for residential purposes.

Expenditure

20. The increased provision under the various heads in the Budget Estimates for the year 1963-64 as compared to the corresponding provision in the Revised Estimates for the year 1962-63, is mainly due to:

- (i) the extension of medical care to the families of insured persons.
- (ii) the extension of the Scheme to new areas; and
- (iii) the operation of the Scheme in areas where the implementation was brought about during the year 1962-63 for a full year.

21. (a) *Medical Benefits.*—The Corporation's share of the total expenditure incurred by the State Governments in providing medical care to the insured persons, has been increased from 3/4th to 7/8th from the date from which medical care is extended to the families of the insured persons. It is anticipated that the Corporation's share of the cost of medical care for the insured persons and their families (23,05,965 insured employees and 22,10,115 units of their families as detailed in Appendix D) will amount to about Rs. 549 lacs including Rs. 26 lacs proposed to be incurred by the Corporation on the administration of medical care to insured persons and their families in Delhi as explained in para 9 above.

(b) *Expenditure on Health Education Scheme.*—Provision of Rs. 1 lac has been made for the 'Health Education Scheme'. This scheme envisages the implementation of a programme of Health Education for the insured persons under Section 19 of the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948. It is proposed to set up a central unit at the Headquarters of the Corporation together with two field units at two pilot centres, one each in the areas covered by the panel and the service system and where the medical care has been extended to the families of the insured persons. The expenditure likely to be incurred on the two field units is proposed to be charged to 'Benefits' while the expenditure on the central unit at the Headquarters will be a part of the Administrative Expenditure.

Cash Benefits

22. The provision made for the various cash benefits are based on the progress of actuals per insured employee for the first eight months of the year 1962-63 after making due allowance (i) for the commencement of the benefit periods, (ii) the

wages in the different areas, and (iii) the slow progress of expenditure in the first year of implementation of the Scheme in new areas. It includes Capitalised Values (based on actuarial calculations) of the total liability of the Permanent (Partial and total) Disablement and Dependants Benefits expected to arise out of employment injuries already occurred/likely to occur during the course of the year 1963-64.

Administrative Expenses

23. The Administrative expenses have been exhibited under two heads, viz., (A) Superintendence and (B) Field Work. Subject to the remarks in para 7(b) above, the head "A-Superintendence" embraces administrative expenditure relating to the Headquarters and the Regional Offices while "B-Field Work" covers similar expenditure pertaining to the Local and Inspection Offices.

24. A total provision of Rs. 1,54,32,800 has been made in the Budget for the year 1963-64 for administrative expenses which works out *pro-rata* to about Rs. 7.2 per insured employee as against Rs. 7.68 per insured employee in the revised estimates of the current year. Provision on account of pay and allowances has been made for the posts which have already been sanctioned by the Standing Committee except in respect of posts required for certain new centres. The proposals for sanction of posts for the new centres will be submitted separately for approval in due course. In case further provision is required on this account during the year 1963-64, a supplementary budget will be framed.

A statement showing details of the provision made under the head "Allowances and Honoraria" is attached, *vide* Statement 'C'.

Contingencies

(both under A-Superintendence and B-Field Work)

25. (a) The various sub-heads under which provision has been made are self-explanatory. The provision under the head "Contribution Stamps" represents the manufacturing cost of the stamps and the commission payable to the banks for their custody and sale. These stamps are sold to the employers who affix them on contribution cards in payment of the employees' share of contribution.

(b) *Legal charges.*—The charges represent fees paid to lawyers and other court charges in cases instituted by and against the Corporation. The number of such cases is on the increase partly due to the progress and extension of the Scheme and partly due to the policy adopted for taking prompt legal action for the recovery of over-due contributions and for the prosecution of habitual defaulters.

Capital expenditure

26. (a) *Office buildings.*—A sum of Rs. 20 lacs has been provided in the year 1963-64 to cover the cost of plots of land expected to be purchased/acquired in various places and construction of office buildings.

(b) *Hospitals & Dispensaries and Equipment.*—Though the exact requirements of the various state Governments have not yet been made known to the Corporation, a provision of Rs. 225 lacs has been made in the Budget Estimates for the year 1963-64 for the grant of loans to State Governments for the construction of series and (ii) Rs. 4 lacs for equipments of Hospitals. The estimates are based mainly on the sanction to Scheme of Capital Construction already issued or under examination.

Loans to State Governments

27. A provision of Rs. 30 lacs has been made in the Budget Estimates for the year 1963-64 for the grant of loans to State Governments for the construction of Hospitals etc. The provision has been made to accommodate the requests for loans from State Governments for the construction of Hospitals and Dispensaries for the use of insured persons.

In case, any part of the provision for grant of loans to State Governments is not utilised for any reason, the saving shall be surrendered and will not be appropriated for meeting expenditure on other Heads of Accounts.

28. During the year 1963-64, the revenue surplus is estimated to be Rs. 260 lacs which will not be sufficient to meet the total Capital Expenditure of Rs. 275 lacs including amount providing for Loans to State Governments for the construction of Hospitals etc. (Rs. 30 lacs) and other Debt heads. There may not therefore, be any net investment during the year 1963-64.

Cash Balances

29. It is anticipated that the closing balance in hand and in current account on 31st March 1964 will be Rs. 58,80,116/-.

T. P. KHOSLA,
Chief Accounts Officer.

STATEMENT— 'A'
 EMPLOYEES' STATE INSURANCE CORPORATION
 REVISED ESTIMATES FOR THE YEAR 1962-63
 AND
 BUDGET ESTIMATES FOR THE YEAR 1963-64

RECEIPTS :

Sl. No.	Head of Account	Actuals for the year 1959-60	Actuals for the year 1960-61	Actuals for the year 1961-62	Sanctioned budget es- timates for the current year 1962-63	Revised Estimates for the current year 1962-63			Budget estimate for the next year 1963-64
						Actuals of first 8 months of the current year 1962-63	Anticipated receipts of the remain- ing 4 months of the current year 1962-63	Revised estimates for the current year 1962-63 (Col. 7 + 8)	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
<i>Principal Heads of Revenue :</i>									
I.	Contributions :								
	Employers' share only	3,18,53,731	3,73,62,109	4,01,53,612	4,05,49,000	4,47,48,122	1,89,70,878	6,37,19,000	7,23,50,000
	Employees' share only	4,08,09,252	5,01,07,123	5,43,20,024	5,92,99,000	3,94,23,972	2,03,02,028	5,97,26,000	6,67,01,000
	State Government's share towards medical benefits initially incurred by the Corporation . . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,97,000
II.	Grants-in-aid, Donations & Gifts . .	..	..	2,934	..	50,000	..	50,000	..
<i>Other Heads of Revenue</i>									
III.	Interest and Dividends	59,49,470	67,30,937	76,11,125	75,25,500	50,59,336	32,70,964	83,30,300	73,04,100
IV.	Compensations . . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
V.	Rents, Rates & Taxes	11,776	11,329	13,772	13,000	14,079	641	14,200	14,720

VI.	Fees, Fines and Forfeitures . . .	1,408	2,277	11,130	2,200	2,446	(—)646	1,800	1,900
VII.	Miscellaneous . . .	1,11,527	1,25,611	1,12,233	1,35,300	89,166	38,734	1,27,900	1,42,400
TOTAL—REVENUE . . .		7,87,37,164	9,43,39,386	10,22,24,830	10,75,24,000	8,93,87,121	4,25,82,599	13,19,69,720	14,68,11,120
<i>Debt, Deposits, Advances & Suspense Ordinary Debt</i>									
<i>Loans :—</i>									
<i>Loans received from Central Government</i>									
	Loans refunded by State Governments . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<i>Unfunded Debt</i>									
<i>Employees' State Insurance Corporation Provident Fund :—</i>									
	Employees' subscription . . .	4,95,101	5,57,656	7,31,867	8,80,000	5,60,448	2,69,552	8,30,000	8,50,000
	Corporation's contribution . . .	2,63,311	3,01,852	4,68,672	3,50,000	2,389	4,67,611	4,70,000	4,80,000
	Interest on employees' subscription . . .	54,777	69,050	90,057	80,000	867	1,10,633	1,11,500	1,26,800
	Interest on Corporation's contribution . . .	33,305	43,546	55,883	70,000	640	25,360	26,000	34,500
TOTAL—UNFUNDED DEBT . . .		8,46,494	9,72,104	13,46,479	13,80,000	5,64,344	8,73,156	14,37,500	14,91,300
<i>Deposits and Advances Reserve Funds—</i>									
<i>Depreciation Reserve Fund Account of buildings for the offices of the Corporation.</i>									
<i>Depreciation Reserve Fund Account of buildings for the offices of the Corporation :—</i>									
	Annual depreciation charges transferred to the fund . . .	4,700	4,700	7,889	9,500	..	8,000	8,000	15,000
	Interest accrued &/or realised on investments . . .	1,916	1,915	1,915	1,900	1,165	935	2,100	2,500

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Depreciation Reserve Fund account of equipments in Hospitals & Examination Centres.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Depreciation Reserve Fund account of equipments in Hospitals & Examination Centres:—									
Annual depreciation charges transferred to the fund.		1,436	4,556	7,050	5,000	..	5,000	5,000	5,000
Interest accrued &/or realised on investments	200
Depreciation Reserve Fund account of Hospital buildings :—									
Annual depreciation charges transferred to the Fund	2,181	1,031	1,000	..	7,000	7,000	5,000
Interest accrued &/or realised on investments	300
Depreciation Reserve Fund Account of Staff Cars :—									
Annual depreciation charges transferred to Fund	3,085	6,169	6,200	..	8,500	8,500	12,500
Interest accrued &/or realised on investments	350
Repairs & Maintenance Reserve Fund of buildings for the offices of the Corporation :									
Annual maintenance and repairs charges transferred to the fund		19,450	19,450	25,936	48,500	..	32,500	32,500	42,500
Interest accrued &/or realised on investments		2,486	2,486	2,595	2,700	1,588	1,112	2,700	2,700
Gain on realisation of investments	1,327	..	..	..	..	..
Deduct—Actual payments during the year		(—)25,187	(—)49,857	(—)25,648	(—)22,000	..	(—)25,200	(—)25,200	(—)35,200

Permanent (Partial & Total) Dis-
ablement Benefit Reserve Fund
Account.

Permanent (Partial & Total) Dis-
ablement Benefit Reserve Fund
Account :—

Annual amount transferred to the fund	37,19,800	37,76,300	41,66,000	51,50,000	28,26,102	55,79,898	84,08,000	58,32,000
Interest accrued &/or realised on investments	1,96,819	3,00,941	4,61,864	5,37,500	2,47,780	3,85,920	6,33,700	9,17,000
Deduct—Actuals payments dur- ing the year	—7,83,541	—9,26,981	—11,23,104	—14,65,000	..	—14,70,000	—14,70,000	—17,40,000

Dependants' Benefit Reserve Fund
Account.

Dependants' Benefit Reserve
Fund Account :—

Annual amount transferred to the fund	10,26,900	11,84,900	12,49,000	16,10,000	18,35,435	16,68,565	35,04,000	17,74,000
Interest accrued &/or realised on investments	68,379	1,00,491	1,45,465	1,65,000	77,868	1,38,732	2,16,600	3,17,000
Deduct—Actual payments dur- ing the year	—2,77,699	—3,51,899	—4,68,104	—6,91,000	..	—5,91,000	—5,91,000	—7,16,000

Pension Reserve Fund:—

Annual amount transferred to the fund . . . . .	..	..	..	..	..	6,60,300	6,60,300	1,98,100
Interest accrued &/or realised on investments . . . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	29,700

TOTAL—RESERVE FUNDS	39,55,459	40,72,268	44,59,385	53,59,300	49,89,938	64,10,262	1,14,00,200	66,62,650
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Deposits—

Deposits of Securities	59,822	17,597	35,601	40,000	44,078	15,922	60,000	60,000
Other Deposits	5,181	4,516	2,23,321	..	1,50,569	(—)10,569	1,40,000	..
TOTAL—DEPOSITS	65,003	22,113	2,58,922	40,000	1,94,647	5,353	2,00,000	60,000

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
<i>Advances—</i>									
(a) Permanent Advances . . .		143	962	730	..	105	95	200	..
(b) Advances to the employees of the Corporation—									
(i) Advance of pay on transfer . . .		28,179	19,776	29,600	35,000	27,146	12,854	40,000	35,000
(ii) Advance of T.A. non transfer . . .		34,530	24,229	34,393	40,000	22,269	17,731	40,000	45,000
(iii) Advance for the purchase of motor conveyances . . .		₹6,099	₹14,969	₹33,367	50,000	₹17,675	42,325	60,000	70,000
(iv) Advance for the purchase of other conveyances . . .		18,256	₹20,465	₹27,528	30,000	₹22,875	12,125	35,000	40,000
(v) House Building Advances
(vi) Miscellaneous . . .		94,251	1,06,930	1,36,779	₹2,00,000	80,900	1,19,100	2,00,000	2,00,000
(c) Other Advances:—									
(i) Advance payments on behalf of State Governments . . .		516	3,967	₹3,233	2,500	4,532	468	5,000	₹5,000
(ii) Advance to the Bank for the purchase of Securities	1,58,37,634	2,07,67,100	..	₹91,40,467	8,59,533	1,00,00,000	..
(iii) Miscellaneous . . .		1,13,543	₹1,40,624	98,483	₹2,00,000	1,21,067	1,28,933	₹2,50,000	2,50,000
TOTAL—ADVANCES . . .		2,95,517	1,61,69,556	2,11,21,213	5,57,500	94,37,036	11,93,164	1,06,30,200	6,45,000
<i>Remittances—</i>									
Cash Remittances	15,36,36,378	..	11,60,08,111 (—)	1,75,89,111	9,84,19,000	..
Other Remittances	2,12,45,767	..	1,65,52,065 (—)	6,42,565	1,59,09,500	..
TOTAL—REMITTANCES	17,48,82,145	..	13,25,60,176 (—)	1,82,31,676	11,43,28,500	..

TOTAL DEBT, DEPOSITS, ADVANCES, SUSPENSE & REMITTANCES . . .	51,62,473	2,12,36,041	20,20,78,144	73,36,800	14,77,46,141	(—)97,49,741	13,79,96,400	88,58,050
TOTAL RECEIPTS . . .	8,38,99,637	11,55,75,428	30,43,02,974	11,48,60,800	23,71,33,262	3,28,32,858	26,99,66,120	15,56,70,070
Opening Balance . . .	69,65,788	70,52,558	71,88,825	50,96,435	61,76,676	..	61,76,676	50,39,496
GRAND—TOTAL . . .	9,08,65,425	12,26,27,986	31,14,91,799	11,99,57,225	24,33,09,938	3,28,32,858	27,61,42,976	16,07,09,566

NOTE : The detailed heads under which no figures appear have been omitted.

T. P. KHOSLA,
Chief Accounts Officer,
 Employees' State Insurance Corporation.

STATEMENT 'A'
EMPLOYEES' STATE INSURANCE CORPORATION
REVISED ESTIMATES FOR THE YEAR 1962-63

AND

BUDGET ESTIMATES FOR THE YEARS 1963-64

EXPENDITURE

Sl. No.	Heads of Accounts	Actuals for the year 1959-60	Actuals for the year 1960-61	Actuals for the year 1961-62	Sanctioned budget estimates for the current year 1962-63	Revised Estimates for the current year 1962-63			Budget estimates for the next year 1963-64
						Actuals of first 8 months of the current year 1962-63	Anticipated expenditure of the remaining 4 months of the current year 1962-63	Revised estimates for the current year 1962-63 (Cols. 7+8)	
I	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
	<i>Expenditure on Revenue Account</i>								
I	Benefits to insured persons and their families.								
	<i>A.—Medical Benefits</i>								
	Payments to State Governments etc., as Corporation's share of their expenses on providing medical treatment, maternity facilities, etc.	2,19,28,014	2,48,67,285	3,13,17,017	5,49,22,000	81,68,927	3,58,52,673	4,40,21,000	5,23,00,000
	Medical treatment and care and maternity facilities (expenses incurred direct by the Corporation).	..	..	..	..	11,64,833	13,35,167	25,00,000	26,00,000
	Expenditure on Health Education Scheme	..	..	..	78,000	..	..	..	1,00,000
	TOTAL—A.—MEDICAL BENEFITS	2,19,28,014	2,48,67,285	3,13,17,017	5,50,00,000	93,32,760	3,71,87,240	4,65,21,000	5,50,00,000

B.—Cash Benefits

Sickness Benefit	2,15,93,937	2,48,76,290	3,02,43,266	3,16,24,000	2,27,45,885	1,20,50,115	2,47,76,000	3,53,04,000
Extended Sickness Benefits	6,20,316	8,02,946	11,28,178	11,42,000	8,32,616	4,37,784	12,70,400	12,86,700
Maternity Benefit	13,59,490	15,15,702	18,70,675	19,63,000	12,84,598	7,59,502	20,24,500	20,86,800
Disablement Benefit	59,14,923	63,41,365	71,29,250	85,11,000	58,56,988	59,88,612	1,18,45,000	95,48,500
Dependants' Benefit	10,10,541	11,73,450	12,46,360	16,10,000	21,52,057	13,51,943	35,04,000	17,74,000
TOTAL—B.—CASH BENEFITS	3,04,99,207	3,47,09,753	4,16,27,809	4,48,50,000	3,28,72,144	2,05,47,756	5,24,19,500	5,00,000,000

C.—Other Benefits

Provision of artificial limbs to disabled insured persons	13,376	24,076	33,400	45,000	26,413	8,587	35,000	40,000
Medical Boards	54,293	57,902	64,356	92,000	75,478	19,722	55,500	1,17,800
Fees paid for post-mortem examination of insured persons	108	101	16	..	52	148	200	200
Payment to insured persons on account conveyance charges and/or loss of wages	35,994	20,221	28,671	36,000	20,883	16,817	37,700	46,100
Cost of artificial teeth provided to the Insured Persons	86	126	158	1,000	185	315	500	500
Grants-in-aid (Yoga Education) . . . . .	..	5,000	10,000	20,000	..	20,000	20,000	40,000
Miscellaneous	30,224	55,418	66,289	87,000	51,901	37,599	89,500	1,02,800
TOTAL—C.—OTHER BENEFITS	1,34,081	1,62,844	2,04,890	2,81,000	1,74,912	1,03,188	2,78,100	2,48,400

TOTAL OF HEAD—I—BENEFITS	5,25,61,302	5,97,59,882	7,31,49,716	10,01,51,000	4,23,50,816	5,78,38,184	10,02,19,000	10,53,48,400
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2 Administration Expenses**A.—Superintendence**

Corporation, Standing Committee, Regional Boards etc.

(i) T.A.	23,628	20,581	20,909	37,400	13,193	23,007	46,000	55,000
(ii) Miscellaneous	1,030	1,536	1,599	2,900	295	3,005	3,200	3,000

TOTAL—CORPORATION, STANDING COMMITTEE, REGIONAL BOARDS, ETC.

24,658	22,117	22,508	40,300	13,488	26,012	49,500	58,000
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Principal Officers:

(i) Pay of Principal Officers	55,055	91,658	1,16,525	1,17,500	79,189	40,811	1,20,000	1,21,000
(ii) Allowances and Honoraria	24,633	30,940	38,448	36,500	25,320	14,680	40,000	47,000
(iii) Leave and Pension Contribution	12,912	13,525	19,194	22,000	15,448	5,552	21,000	22,000

TOTAL—PRINCIPAL OFFICERS	92,600	1,36,123	1,74,167	1,76,000	1,19,957	61,043	1,81,000	1,90,000
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1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Other Officers :—									
(i) Pay of Other Officers		5,28,486	5,60,341	6,63,986	7,80,800	5,30,646	2,75,654	8,06,300	9,20,400
(ii) Allowances, and Honoraria		2,53,875	2,68,001	2,33,692	3,21,600	1,43,322	1,37,978	2,81,300	3,41,400
(iii) Leave and Pension Contribution		20,099	14,731	12,777	12,600	8,355	6,245	14,600	13,200
TOTAL—OTHER OFFICERS		8,02,460	8,43,073	9,10,455	11,15,000	6,82,323	4,19,877	11,02,200	12,75,000
Ministerial Establishments :									
(i) Pay of Establishment		10,59,480	11,69,395	22,12,457	25,72,600	14,44,816	7,29,484	21,74,300	25,22,000
(ii) Allowances and Honoraria		10,77,942	11,72,505	7,23,873	8,66,500	6,15,720	2,87,680	9,02,400	9,95,100
(iii) Leave and Pensions Contributions		..	143	1,237	900	307	393	700	900
TOTAL—MINISTERIAL ESTABLISHMENT		21,37,431	23,41,843	29,37,567	34,40,000	20,60,843	10,17,557	30,78,400	35,18,000
Class IV Servants :									
(i) Pay of Class IV Servants		1,50,107	1,71,453	4,27,072	4,67,800	2,76,647	1,58,653	4,35,300	4,65,500
(ii) Allowances and Honoraria		2,72,366	3,09,151	1,66,686	2,03,600	1,47,289	80,211	2,27,500	2,26,500
TOTAL—CLASS IV SERVANTS		4,22,473	4,80,604	5,93,758	6,71,400	4,23,936	2,38,864	6,62,800	7,02,000
Contingencies :									
(a) Postage, Telegram and Telephone Charge		1,61,800	1,79,685	2,02,718	2,47,000	1,48,899	74,001	2,22,900	2,46,000
(b) Stationary and Forms		11,70,484	8,89,699	5,79,008	15,47,600	2,23,931	10,35,869	12,59,800	10,44,000
(c) Contribution Stamps		46,566	71,911	94,626	85,000	33,259	51,741	85,000	85,000
(d) Purchase, Repair and Maintenance of Type writers, Duplicators etc.		26,362	18,447	16,321	36,900	13,178	30,522	43,700	56,000
(e) Purchase, Repairs and Maintenance, etc. of Adrema Equipments		46,063	34,742	11,939	91,700	9,970	56,530	66,500	1,13,000
(f) Rents, Rates and Taxes		2,07,228	2,22,540	2,08,508	4,08,300	1,43,044	1,05,156	2,48,200	2,84,000

(g) Furniture	28,581	39,745	23,589	33,300	23,916	35,384	59,300	59,000
(h) Special equipment for records . .	10,406	12,136	9,930	26,600	5,025	19,375	24,400	31,000
(i) Purchase, Repair, Maintenance, etc. of General Articles of office use	24,376	44,024	22,815	24,600	14,528	29,072	43,600	44,000
(j) Purchase, Repair and Maintenance of Cycles	484	526	358	900	157	3,143	3,300	5,000
(k) Purchase, Repair & Maintenance of Liveries	21,636	14,780	21,993	33,500	10,288	44,412	54,700	28,000
(l) Books, Periodicals and other pub- lications	2,786	5,460	3,686	7,800	2,321	9,579	11,900	17,000
(m) Photographs of workers . . . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(n) Hot and cold weather charges . .	3,797	3,941	2,558	6,900	2,823	6,277	9,100	6,000
(o) Repair and Maintenance of Staff Cars . . . . .	..	1,896	4,511	7,700	4,424	2,576	7,000	11,000
(p) Miscellaneous: (i) Amenities to Staff . . . . .	..	..	1,180	..	1,366	14,734	16,100	2,000
(ii) Miscellaneous	92,042	89,266	1,00,481	1,46,000	54,328	40,172	94,500	1,26,000
TOTAL—CONTINGENCIES	18,42,611	16,28,798	13,04,221	27,03,800	6,91,457	15,58,543	22,50,000	21,57,000
TOTAL—A—SUPERINTENDENCE . .	53,22,233	54,52,558	59,42,676	81,46,500	39,92,004	33,31,896	73,23,900	79,00,000

*B—Field Work**Officers:*

(i) Pay of Officers	82,736	84,800	93,770	1,58,300	76,754	60,246	1,37,000	1,91,300
(ii) Allowances and Honoraria . . .	38,970	39,359	21,690	42,400	11,987	15,013	27,000	37,500
(iii) Leave and Pension, contribution .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
TOTAL—OFFICERS	1,21,706	1,24,159	1,15,469	2,00,700	88,741	75,259	1,64,000	2,28,800

Ministerial Establishment:

(i) Pay of Establishment	12,74,594	15,27,823	26,31,709	35,57,700	18,68,075	10,33,125	29,01,200	32,46,100
(ii) Allowances and Honoraria . . .	10,11,810	11,68,887	6,71,824	7,77,000	5,83,142	2,90,858	8,74,000	9,65,500
(iii) Leave and Pension contribution .	116	(—2)	..	..	..	..	..	..
TOTAL—MINISTERIAL ESTABLISHMENT	22,86,520	26,96,708	33,03,533	43,34,700	24,51,217	13,23,983	37,75,200	42,11,600

Class IV Servants:

(i) Pay of Class IV Servants	1,43,530	1,69,533	4,37,913	5,84,200	2,93,276	1,63,124	4,56,400	4,97,400
(ii) Allowances and Honoraria . . .	2,41,907	2,82,842	1,28,027	1,76,600	1,20,250	67,250	1,87,500	1,97,200
TOTAL—CLASS IV SERVANTS	3,85,437	4,52,375	5,65,940	7,60,800	4,13,526	2,30,374	6,43,900	6,94,600

I	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	Rs.	Rs. ||	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
<i>Contingencies :</i>									
(a) Postage, Telegram and Telephone charges	38,548	81,859	79,171	1,23,000	55,264	46,736	1,02,000	1,35,000	
(b) Stationery and Forms	3,017	3,474	3,670	32,000	2,363	4,937	7,300	12,000	
(c) Contributions Stamps . . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(d) Purchase, Repair and Maintenance of Typewriters, Duplicators, etc.	11,279	31,741	59,298	34,000	1,741	35,559	37,300	40,000	
(e) Rents, Rates and Taxes	1,95,017	2,58,768	3,05,781	5,20,900	2,07,949	1,62,751	3,70,700	4,07,000	
(f) Furniture	39,033	58,186	29,774	81,500	23,641	60,959	84,600	94,000	
(g) Special equipment for records	1,14,807	1,76,152	25,798	1,68,900	15,373	83,927	99,300	1,49,000	
(h) Purchase, Repair and Maintenance, etc. of General Articles of office use	23,681	52,379	23,670	55,500	17,050	41,950	59,000	58,000	
(i) Purchase, Repair and Maintenance of Cycles	538	405	367	2,400	156	22,044	22,200	22,000	
(j) Purchase, Repair and Maintenance of Liveries	5,083	5,729	8,117	36,400	6,509	35,491	42,000	25,000	
(k) Books, Periodicals and other publications	192	416	39	3,700	256	744	1,000	2,000	
(l) Hot and Cold weather charges	2,589	2,983	4,202	12,200	2,422	36,978	39,400	13,000	
<i>(m) Miscellaneous :</i>									
(i) Amenities to Staff . . . . .	..	..	212	..	213	5,787	6,000	2,000	
(ii) Miscellaneous	49,622	74,665	76,557	1,20,700	59,274	31,926	91,200	1,06,000	
TOTAL—CONTINGENCIES	4,83,406	7,46,757	5,66,656	12,01,200	3,92,211	5,69,789	9,62,000	10,65,000	
TOTAL—B—FIELD WORK	32,77,069	40,19,999	45,51,598	64,97,400	33,45,695	21,99,405	55,45,100	62,00,000	
<i>C.—Other Charges.</i>									
Legal charges	75,002	63,755	1,07,234	1,10,000	51,369	28,631	80,000	1,00,000	
Insurance Courts	12,088	17,412	13,483	50,000	27,010	32,990	60,000	70,000	
Publicity and Advertisement	3,667	1,432	8,431	80,000	1,941	32,559	34,500	75,000	
Charges for maintaining Banking Accounts	11,167	17,519	12,878	25,000	5,334	9,666	15,000	20,000	

Audit Fees	22,410	26,720	38,617	50,000	3,196	41,804	45,000	50,000
Health Education Scheme . . . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,35,000
Repair, Maintenance and Depreciation, etc:—								
(a) Depreciation of buildings for the offices of the Corporation	4,700	4,700	7,889	9,500	..	8,000	8,000	15,000
(b) Depreciation of Equipments in Hospitals and Examination Centres	1,436	4,556	7,050	5,000	—	5,000	5,000	5,000
(c) Depreciation of Hospital Buildings	..	2,181	1,031	1,000	..	7,000	7,000	5,000
(d) Depreciation of Staff Cars	..	3,085	6,169	6,200	..	8,500	8,500	12,500
(e) Repairs and Maintenance of buildings for the offices of the Corporation	19,450	19,450	25,936	48,500	23,017	9,483	32,500	42,500
Retirements Benefits.								
(a) Corporation's contribution towards Employees' State Insurance Corporation General Provident Fund	2,63,311	3,01,239	4,68,672	3,50,000	..	4,70,000	4,70,000	4,80,000
(b) Corporation's contribution towards Pension Reserve Fund . . . . .	..	..	..	..	..	6,60,300	6,60,300	1,98,100
Miscellaneous	10	14,082	29,326	5,000	6,937	63	7,000	..
Losses	2,347	10	..	..	..	..	..	..
TOTAL—C—OTHER CHARGES	4,15,588	4,76,141	7,26,716	7,40,200	1,18,804	13,13,996	14,32,800	12,08,100
TOTAL OF HEADS 2—ADMINISTRATION EXPENSES	90,14,890	99,48,698	1,12,20,990	1,53,84,100	74,56,503	68,45,297	1,43,01,800	1,53,08,100

3 Interest on loans :—

Interest on loans from Central Government	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Interest paid to the E.S.I.C. Provident Fund	88,082	1,12,596	1,45,940	1,50,000	..	1,37,500	1,37,500	1,61,300

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
<i>Deduct—Interest accrued &/or realised on investments of Provident Fund balance</i>	(—) 17,951	(—) 17,951	(—) 18,005	(—) 18,100	(—) 18,714	(—) 8,386	(—) 27,100	(—) 36,600	
<i>Gain/Loss on realisation of investments . . . . .</i>	..	..	(—) 664	..	(—) 253	(—) 47	(—) 300	..	
TOTAL HEAD 3—INTEREST ON LOANS	70,131	94,645	1,27,271	1,31,900	(—) 18,967	1,29,067	1,10,100	1,24,700	
TOTAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENDITURE (HEADS 2 + 3)	90,85,021	1,00,43,343	1,13,48,261	1,55,16,000	74,37,536	69,74,364	1,44,11,900	1,54,32,800	
TOTAL EXPENDITURE ON REVENUE ACCOUNT	6,16,46,323	6,97,83,225	8,44,97,977	11,56,47,000	4,98,18,352	6,48,12,548	11,46,30,900	12,07,81,200	
4 EXPENDITURE ON CAPITAL ACCOUNT									
Lands and Buildings									
A—LAND BUILDINGS :									
Purchase and Construction, etc. of :—									
(i) Buildings for the offices of the Corporation	5,65,859	2,08,552	19,904	25,00,000	3,236	4,96,764	5,00,000	20,00,000	
(ii) Hospitals and Dispensaries	13,46,366	2,26,164	7,00,558	3,54,70,000	345	2,08,99,655	2,09,00,000	2,21,00,000	
(iii) Equipment of Hospitals . . . . .	..	13,270	30,664	20,00,000	..	11,00,000	11,00,000	4,00,000	
D—Suspense . . . . .	..	52,25,017	1,94,18,615	..	42,38,465	(—) 42,38,465	..	..
B. STAFF CARS :									
Purchase of Staff Cars . . . . .	..	40,704	..	30,000	14,189	30,811	45,000	..	
TOTAL HEAD—4—EXPENDITURE ON CAPITAL ACCOUNT	19,12,225	57,13,707	2,01,69,741	4,00,00,000	42,56,235	1,82,88,765	2,25,45,000	2,45,00,000	

DEBT, DEPOSITS, ADVANCES
& SUSPENSE ORDINARY
DEBT.

Loans :

Loans to Central Government (Re-
payment)

Loans to State Governments 23,12,426 6,87,574 30,00,000 30,00,000

UNFUNDED DEBT.

E.S.I.C. Provident Fund :—

Payments to subscribers 1,62,459 2,34,014 2,02,351 3,08,000 1,51,522 1,18,478 2,70,000 3,00,000

TOTAL—DEBTS 1,62,459 2,34,014 2,02,351 3,08,000 24,63,948 8,06,052 32,70,000 33,00,000

DEPOSITS AND ADVANCES,
RESERVE FUNDS.

Depreciation Reserve Fund Account
of Buildings for the offices of the
Corporation:—

Depreciation Reserve Fund invest-
ment Account of buildings for the
offices of the Corporation 8,000 6,500 7,000 11,400 9,500 .. 9,500 10,000

Depreciation Reserve Fund Account
of Equipments in Hospitals and
Examination Centres :

Depreciation Reserve Fund invest-
ment account of equip-
ments in Hospitals & Exa-
mination Centres 1,400 4,500 5,000 7,000 .. 7,000 5,000

Depreciation Reserve Fund Account
of Hospitals Buildings :

Depreciation Reserve Fund invest-
ment Account of Hospitals
Buildings 2,000 1,000 1,000 .. 1,000 7,000

Depreciation Reserve Fund of Staff
Cars investment Account 3,000 6,200 6,000 .. 6,000 8,500

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Repairs & Maintenance Reserve Fund Account of buildings for the offices of the Corporations :									
Repair & Maintenance Reserve Fund of buildings for the offices of the Corporation Investment Account . . . . .	..	..	13,987	6,400	..	10,000	10,000	10,000 ⁰	
Deduct—Realisation on maturity or sale of investment . . . . .	..	..	(—) 12,673	..	..	..	..	..	..
Permanent (Partial & Total) Dis- ablement Benefit Reserve Fund Account									
Permanent (Partial & Total) Dis- ablement Benefit Reserve Fund investment Account	20,67,000	31,35,961	31,21,816	33,56,000	64,59,666	43,40,334	1,08,00,000	50,00,000	
Dependents' Benefit Reserve Fund Account :									
Dependents' Benefit Reserve Fund investment Account	7,87,800	8,16,982	9,25,355	8,66,500	27,70,858	11,89,142	39,60,000	13,75,000	
Pension Reserve Fund investment Account . . . . .	..	..	..	..	..	6,60,300	6,60,300	2,27,800	
TOTAL RESERVE FUNDS	28,62,800	39,60,843	40,64,985	42,52,500	92,54,024	61,99,776	1,54,53,800	66,43,300	
DEPOSITS.									
Deposits of securities	32,356	35,827	31,751	40,000	26,809	33,191	60,000	60,000	
Other Deposits :—									
Other deposits . . . . .	..	..	2,31,469	..	1,43,971	(—)3,971	1,40,000	..	
TOTAL DEPOSITS	32,356	35,827	2,63,220	40,000	1,70,780	29,220	2,00,000	60,000	
ADVANCES :									
(a) Permanent advances	3,168	1,237	1,310	10,000	1,950	3,050	5,000	6,000	

(b) Advances to Employees of the Corporation :—

(i) Advance of Pay on transfer	27,532	19,921	30,376	35,000	1,04,487	19,513	50,000	40,000
(ii) Advance of T.A. on transfer	33,323	23,913	33,545	40,000	30,886	9,114	40,000	45,000
(iii) Advance for the purchase of motor conveyances . . .	17,400	30,900	48,467	70,000	13,400	86,600	1,00,000	1,25,000
(iv) Advance for the purchase of other conveyances . . .	17,495	25,911	39,497	40,000	32,634	17,366	50,000	55,000
(v) House building Advances . .	..	..	..	50,000	..	50,000	50,000	1,00,000
(vi) Miscellaneous . . .	91,128	1,13,025	1,69,864	2,00,000	1,21,260	78,740	2,00,000	2,00,000

(c) Other Advances :—

(i) Advance payments on behalf of State Governments . . .	1,463	5,408	3,926	2,500	3,230	2,700	6,000	6,000
(ii) Advance to the Bank for purchase of Securities . .	90	1,58,37,545	2,07,67,100	..	91,40,527	8,59,473	1,00,00,000	..
(iii) Miscellaneous . . .	58,588	1,36,265	1,01,133	2,00,000	93,714	1,06,286	2,00,000	2,00,000
(g) Income tax deductions receivable (—)	2,26,798	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
TOTAL—ADVANCES . . .	23,389	1,61,94,125	2,11,95,218	6,47,500	94,68,088	12,32,912	1,07,01,000	7,77,000

Remittances

(i) Cash remittances . . .	4,72,804	72,749	15,40,16,677	..	11,72,04,137	(—)1,87,85,137	9,84,19,000	..
(ii) Other remittances . . .	246	..	2,12,45,767	..	1,66,53,899	(—)7,44,399	1,59,09,500	..
TOTAL—REMITTANCES . . .	4,73,050	72,749	17,52,62,444	..	13,38,58,036	(—)1,95,29,536	11,43,28,500	..

TOTAL—DEBT, DEPOSITS, ADVANCES, SUSPENSE AND REMITTANCES .

TOTAL—DISBURSEMENT .

35,54,054	2,04,97,558	20,09,88,218	52,48,000	15,52,14,876	(—)1,12,61,576	14,39,53,500	1,07,80,300
6,71,12,602	9,59,94,490	30,56,55,926	16,08,95,000	20,92,89,463	7,18,39,737	28,11,29,200	15,60,61,500

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
<i>Cash Balances</i>									
(a) Investments :—									
(i) E.S.I. Corporation Provident Fund.									
(a) Investments during the year		6,30,000	6,84,500	9,46,554	10,72,000	9,91,000	1,76,500	11,67,500	11,91,500
Deduct—Realisation on maturity or sale of investments		(—)6,336	(—)2,700	(—)14,562	(—)5,838	(—)20,400	(—)37,150
(ii) General Cash Balances :—									
(a) Investments during the year		3,93,70,265	5,21,26,475	6,04,31,410	3,41,22,400	4,62,20,100	78,56,000	5,41,27,000	4,08,19,200
Deduct—Realisation on maturity or sale of investments		(—)2,33,00,000	(—)3,33,76,302	(—)6,17,12,881	(—)8,11,70,000	(—)2,23,75,841	(—)3,25,24,155	(—)6,11,00,000	(—)4,32,05,000
(b) Cash Balances :—									
(i) Cash in hand	}	70,52,558	71,88,825	61,76,676	50,40,525	1,91,89,778	(—)1,41,50,282	50,39,456	58,80,116
(ii) Cash with bankers									
GRAND TOTAL		9,08,65,425	12,26,27,986	31,14,91,759	11,59,57,225	24,33,09,978	3,28,32,858	27,61,42,756	16,07,09,566

NOTE.—I. The detailed heads under which no figures appear have been omitted.

T.P. KHOSLA,
Chief Accounts Officer, Employee's State Ins. Corpn.

EMPLOYEES' STATE INSURANCE CORPORATION
Income and Expenditure Account for the year ended 31st March, 1963 (Revised Estimates)

INCOME			EXPENDITURE		
HEAD OF ACCOUNT		Amount	HEAD OF ACCOUNT		Amount
	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.
By Contributions :			1. <i>Benefits to insured persons and their families.</i>		
Employers' share only	6,37,19,000		A— <i>Medical Benefits.</i>		
Employees' share only	5,97,26,000		(i) Payments to State Govts., etc. as Corporation's share of their expenses on providing medical treatment, maternity facilities, etc.	4,40,21,000	
TOTAL Contributions		12,34,45,000	(ii) Medical treatment & care and maternity facilities (expenses incurred direct by the Corporation)	25,00,000	
Grants-in-aid, Donations & Gifts		50,000	TOTAL A— <i>Medical Benefits.</i>		4,65,21,000
Other Heads of Revenue			B— <i>Cash Benefits.</i>		
Interest and Dividends	83,30,300		(1) Sickness Benefit	3,47,76,000	
Compensations . . . . .	..		(2) Extended Sickness Benefit	12,70,400	
Rents, Rates & Taxes	14,720	..	(3) Maternity Benefits	20,24,500	
Fees, Fines & Forfeiture	1,800		(4) Disablement Benefit	1,18,45,000	
Miscellaneous	1,27,900	..	(5) Dependants Benefit	35,04,000	
			TOTAL B— <i>Cash Benefits</i>		5,34,19,900
TOTAL OTHER HEADS OF REVENUE		84,74,720	C— <i>Other Benefits.</i>		
			(1) Provision of Artificial limbs	35,000	
			(2) Medical Boards	95,200	
			(3) Fees paid for post-mortem examination of insured persons	200	
			(4) Payments to insured persons on account of conveyance charges and/or loss of wages	37,700	
			(5) Cost of artificial teeth provided to insured persons	500	

I	2	3	4	5	6
	Ra.	Ra.		Ra.	Ra.
			(6) Grants-in-aid (Yoga Education) .	20,000	
			(7) Miscellaneous	89,500	
			TOTAL C—Other Benefits		2,78,100
			TOTAL—Benefits to insured persons and their families		10,02,19,000
			2—Administration Expenses.		
			A—Superintendence.		
			1. Corporation, Standing Committee		
			Regional Boards, etc.	49,500	
			2. Principal Officers	1,81,000	
			3. Other Officers	11,02,200	
			4. Ministerial Establishment	30,78,400	
			5. Class IV Servants	6,62,800	
			6. Contingencies	22,50,000	
			TOTAL A—Superintendence	73,23,900	
			B—Field Work		
			1. Officers	1,64,000	
			2. Ministerial Establishment	37,75,200	
			3. Class IV Servants	6,43,900	
			4. Contingencies	9,62,000	
			TOTAL B—Field Work	55,45,100	
			C—Other Charges		
			1. Legal Charges	80,000	
			2. Insurance Courts	60,000	
			3. Publicity & Advertisement	34,500	
			4. Charges for maintaining Banking Accounts	15,000	
			5. Audit Fees	45,000	
			6. Repair, Maintenance & Depreciations, etc.	61,000	

7. Retirement Benefits.

(a) Corporation's Contribution towards Employees' State Insurance Corporation Contributory (Provident Fund)	4,70,000	
(b) Corporation's contribution towards Pension Reserve Fund	6,60,300	
8. Miscellaneous	7,000	
TOTAL C.—Other Charges	14,32,800	
TOTAL 2—Administration Expenses		1,43,01,800
<i>Interest on Loans</i>		
Interest paid to the Employees' State Ins. Corpn. Provident Fund	1,37,500	
Less: Interest realised on investments of Provident Fund balances	(—)27,100	
Gain on realisation of investment	(—)300	1,10,100
TOTAL ADMINISTRATION EXPENSES	1,44,11,900	
TOTAL—Expenditure on Revenue Account		11,46,30,900
To excess of income over expenditure c/o to Balance Sheet		1,73,38,820
TOTAL	13,19,69,720	TOTAL
		13,19,69,720

T. P. KHOSLA,
Chief Accounts Officer,
Employees' State Insurance Corporation.

EMPLOYEES' STATE INSURANCE CORPORATION

Balance Sheet as on 31st March, 1963 (Revised Estimates)

I	2	3	4	5	6
	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.
Retirement Benefits			Lands and Buildings		
<i>Employees State Insurance Corporation Provident Fund.</i>			<i>(a) Buildings for offices of the Corporation</i>		
As per last balance sheet	47,42,805		As per last balance sheet	28,92,539	
Add Amount credited during the year	14,37,500		Additions during the year	5,00,000	33,92,539
	61,80,305				
Less Payments made during the year	2,70,000	59,10,305	<i>(b) Hospitals and Dispensaries</i>		
<i>Pension Reserve Fund</i>			As per last balance sheet	2,66,61,398	
Amount credited to during the year		6,60,300	Additions during the year	2,09,00,000	4,75,61,398
<i>Deposits of Securities e.g. by contractors</i>			<i>(c) Equipments of hospitals</i>		
As per last balance sheet	41,701		As per last balance sheet	49,680	
Add Deposits received during the year	60,000		Additions during the year	11,00,000	11,49,680
	1,01,701		<i>Purchase of Staff Cars.</i>		
Less Deposits repaid during the year	60,000	41,701	As per last balance sheet	40,703	
<i>Other Deposits</i>			Additions during the year	45,000	85,703
As per last balance sheet	4,862		<i>Loans granted to the State Governments</i>		
Add Deposits received during the year	1,40,000		As per last balance sheet . . . . .	..
	1,44,862		Add Payments made during the year	30,00,000	30,00,000
Less Deposits repaid during the year	1,40,000	4,862	<i>Permanent Advances to the Heads of Offices of the Corporation</i>		
<i>Depreciation Reserve Fund of buildings for the offices of the Corporation</i>			As per last balance sheet	14,812	
As per last balance sheet	1,19,029		Add Payments made during the year	5,000	
Add Provision made during the year	10,100	1,29,129		19,812	
			Less Recoveries made during the year	200	19,612
Includes Rs. 2,100/- on account of interest accrued from the investments of the balance).					

Depreciation Reserve Fund accounts of equipments in Hospitals and examination Centres.

As per last balance sheet 13,041

Add Provision made during the year 5,000

Depreciation Reserve Fund account of Hospitals buildings

As per last balance sheet 3,212

Add Provision made during the year 7,000

Depreciation Reserve Fund account of Staff Cars

As per last balance sheet 9,254

Additions during the year 8,500

Repairs and Maintenance Reserve Fund of buildings for the offices of the Corporation

As per last balance sheet 95,374

Add Provision made during the year 35,200

(Includes Rs. 2,700/- on account of interest accrued from investment of the balance) 1,30,574

Less Expenditure on repairs during the year 25,200

Advance of pay on transfer to the employees of the Corporation

As per last balance sheet 5,212

Add Payments made during the year 50,000

18,041 Less Recoveries made during the year 55,212

40,000

Advance of T. A. on transfer to the employees of the Corporation

10,212 As per last balance sheet 4,483

Add Recoveries made during the year 40,000

44,483

Less Payments made during the year 40,000

4,483

17,754 *Loans to the employees for the purchase of conveyances*

As per last balance sheet 92,263

Add Payments made during the year 1,50,000

2,42,263

Less Loans recovered during the year 95,000

1,47,263

House building advances

Payments made during the year 50,000

Miscellaneous Advances to the employees of The Corporation (Festival Advances)

50,000

As per last balance sheet 50,196

Add Payments made during the year 2,00,000

2,50,196

Less Recoveries made during the year 2,00,000

50,196

1	2		3		4		5		6	
	Rs.		Rs.				Rs.		Rs.	
<i>Permanent (Partial and Total) Disablement Benefit Reserve Fund</i>					<i>Advance payments on behalf of State Governments.</i>					
As per last balance sheet	1,60,19,742				As per last balance sheet		5,055			
Add Provision made during the year	90,39,700				Add Payments made during the year		6,000			
(Includes Rs. 6,33,700/- on account of interest accrued from investment of the balance)	2,50,59,442				Less Adjustments made during the year		11,055			
	14,70,000		2,35,89,442		<i>Advances to the Bank for purchase of Securities</i>		5,000		6,055	
Less Payments made during the year					As per last balance sheet		1,00,00,000			
<i>Dependent's Benefit Reserve Fund</i>					Add Payments made during the year		1,00,00,000			
As per last balance sheet	48,52,258				Less Adjustments made during the year		1,00,00,000			
Add Provision made during the year	37,20,600						1,00,00,000			
(Includes Rs. 2,16,600/- on account of interest accrued from investment of the balance)	85,72,858				<i>Miscellaneous Advances</i>					
					As per last balance sheet		1,93,218			
Less Payments made during the year	5,91,000		79,81,858		Add Payments made during the year		2,00,000			
					Less Adjustment made during the year		3,93,218		1,43,218	
<i>Income and Expenditure account</i>					<i>Remittances</i>					
Excess of Income over Expenditure as per last balance sheet	22,19,56,094				As per last balance sheet		4,46,800			
Add Balance of excess of income over expenditure during the year 1962-63	1,73,38,820		23,92,94,914		Add Debits adjusted during the year		11,43,28,500			
					Less Credits adjusted during the year		11,47,75,300		4,46,800	
					<i>Investment at Cost</i>					
					(a) <i>Depreciation Reserve Fund of buildings for the office of the Corporation</i>					
					As per last balance sheet		1,09,353			
					Add Investments during the year		9,500		1,18,853	

(b) <i>Depreciation Reserve fund account of equipments, in Hospitals and Examination Centres.</i>		
As per last balance sheet	5,900	
Add Investments made during the year	7,000	12,900
<hr/>		
(c) <i>Depreciation Reserve Fund of Hospital buildings</i>		
As per last balance sheet	2,000	
Add Payments made during the year	1,000	3,000
<hr/>		
(d) <i>Depreciation Reserve Fund of Staff Cars.</i>		
As per last balance sheet	3,000	
Add Payments made during the year	6,000	9,000
<hr/>		
(e) <i>Repairs and Maintenance Reserve Fund of buildings for the offices of the Corporation</i>		
As per last balance sheet	87,403	
Add Investments during the year	10,000	97,403
<hr/>		
(f) <i>Permanent (Partial and Total) Disablement Benefit Reserve Fund.</i>		
As per last balance sheet	1,24,88,539	
Add Investments during the year	1,08,00,000	2,32,88,539
<hr/>		
(g) <i>Dependents' Benefit Reserve Fund</i>		
As per last balance sheet	39,18,045	
Add Investment during the year	39,60,000	78,78,045
<hr/>		
(h) <i>Pension Reserve Fund</i>		
Investment during the year	6,60,300	6,60,300
<i>Cash Balance.</i>		
(a) <i>Investments</i>		
(i) <i>E.S.I.C. Provident Fund</i>		
As per last balance sheet	40,58,994	
Add Investments during the year	11,67,500	52
<hr/>		
	52,26,494	
Less Realisation on maturity or sale of investments	20,400	52,06,094
<hr/>		
(ii) <i>General Cash Balances</i>		
As per last balance sheet	19,05,51,103	
Add Investments during the year	5,41,27,000	
<hr/>		
	24,46,78,103	

1	2	3	4	5	6
	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.
			<i>Less</i> Realisation on maturity or sale of investments	6,53,00,000	17,93,78,103
			(b) <i>Cash Balance</i> (in hand and with bankers)	50,39,496	50,39,496
TOTAL		27,77,63,892	TOTAL		27,77,63,892

T. P. KHOSLA
Chief Accounts Officer
Employee's State Insurance Corporation.

EMPLOYEES STATE INSURANCE CORPORATION
Income and Expenditure account for the year ended 31st March, 1964 (Estimates)

INCOME			EXPENDITURE		
Head of Account 1	2	Amount 3	Head of Account 4	5	Amount 6
	Rs.	Ra.		Rs.	Ra.
By Contributions :—			I. Benefits to insured persons and their families.		
Employers' Share only	7,23,50,000		A—Medical Benefits.		
Employees Share only	6,67,01,000		Payments to State Govts. etc. as Corporation's share of their expenses on providing medical treatment, maternity facilities, etc.	5,23,00,000	
Stat: Govt's. share towards Medical benefits initially incurred by the Corporation . .	2,97,000		Medical treatment and care and maternity facilities (expenses incurred direct by the Corpn.)	26,00,000	
Total Contributions		13,93,48,000	Expenditure on health education Scheme	1,00,000	
Grants-in-aid, Donations & Gifts			TOTAL A—MEDICAL BENEFITS	5,50,00,000	
Other Heads of Revenue			B—Cash Benefits.		
Interest and Dividends	73,04,100		(1) Sickness Benefit	3,53,04,000	
Compensations . . . . .	..		(2) Extended Sickness Benefit	12,86,700	
Rents, Rates & Taxes	14,720		(3) Maternity Benefit	20,86,800	
Fees, Fines & Forfeitures	1,900		(4) Disablement Benefit	95,48,500	
Miscellaneous	1,42,400		(5) Dependents' Benefits	17,74,000	
Total other heads of Revenue		74,63,120	TOTAL B—CASH BENEFITS	5,00,00,000	
			C—Other Benefits		
			(1) Provision of Artificial limbs	40,000	
			(2) Medical Boards	1,17,800	
			(3) Fees paid for post-mortem examination of insured persons	200	

1	2	3	4	5	6
	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.
(4) Payments to insured persons on account of conveyance charges &/or loss of wages			₹46,100		
(5) Cost of artificial teeth provided to insured persons			500		
(6) Grants-in-aid (Yoga Education)			10,000		
(7) Miscellaneous			1,03,800		
TOTAL C—OTHER BENEFITS				3,48,400	3,48,400
TOTAL I—BENEFITS TO INSURED PERSONS AND THEIR FAMILIES					10,53,48,400
<i>2—Administrative Expenses.</i>					
<i>A—Superintendence.</i>					
(1) Corporation, Standing Committee, Regional Boards etc.			58,000		
(2) Principal Officers			1,90,000		
(3) Other Officers			12,75,000		
(4) Ministerial Establishment			35,18,000		
(5) Class IV Servants			7,02,000		
(6) Contingencies			21,57,000		
TOTAL A—SUPERINTENDENCE				79,00,000	
<i>B—Field Work</i>					
(1) Officers			2,28,800		
(2) Ministerial Establishment			42,11,600		
(3) Class IV Servants			6,94,600		
(4) Contingencies			10,65,000		
TOTAL B—FIELD WORK				62,00,000	
<i>C—Other Charges.</i>					
(1) Legal Charges			1,00,000		
(2) Insurance Courts			70,000		
(3) Publicity & Advertisement			75,000		
(4) Charges for maintaining Banking Accounts			20,000		

(5) [Audit] Fees	50,000	
(6) Health Education Scheme	1,35,000	
(7) Repair, Maintenance and Depreciations, etc.	80,000	
(8) <i>Retirement Benefits</i>		
(a) Corporations Contribution towards Employees' State Insurance Corporation Contributory Provident Fund	4,80,000	
(b) Corporation's Contribution towards Pension Reserve Fund	1,98,100	
(9) Miscellaneous . . . . .	..
TOTAL C—OTHER CHARGES	12,08,100	
TOTAL 2—ADMINISTRATION EXPENSES		1,53,08,100

Interest on loans.

Interest paid to the Employees' State Insurance Provident Fund	1,51,300	
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<i>Less</i> Interest realised on investments of Provident Fund balances	(—)36,600	1,24,700
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TOTAL Administration expenses	1,54,32,800	1,54,32,800
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TOTAL EXPENDITURE ON REVENUE ACCOUNT		12,07,81,200
To excess of Income over Expenditure c/o to Balance Sheet		2,60,29,920

TOTAL	14,68,11,120	TOTAL	14,68,11,120
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(T. P. KHOSLA)
Chief Accounts Officer,
Employees' State Insurance Corporation.

E PLOYEES' STATE INSURANCE CORPORATION

Balance Sheet as on 31st March, 1964 (Estimates)

LIABILITIES		ASSETS	
	Amount		Amount
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
<i>Employees' State Insurance Corporation Provident Fund.</i>		<i>Land and Buildings.</i>	
As per last balance sheet	59,10,305	(a) <i>Buildings for offices of the Corporation</i>	
ADD Amount credited during the year	14,91,300	As per last balance sheet	33,92,539
		Additions during the year	20,00,000
LESS Payments made during the year	74,01,605		53,92,539
	3,00,000	(b) <i>Hospitals and Dispensaries :</i>	
<i>Pension Reserve Fund :</i>		As per last balance sheet	4,75,61,398
As per last balance sheet	6,60,300	Additions during the year	2,21,00,000
ADD Amount credited during the year	2,27,800		6,96,61,398
(Includes Rs. 29,700/- on account of interest received from investments).		(c) <i>Equipments for Hospitals etc.</i>	
<i>Deposits of securities e.g., by Contractors :</i>		As per last balance sheet	11,49,680
As per last balance sheet	41,701	ADD Payments made during the year	4,00,000
ADD Deposits made during the year	60,000		15,49,680
		<i>Purchase of Staff Cars :</i>	
LESS Deposits repaid during the year	1,01,701	As per last balance sheet	85,703
	60,000	Additions during the year . . . . .	..
<i>Other Deposits</i>			85,703
As per last balance sheet	4,862	<i>Loans to State Governments :</i>	
ADD Deposits made during the year . . . . .	..	As per last balance sheet	30,00,000
		ADD Payments made during the year	30,00,000
<i>Depreciation Reserve fund of buildings for the offices of the Corporation.</i>			60,00,000
As per last balance sheet	1,29,129	<i>Permanent Advance to the Heads of the offices of the Corporation.</i>	
ADD Provision made during the year	17,500	As per last balance sheet	19,612
(Includes Rs. 2,500/- on account of interest received from investments during the year)		ADD Payments made during the year	6,000
			25,612
		LESS Recoveries made during the year . . . . .	..
			25,612

Depreciation Reserve Fund of equipments in Hospital & Examination Centres.

As per last balance sheet	18,041
ADD Provision made during the year	5,200
(Includes Rs. 200/- on account of interest)	

23,241

Depreciation Reserve Fund account of Hospital Buildings.

As per last balance sheet	10,212
ADD Provision made during the year	5,300
(Includes Rs. 300/- on account of interest)	

Depreciation Reserve Fund account of Staff Cars.

As per last balance sheet	17,754
ADD Provision made during the year	12,850
(Includes Rs. 350/- on account of interest).	

Repairs and Maintenance Reserve Fund of buildings for the offices of the Corporation.

As per last balance sheet	1,05,374
ADD Provision made during the year	45,200

(Includes Rs. 2,700/- on account of interest received from investments of the balance)

LESS Payments made during the year	35,200
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1,50,574

1,15,374

Advance of Pay on transfer to the employees of the Corporation.

As per last balance sheet	15,212
ADD Payments made during the year	40,000
	55,212

LESS Recoveries made during the year	35,000
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20,212

Advance of T.A. on transfer to the employees of the Corporation.

As per last balance sheet	4,483
ADD Payments made during the year	45,000

LESS Recoveries made during the year	49,483
	45,000

4,483

Advance for purchase of conveyances to the employees of the Corporation..

As per last balance sheet	1,47,263
ADD Payments made during the year	1,80,000

LESS Loans received during the year	3,27,263
	1,10,000

2,17,263

House Building Advances

As per last balance sheet	50,000
ADD Payments made during the year	1,00,000

1, 50,000

Miscellaneous advances to the employees of the Corporation (Festival Advances)

As per last balance sheet	50,196
ADD Payments made during the year	2,00,000

LESS Recoveries made during the year	2,50,196
	2,00,000

50,196

1	2	3	4	5	6
	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.
Permanent (Partial and Total) Disablement Benefit Reserve Fund			Advance payments on behalf of State Governments.		
As per last balance sheet	2,35,89,442		As per last balance sheet	6,055	
ADD Provision made during the year	67,49,000		ADD Payments made during the year	6,000	
(Includes Rs. 9,17,000/- on account of interest received from investments of the balance).	3,03,38,442			12,055	
LESS Payments made during the year	17,40,000	2,85,98,442	LESS Recoveries made during the year	5,000	7,055
Dependants' Benefit Reserve Fund			Advance to the Bank for purchase of Securities		
As per last balance sheet	79,81,858		As per last balance sheet	..	..
ADD Provision made during the year	20,91,000		ADD Payments made during the year	..	..
(Includes Rs. 3,17,000/- on account of interest received from investments of the balance).	1,00,72,858		LESS Adjustments made during the year	..	..
LESS Payments made during the year	17,16,000	93,56,858	Miscellaneous Advances.		
			As per last balance sheet	1,43,218	
			ADD Payments made during the year	2,00,000	
				3,43,218	
			LESS Receipts during the year	2,50,000	93,218
Income and Expenditure Account			Remittances.		
Excess of Income over Expenditure as per last balance sheet	23,92,94,914		As per last balance sheet	4,46,800	
ADD Balance of excess of income over expenditure during the year 1963-64	2,60,29,920	26,53,24,834	ADD Debits adjusted during the year	..	..
				4,46,800	4,46,800
			LESS Credits adjusted during the year		
			Investment at cost.		
			(a) <i>Depreciation Reserve Fund of buildings for the offices of Corporation.</i>		
			As per last balance sheet	1,18,853	
			ADD Investments made during the year	10,000	1,28,853

<i>(b) Depreciation Reserve Fund account of equipment in Hospitals & Examination Centres.</i>		
As per last balance sheet	12,900	
ADD Investment made during the year	5,000	17,900
<i>(c) Depreciation Reserve Fund Account of Hospital buildings</i>		
As per last balance sheet	3,000	
ADD Investments made during the year	7,000	10,000
<i>(d) Depreciation Reserve Fund Account staff car investment account.</i>		
As per last balance sheet	9,000	
ADD Investment made during the year	8,500	17,500
<i>(e) Repairs & Maintenance Reserve Fund buildings for the office of the Corporation</i>		
As per last balance sheet	97,403	
ADD Investment during the year	10,000	
	1,07,403	
LESS Realisation on maturity or sale of securities . . . . .	..	1,07,40
<i>(f) Permanent (Partial & Total) Disablement Benefit Reserve Fund.</i>		
As per last balance sheet	2,32,88,539	
ADD Investments made during the year	50,00,000	2,82,88,539
<i>(g) Dependants' Benefit Reserve Fund.</i>		
As per last balance sheet	78,78,045	
ADD Investments made during the year	13,75,000	92,53,045
<i>(h) Pension Reserve Funds</i>		
As per last balance sheet	6,60,300	
Add Investments made during the year	2,27,800	8,88,100

1	2	3	4	5	6
	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.
			<i>Cash Balance</i>		
			(a) Investments :		
			(i) <i>E.S.I.C. Provident Fund</i> . . .		
			As per last balance sheet . . .	52,06,094	
			ADD Investments during the year . . .	11,91,300	
				<u>63,97,394</u>	
			LESS Realisation on maturity or sale of investments . . .	<u>37,150</u>	63,60,244
			(ii) <i>General Cash Balances</i> . . .		
			As per last balance sheet . . .	17,93,78,103	
			ADD Investments made during the year . . .	4,08,19,300	
				<u>22,01,97,403</u>	
			LESS Realisation on maturity or sale of investments . . .	<u>4,32,05,500</u>	17,69,91,903
			(b) <i>Cash Balance.</i>		
			Cash in hand and with bankers . . .		58,80,116
TOTAL . . .		<u>31,16,47,762</u>	TOTAL . . .		<u>31,16,47,762</u>

T.P. KHOSLA,
Chief Accounts Officer, Employees,
State Insurance Corporation.

APPENDIX—1

EMPLOYEES' STATE INSURANCE CORPORATION

*Number of employees and family units covered and to be covered under the Scheme upto
31st March, 1964*

Name of place	Insured Employees			
	Date of implementation	Number already covered	Number to be covered	Date of coverage of families
1	2	3	4	5
ANDHRA STATE REGION				
Hyderabad & Secunderabad	1-5-1955	22,000	..	26-1-1959
Nellimarla, Chittivalasah, Vijaywada, Eluru, Guntur, Vishakhapatnam, Mangalagiri & Pedakakani	9-10-1955	15,850	..	26-1-1959
Warangal	15-11-1959	5,500	..	14-2-1960
Sirpur	27-3-1960	9,000	..	26-6-1960
Adoni and Kakinada	14-8-1960	5,800	..	13-11-1960
Vizianagram	19-11-1961	600	..	18-2-1962
Kurnool, Dolaiswaram and Rajahmundry	25-3-1962	3,200	..	24-6-1962
Renigunta	29-4-1962	750	..	29-7-1962
Guntakal & Markapuram	6-1-1963	..	1,800	6-4-1963
Tunuku & Machilipatnam	1-2-1963	..	1,625	1-3-1963
Chittoor & Sriramnagar	July, 1963	..	1,200	October, 1963
ASSAM REGION				
Gauhati, Tinsukia, Makum, Dhubri and Dibrugarh	28-9-1958	4,400	..	28-12-1958
Jorhat, Mariani Naharkatiya (Jeypore) Out skirts of Gauhati	April, 1963	..	3,600	July, 1963
Margherita	1-10-1963	..	675	1-1-1964
BIHAR REGION				
Patna, Monghyr, Katihar & Samastipur	15-12-1957	15,300	..	2-10-1958
Dalmianagar, Banjori & Japla	27-3-1960	9,300	..	26-6-1960
Dhanbad & Kumardhobi area	28-8-1960	15,500	..	27-11-1960
Muzaffarpur, Gaya, Mokameh, Badaninagar and Marhowrah	March, 1963	..	6,300	June, 1963
Bhagalpur, Golmuri, Ranchi, Khalari, Jharia, Bansjora, Ghatsila and Baniadih & Tundoo	1-10-1963	..	17,900	1-1-1964
DELHI REGION				
Delhi	24-2-1952	66,000	..	1-7-1959
GUJERAT REGION				
Ahmedabad	15-8-1963	..	2,10,000	15-11-1963
Baroda, Surat, Rajkot and Jamnagar	1-11-1963	..	54,000	1-2-1964
KERALA STATE REGION				
Trichur & Alagapanagar	16-9-1956	8,200	..	March, 1963
Alleppey, Quilon, Alwaye, Ernakulam & Udyogmandal	16-9-1956	30,700	..	December, 1963
Trivandrum	31-8-1958	3,200	..	1-2-1962
Kozhikode and Feroke	12-7-1959	14,200	..	..
Fort-Cochin & Mattancherry area	3-10-1960	3,000	..	..
Cannanore, Balipatam and Tellicherry	30-10-1960	6,900	..	..
Punalur and Kottayam	30-7-1961	4,700	..	..
Perumbavoor	17-12-1961	1,500	..	..

1	2	3	4	5
Chathanur & Kalluvathukkal	12-1-1963	..	3,265	12-4-1963
Palghat, Kundara and Koratri-Angadi	1-10-1963	..	24,250	1-1-1964

MADHYA PRADESH REGION

Indore, Gwalior, Ujjain & Ratlam	23-1-1955	59,300	..	26-1-1959
Burhanpur	2-9-1956	3,600	..	15-2-1959
Jabalpur	29-9-1957	5,000	..	26-1-1959
Bhopal and Nagda	27-9-1959	7,800	..	27-12-1959
Rajnandgaon	25-9-1960	3,500	..	25-12-1960
Mandsour and Dewas	27-8-1961	2,200	..	26-11-1961
Bannmore	29-10-1961	650	..	28-1-1962
St. Satna	3-12-1961	1,700	..	4-3-1962
Raigarh and Raipur	28-1-1962	2,300	..	26-4-1962
Korba	26-1-1963	..	750	26-4-1963
Kymore and Katni	1-7-1963	..	5,200	1-10-1963

MADRAS REGION

Coimbatore & its suburbs P.N. Palyam, Peelamedu	23-1-1955	61,300	..	March, 1964
	28-2-1960			
Madras City & its suburbs	20-11-1955			
	1-10-1961	68,700	..	January, 1964
Madurai	28-10-1956			
V.S. Puram & Tuticorin	28-10-1956	10,000	..	1-10-1963
Salem, Udumalpet & Tirupur	30-11-1958	17,500	..	2-9-1961
Mettur	30-11-1958	4,200	..	February, 1964
Sivakasi & Rajapalayam	28-2-1960	7,800	..	15-8-1961
Dalmiapuram	27-3-1960	2,200	..	15-8-1961
Trichy, Ranipet and Cauverynagar	29-1-1961	6,900	..	15-8-1961
Dindigul	1-10-1961	2,200	..	31-12-1961
Tirunelveli	26-11-1961	4,300	..	25-2-1962
Kumbakonam	1-4-1962	1,650	..	1-7-1962
Pudukottai & Namanasamudram	1-7-1962	1,700	..	30-9-1962
Erode & Pollachi	30-12-1962	2,100	..	30-3-1963
Vaniyambadi, Red hills, Virudhunagar & Gudiyatham	February, 1963	..	3,700	May, 1963
Avadi, Parvathipuram and Pattabhiram	January, 1963	..	2,350	April, 1963
Shencottah, Nagercoil and Palani	April, 1963	..	2,900	July, 1963
Vellore & Nagapattinam	July, 1963	..	1,700	October, 1963
Samayanallur, Mettupalayam and Usilampatti	October, 1963	..	3,750	January, 1964
Kovilpatti	January, 1964	..	4,500	..

MAHARASHTRA REGION

Greater Bombay	3-10-1954	5,90,000	..	24-1-1962
Nagpur	11-7-1954	22,000	..	22-12-1960
Akola	27-5-1956	4,500	..	1-5-1961
Hinganghat	27-5-1956	4,500	..	..
Sholapur	1-4-1963	..	21,000	1-7-1963
Peona & Nanded	1-1-1964	..	21,500	..

MYSORE REGION

Bangalore	27-7-1958	67,000	..	26-10-1958
Hubli	27-3-1960	3,000	..	26-6-1960
Dandeli	8-1-1961	2,200	..	9-4-1961
Mangalore	21-1-1962	6,500	..	22-4-1962
Mysore City	4-3-1962	5,500	..	3-6-1962
Gulbarga	January, 1963	..	3,100	April, 1963

1	2	3	4	5
Belgaum	1-10-1963	..	1,550	1-1-1964
Gokak, Harihar & Devengere	1-1-1964	..	13,650	..

ORISSA REGION

Cuttack, Barang, Chaudwar, Brajrajnagar & Raigangpur	31-1-1960	22,200	..	1-5-1960
Narangarh	22-7-1962	500	..	21-10-1962
Barbi	February, 1963	..	600	May, 1963
Hirakud, Belpahar & Joda	1-7-1963	..	2,400	1-10-1963

PUNJAB STATE AND HIMACHAL PRADESH REGION

Amritsar, Chhehrata, Batala, Yamunanagar,
Jullundur, Ludhiana, Ambala, Bhiwani,
Verka & Jagadhri

Khasa	17-5-1953	47,000	..	1-11-1958
Dhariwal	10-5-1959	..	..	9-8-1959
Hissar	29-11-1959	3,000	..	28-2-1960
Sonepat	8-1-1961	1,600	..	9-4-1961
Khara	19-2-1961	3,200	..	21-5-1961
Faridabad	17-9-1961	1,000	..	17-12-1961
Phagwara, Kapuithala and Gobindgarh	14-1-1962	8,100	..	15-4-1962
Chachoki	28-1-1962	6,900	..	29-4-1962
Panipat	25-3-1962	..	..	24-6-1962
Patiala & Rajpura	16-9-1962	1,200	..	16-12-1962
Chandigarh	30-9-1962	1,200	..	30-12-1962
Goraya	7-10-1962	750	..	7-1-1963
..	February, 1963	..	800	May, 1963
Abohar & Surajpur	1-10-1963	..	4,900	1-1-1964
Dalmia-Dadri, Solan, Sahind, Nahan & Gurgaon	1-1-1964	..	3,400	..

RAJASTHAN STATE REGION

Jaipur, Jodhpur, Bikaner, Palimarwar &

Bhilwara	2-12-1956	17,800	..	2-10-1958
Lakheri	2-12-1956	1,900	..	9-3-1962
Beawar	27-10-1957	4,000	..	2-10-1958
Sawai Madhopur	2-3-1958	2,500	..	2-10-1958
Sriganganagar & Dholpur	29-3-1959	2,600	..	28-6-1959
Udaipur and Bharatpur	14-8-1960	2,600	..	13-11-1960
Ajmer and Kotah	April, 1963	..	2,000	July, 1963

UTTAR PRADESH REGION

Kanpur	24-2-1952	89,000	..	14-11-1959
Kalyanpur	31-3-1957	..	..	..
Saharanpur, Agra & Lucknow	15-1-1956	28,500	..	14-11-1959
Allahabad, Varanasi & Rampur	31-3-1957	23,000	..	14-11-1959
Bareilly, Hathras, Aligarh and Shikohabad	30-3-1958	16,000	..	14-11-1959
Ghaziabad, Sahjanwa (Gorakhpur) Modinagar and Mirzapur	29-3-1959	15,800	..	14-11-1959
Meerut, Firozabad and Moradabad	26-3-1961	6,000	..	25-6-1961
Izatnagar, Jhansi & Roorkee	11-2-1962	2,800	..	13-5-1962
Hapur, Harangaon Dehradun and Mathura	March, 1963	..	3,850	June, 1963
Balwali, Sashi, Churk and Ghazipur	1-7-1963	..	3,200	1-10-1963

WEST BENGAL REGION

Calcutta City & Howrah Distt.	14-8-1955	..	..	..
Area with in the jurisdiction of Shyampur Police Station in Uluberia sub-division district Howrah	5-6-1960	3,15,500	..	February, 1963
TOTAL . . . . .	..	18,74,550	4,31,415	..

APPEN
EMPLOYEES' STATE
Details of Income and

Region	RECEIPTS				EXPENDITURE	
	Employers' Special Contribution	Employees' Contribution	Miscellaneous	Total	Medical Benefit	CASH
						Sickness Benefit including Extended Sickness Benefit
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Headquarters			59,72,871	59,72,871		
Andhra	7,08,441	7,75,467	2,703	14,86,611	8,43,714	5,22,678
Assam	1,40,497	97,256	91	2,37,844		21,372
Bihar	12,59,566	4,08,421	1,313	16,69,300	3,02,711	1,43,825
Delhi	8,88,088	16,34,402	4,620	25,27,110	11,46,242	8,58,130
Gujarat	22,06,196		767	22,06,963		
Kerala	6,63,652	9,04,270	1,325	15,69,247	9,11,469	7,54,004
Madhya Pradesh	9,51,890	17,94,291	4,130	27,50,311	27,38,439	11,76,261
Madras	26,28,237	39,78,209	9,430	66,15,896	21,09,755	29,77,686
Maharashtra	1,09,98,965	1,81,95,900	45,973	2,92,40,838	60,81,053	94,78,570
Mysore	13,04,863	16,35,484	1,588	29,41,935	10,90,000	7,53,591
Orissa	92,674	13,311	1,204	1,07,189	1,04,816	
Punjab	6,96,439	9,07,250	1,290	16,04,979	5,29,968	1,80,609
Rajasthan	2,38,180	4,38,525	1,217	6,77,922	6,41,000	1,97,498
Uttar Pradesh	16,81,810	32,30,445	5,558	49,17,813	19,44,853	14,23,760
West Bengal	73,94,233	67,96,021	20,081	1,42,10,335	34,84,000	37,26,269
TOTAL	3,18,53,731	4,08,09,252	60,74,181	7,87,37,164	2,19,28,014	2,22,14,253

APPEN-
EMPLOYEES' STATE
Details of Income and

Region	RECEIPTS				EXPENDITURE	
	Employers' Special Contribution	Employees' Contribution	Miscellaneous	Total	Medical Benefit	CASH
						Sickness Benefit including Extended Sickness Benefit
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Headquarters			67,35,972	67,35,972		
Andhra	78,72,301	13,15,766	8,148	21,96,315	13,16,938	6,29,845
Assam	11,67,114	1,05,160	255	2,72,629	3,00,000	60,433
Bihar	16,20,161	8,34,060	1,033	24,55,274	12,45,000	1,59,300
Delhi	9,76,372	18,88,226	5,733	28,70,331	15,14,885	9,78,568
Gujarat	33,72,417		590	33,73,013		
Kerala	8,08,611	12,50,654	3,917	20,63,182	5,88,531	10,25,124
Madhya Pradesh	12,84,779	25,32,138	7,984	38,74,901	21,32,564	13,56,443
Madras	31,56,277	54,79,262	7,154	86,42,693	20,03,024	34,73,268
Maharashtra	1,14,04,838	2,11,24,323	51,447	3,25,85,608	64,89,403	1,03,29,229
Mysore	17,78,478	20,97,394	4,857	37,90,729	12,72,294	9,54,318
Orissa	2,84,846	3,80,440	450	6,65,736	1,49,000	59,244
Punjab	3,24,177	11,72,756	2,354	19,99,287	8,40,161	2,22,704
Rajasthan	2,92,139	5,66,845	1,417	8,60,399	5,84,000	2,05,466
Uttar Pradesh	21,98,620	38,33,198	18,260	60,50,078	22,40,622	18,14,447
West Bengal	83,20,379	77,61,923	20,458	1,61,03,240	41,90,865	42,11,297
TOTAL	3,73,62,109	5,01,07,123	68,70,155	9,43,39,387	2,48,67,285	2,56,79,236

DIX II

INSURANCE CORPORATION

Expenditure for the year 1959-60

BENEFITS

BENEFITS							
Maternity Benefit	Disablement Benefit including Temporary Disablement Benefit	Dependants' Benefit	Total Cash Benefits	C-Other Benefits	Total Benefits	Administration Expenses	Total Revenue Expenditure
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
82,038	1,11,123	3,600	7,19,439	1,940	15,65,093	20,76,463	20,76,463
..	3,384	..	14,756	170	24,926	2,25,469	17,90,562
1,702	12,230	..	1,57,766	130	4,60,607	59,407	84,333
6,202	4,74,228	15,700	13,54,350	10,658	25,11,250	1,09,164	5,69,771
..	..	..	..	..	..	3,33,250	28,44,500
1,27,882	80,374	14,000	9,76,200	5,348	18,93,011	65,544	65,544
75,283	3,10,212	12,623	15,74,379	2,590	43,15,408	2,70,010	21,69,021
3,76,023	4,05,826	1,04,997	38,64,532	11,773	59,86,060	3,37,863	46,53,271
5,50,860	29,64,653	6,96,100	1,36,90,183	65,648	1,98,36,884	8,06,597	67,91,657
52,815	1,07,401	..	9,13,807	3,884	20,07,691	19,53,090	2,17,89,974
..	243	..	..	..	1,05,059	2,51,309	22,59,000
3,036	1,65,743	40,700	3,90,088	1,704	9,21,760	45,051	1,50,110
21,777	60,163	7,903	2,87,341	940	9,29,381	2,09,874	11,31,634
3,049	3,12,018	67,181	18,06,008	6,954	37,57,815	1,54,964	10,84,245
58,733	9,07,376	47,737	47,40,115	22,342	82,46,457	7,42,317	45,00,132
13,59,490	59,14,923	10,10,541	3,04,99,207	1,34,081	5,25,61,302	14,30,040	96,86,106
						90,85,021	6,16,46,323

DIX III

INSURANCE CORPORATION

Expenditure for the year 1960-61

BENEFITS

BENEFITS							
Maternity Benefit	Disablement Benefit including Temporary Disablement Benefit	Dependants' Benefit	Total Cash Benefits	C-Other Benefits	Total Benefits	Administration Expenses	Total Revenue Expenditure
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
..	..	..	..	5,000	5,000	21,47,555	21,52,555
75,743	1,21,776	16,900	8,43,904	3,313	21,64,155	2,88,668	24,52,823
147	23,448	13,100	97,038	692	3,97730	61,190	4,58,920
1,241	36,477	10,400	2,07,418	375	14,52,793	2,17,926	16,70,719
9,705	3,92,243	35,900	14,16,416	10,226	29,41,525	3,50,748	32,92,273
..	..	..	..	..	..	80,112	80,112
2,07,480	98,594	9,200	13,40,398	5,297	19,34,226	3,48,318	22,82,544
81,059	2,99,215	70,300	18,07,017	5,522	39,45,103	3,78,717	43,23,820
4,39,462	4,42,144	65,700	44,20,574	15,498	64,39,696	7,84,662	72,25,758
5,44,314	29,16,083	5,02,200	1,44,91,826	69,776	2,10,51,005	20,47,565	2,30,98,570
61,330	1,40,324	33,900	11,89,872	4,996	24,67,162	2,91,809	27,58,671
11,773	60,743	6,300	1,28,060	456	2,77,516	1,20,438	3,97,954
3,096	2,03,995	19,000	4,48,795	4,611	12,93,567	2,23,496	13,17,063
25,988	69,306	14,700	3,14,560	740	8,99,300	1,74,138	10,73,439
5,652	3,78,695	1,30,000	23,28,794	7,965	45,77,391	7,18,874	52,96,265
59,612	11,58,322	2,45,850	56,75,081	28,377	98,94,313	18,09,127	1,17,03,440
15,15,702	63,41,365	11,73,450	3,47,00,752	1,52,844	5,97,39,882	1,00,43,343	6,97,83,225

APPENDIX

EMPLOYEES' STATE

Details of Income and Expenditure

Region	RECEIPTS				EXPENDITURE	
	Employers' Special Contribution	Employees' Contribution	Miscellaneous	Total	Medical Benefit	CASH Sickness Benefit including extended Sickness Benefit
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Headquarters	..	..	76,23,641	76,23,641	..	..
Andhra	9,47,823	14,09,251	3,884	23,60,958	15,66,000	9,07,232
Assam	1,81,609	1,06,755	135	2,88,499	90,000	73,506
Bihar	19,86,081	12,78,321	4,715	32,69,117	18,68,074	4,12,643
Delhi	10,37,783	19,85,999	6,996	30,30,778	16,38,287	11,81,989
Gujarat	34,84,080	..	884	34,84,964	11,000	..
Kerala	8,61,890	15,10,449	4,931	23,77,270	8,41,838	11,34,121
Madhya Pradesh	14,70,082	25,87,508	7,660	40,68,250	23,32,000	17,28,883
Madras	36,40,687	63,11,796	6,591	99,59,074	44,72,961	47,49,459
Maharashtra	1,23,75,283	2,22,00,593	52,687	3,46,28,563	74,95,500	1,21,59,421
Mysore	17,31,600	24,87,564	7,789	42,26,953	15,34,095	10,66,198
Orissa	4,01,971	5,36,254	508	9,38,733	2,91,799	2,19,272
Punjab	10,01,449	13,78,514	1,908	23,81,861	14,01,131	2,95,321
Rajasthan	3,61,421	6,95,567	2,041	10,58,929	5,94,000	2,82,068
Uttar Pradesh	21,95,292	39,21,372	7,954	61,24,618	27,38,560	24,70,513
West Bengal	84,76,571	79,10,181	18,870	1,64,05,622	44,41,772	47,00,918
TOTAL	4,01,53,612	5,43,20,024	77,51,194	10,22,24,830	3,13,17,017	3,13,81,544

APPENDIX

EMPLOYEES' STATE

Revised Estimates (Budget) Income and

Region	RECEIPTS				EXPENDITURE	
	Employers' Special Contribution	Employees' Contribution	Miscellaneous	Total	Medical Benefit	CASH Sickness Benefit including Extended Sickness Benefit
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Headquarters	..	..	83,35,120	83,35,120	..	..
Andhra	15,90,000	15,11,000	5,400	31,06,400	17,50,000	11,43,400
Assam	2,05,000	1,55,000	900	3,60,900	2,60,000	78,000
Bihar	24,00,000	13,25,000	52,100	37,77,100	18,25,000	4,32,000
Delhi	20,00,000	21,20,000	6,600	41,26,600	25,00,000	13,96,000
Gujarat	37,00,000	..	1,200	37,01,200	..	..
Kerala	16,00,000	16,22,000	5,500	32,27,500	14,15,000	13,92,000
Madhya Pradesh	26,00,000	26,90,000	11,000	53,01,000	32,30,000	18,93,000
Madras	64,00,000	70,13,000	9,000	134,22,000	38,97,000	60,62,000
Maharashtra	2,22,00,000	2,40,00,000	48,000	4,62,48,000	1,80,00,000	1,32,25,000
Mysore	28,41,000	29,81,000	10,300	58,36,300	20,57,000	12,05,000
Orissa	6,60,000	4,90,000	1,000	11,51,000	3,96,000	2,22,000
Punjab	16,73,000	18,29,000	3,500	35,05,500	19,74,000	4,40,000
Rajasthan	6,50,000	7,26,000	2,500	13,78,500	9,64,000	3,05,000
Uttar Pradesh	32,00,000	45,00,000	7,500	77,07,500	35,66,000	30,64,000
West Bengal	1,20,00,000	87,60,000	25,100	2,07,85,100	46,87,000	51,89,000
TOTAL	6,37,19,000	5,97,26,000	85,24,720	13,19,69,720	4,65,21,000	3,60,46,400

—IV.

INSURANCE CORPORATION

for the year 1961-62

BENEFITS							
BENEFITS							
Maternity Benefit	Disablement Benefit including Temporary Disablement Benefit	Dependants' Benefit	Total Cash Benefit	C—Other benefits	Total Benefits	Administration Expenses	Total Revenue Expenditure
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
..	..	..	..	10,000	10,000	22,12,654	22,22,654
95,095	2,20,418	24,000	12,46,745	5,296	28,18,141	3,73,049	31,91,190
..	14,127	..	87,633	786	1,78,419	66,359	2,44,778
34,820	1,02,547	61,000	6,13,010	1,953	24,83,037	3,06,428	27,89,465
10,328	4,61,508	80,000	17,33,825	10,417	33,82,529	4,27,305	38,09,834
..	..	..	..	..	11,000	96,268	1,07,268
3,15,123	119,767	18,000	15,87,011	7,153	24,36,002	4,22,629	28,58,631
83,293	4,64,057	76,360	23,52,593	10,152	46,94,745	4,49,134	51,43,879
5,87,278	5,68,972	50,000	59,55,709	15,947	1,04,44,617	9,77,363	1,14,21,980
5,71,744	26,19,298	5,21,000	1,58,71,463	85,075	2,34,52,038	25,38,257	2,59,90,295
69,673	1,66,873	9,000	13,11,744	4,991	28,50,830	3,52,504	32,03,334
9,596	1,16,560	14,000	3,59,428	3,517	6,54,744	1,25,320	7,80,064
4,062	2,85,190	42,000	6,26,573	5,287	20,32,991	2,89,075	23,22,066
24,849	49,856	28,000	3,84,773	1,700	9,80,473	1,96,425	11,76,898
6,764	5,07,644	1,26,000	31,10,921	7,527	58,57,008	8,35,318	66,92,326
58,050	14,32,413	1,95,000	63,86,381	34,989	1,08,63,142	16,60,173	1,25,23,315
18,70,675	71,29,230	12,46,360	4,16,27,809	2,04,890	7,31,49,716	1,13,48,261	8,44,97,977

—V.

INSURANCE CORPORATION

Expenditure for the Year 1962-63

BENEFITS							
BENEFITS							
Maternity Benefit	Disablement Benefit including Temporary Disablement Benefit	Dependants' Benefit	Total Cash Benefit	C—Other Benefits	Total Benefits	Administration Expenses	Total Revenue Expenditure
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
..	37,26,000	20,85,000	58,11,000	20,000	38,31,000	29,66,800	87,97,800
7,97,000	2,60,000	20,000	15,20,400	2,800	32,73,200	4,85,600	37,58,800
500	17,000	4,000	99,500	1,600	3,61,100	93,100	4,54,200
51,000	1,40,000	94,000	7,17,000	2,000	25,44,000	3,89,000	29,33,000
10,000	5,09,000	1,00,000	20,15,000	10,800	45,25,800	6,39,200	51,65,000
..	..	..	..	..	..	1,13,600	1,13,600
3,60,000	1,60,000	15,000	19,27,000	9,500	33,51,500	5,10,700	38,62,200
1,05,000	5,26,000	81,000	26,05,000	7,500	38,42,500	5,30,600	61,73,100
6,06,000	6,78,000	41,000	73,87,000	18,500	1,13,02,500	12,67,300	1,25,69,800
5,40,000	28,41,000	5,49,000	1,72,05,000	1,33,700	3,53,38,700	28,87,500	3,82,26,200
50,000	1,08,000	8,000	15,01,000	9,000	35,67,000	5,22,800	40,89,800
9,000	1,10,000	16,000	3,57,000	3,000	7,56,000	1,58,400	9,14,400
5,000	3,47,000	56,000	8,48,000	7,000	28,29,000	4,00,000	32,29,000
28,000	67,000	58,000	4,58,000	2,200	14,24,200	2,42,700	16,66,900
8,000	6,17,000	1,42,000	38,31,000	7,500	74,04,500	11,46,100	85,50,600
65,000	16,49,000	2,35,000	71,38,000	43,000	1,18,68,000	20,57,500	1,39,25,500
20,24,500	1,18,45,000	35,04,000	5,34,19,900	2,78,100	10,02,19,000	1,44,11,900	11,46,30,900

APPENDIX

EMPLOYEES' STATE

Details of Income & Expenditure

Region	RECEIPTS				EXPENDITURE	
	Employers' Special Contribution	Employees' Contribution	Miscellaneous	Total	Medical Benefit	Sickness Benefit including Extended Sickness Benefit
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Headquarters	.	.	73,09,420	73,09,420	1,00,000	.
Andhra	18,00,000	15,98,000	5,400	34,03,400	17,50,000	11,88,000
Assam	2,75,000	2,48,000	700	5,23,700	3,04,500	80,000
Bihar	26,00,000	15,25,000	1,700	41,26,700	20,04,500	4,49,500
Delhi	24,14,000	22,50,000	3,04,200*	49,68,200	26,00,000	14,00,000
Gujarat	46,25,000	39,13,000	500	85,38,500	17,06,000	.
Kerala	20,00,000	18,00,000	5,800	38,05,800	20,51,500	14,00,000
Madhya Pradesh	31,00,000	28,00,000	12,500	59,12,500	32,30,000	19,20,000
Madras	73,00,000	73,30,000	10,000	1,46,40,000	40,00,000	61,00,000
Maharashtra	2,55,00,000	2,54,00,000	55,500	5,09,55,500	1,87,64,500	1,35,00,000
Mysore	34,00,000	33,00,000	11,500	67,11,500	21,68,000	12,32,500
Orissa	7,49,000	7,75,000	500	15,24,500	4,80,000	2,40,200
Punjab	19,52,000	19,51,000	3,500	39,06,500	20,00,000	4,70,000
Rajasthan	8,35,000	7,61,000	2,800	15,98,800	9,64,000	3,12,500
Uttar Pradesh	35,00,000	46,50,000	8,000	81,58,000	40,84,000	30,70,000
West Bengal	1,23,00,000	89,00,000	28,100	2,12,28,100	87,93,000	52,28,000
TOTAL	7,23,50,000	6,67,01,000	77,60,120	14,68,11,120	5,50,00,000	3,65,90,700

* Includes Rs. 2,97,000 as State Government's share

VI

INSURANCE CORPORATION

for the year 1963-64 (Budget Estimates)

BENEFITS

CASH BENEFITS

Maternity Benefit	Disablement Benefit including Temporary Disablement Benefit	Dependants' Benefit	Total Cash Benefits	C—Other Benefits	Total Benefits	Administration Expenses	Total Revenue Expenditure
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
..	..	..	..	40,000	1,40,000	29,30,000	30,70,000
1,10,300	2,73,000	31,000	16,02,300	3,100	33,55,600	4,80,000	38,35,600
500	28,500	6,000	1,15,000	3,200	4,22,700	1,09,000	5,31,700
54,000	1,50,000	94,000	7,47,500	2,800	27,54,800	4,62,500	32,17,300
10,500	5,35,500	95,000	20,11,000	11,800	46,52,800	5,06,400	51,59,200
..	6,34,500	1,65,000	7,09,500	1,000	25,08,500	9,46,500	34,55,000
3,70,000	2,00,500	28,000	19,98,500	12,000	40,62,000	6,69,000	47,31,000
1,11,500	5,87,000	1,03,000	27,21,500	11,500	59,63,000	5,53,500	65,16,500
6,10,500	7,17,500	63,000	74,91,000	19,500	1,15,10,500	12,40,000	1,27,50,500
6,00,000	31,29,000	6,52,000	1,78,81,000	1,52,700	3,67,98,200	31,63,000	3,99,61,200
97,000	2,37,000	14,000	15,80,500	13,000	37,61,500	6,47,500	44,09,000
10,000	1,40,500	17,000	4,07,700	3,500	8,91,200	1,78,500	10,69,700
6,500	4,33,000	64,000	9,73,500	9,000	29,82,500	4,07,000	33,89,500
28,000	64,500	36,000	4,41,000	2,600	14,07,600	2,14,000	16,21,600
10,000	6,63,000	1,70,000	39,13,000	9,500	80,06,500	10,46,500	90,53,000
68,000	17,55,000	2,36,000	72,87,000	51,000	1,61,31,000	18,79,400	1,80,10,400
20,86,800	95,48,500	17,74,000	5,00,00,000	3,48,400	10,53,48,400	1,54,32,800	12,07,81,200

towards medical benefit initially incurred by the Corporation.

STATEMENT B
EMPLOYEES' STATE INSURANCE CORPORATION
List of new places where the scheme was anticipated to be extended in 1962-63

Sl. No.	State	Centres	Number of employees (Revised)	For insured persons only		For families of insured persons	
				Date of implementation originally anticipated	Actual or anticipated date of implementation	Date of implementation originally anticipated	Actual or anticipated date of implementation
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	Andhra	Renigunta	750	1-12-1961	29-4-1962	1-3-1962	29-7-1962
		Guntakal	900	1-4-1962	6-1-1963	1-7-1962	6-4-1963
		Mancherial	750	1-4-1962	Not anticipated	Do.	Not anticipated
		Tanuku & Machilipatnam	1,625	1-10-1962	1-2-1963	1-1-1963	1-5-1963
		Sriramnagar	600	1-10-1962	July, 1963	1-1-1963	October, 1963
2.	Assam	Mariani & Jorhat	1,300	1-10-1962	April, 1963	1-1-1963	July, 1963
		Margherita	675	Do.	1-10-1963	Do.	1-1-1964
		Digboi	2,700	1-1-1963	Not anticipated	..	..
3.	Bihar	Muzaffarpur, Badani Nagar and Marhowrah	4,200	1-1-1962	March, 1963.	1-4-1962	June, 1963.
		Ranchi, Khulari, Jharua & Bansjora	4,600	Do.	1-10-1963	Do.	1-1-1964
		Bahagalpur, Golmuri, Baniadih and Ghatshila	12,800	1-1-1963	1-10-1963	..	1-1-1964
		Domchanch	Not known	1-1-1963	Not anticipated	..	..
		Indra Nagar	1,450	1-1-1963	Do.	..	..
4.	Gujarat	Ahmedabad	2,10,000	1-1-1963	15-8-1963	..	15-11-1963
5.	Kerala	Trichur	5,000	Already implemented		1-7-1962	March, 1963
		Alagapanagar	3,200	Do.		1-1-1963	March, 1963
		Alleppey, Qulon, Alwaye, Ernakulam and Udyogamandal	30,700	Do.		1-7-1962	December, 1963
						1-1-1963	
		Kozhikode, Feroke, Fort Cochin, Mattancherry, Cannanore, Ballipatnam, Tellicherry, Punalur & Kottayam	38,800	Do.		1-1-1963	Not anticipated

	Palghat	1,750	25-II-1961	I-10-1963	I-I-1963	I-I-1964
	Attingal, Kallettunkara, Karuvnnur, Undyanallore & Kottarkam	2,500	I-10-1962	Not anticipated	..	..
	Kundara, Koratti Angadi	22,500	I-I-1962	I-10-1963	I-I-1963	I-I-1964
	Ottappalem & Shorannur	1,550	I-4-1962	Not anticipated	I-I-1963	Not anticipated
	Chathnaur	Not known	I-4-1962	I2-I-1963	I-I-1963	I2-4-1963
	Perumbavoor	1,500	I9-II-1961	I7-I2-1961	I-I-1963	Not anticipated
6. Madhya Pradesh	Korba	750	26-II-1961	26-I-1963	I-I-1963	26-4-1963
	Nepanagar	1,500	I-10-1962	Not anticipated	I-I-1963	Not anticipated
	Kymore and Katni	5,200	28-I-1962	I-7-1963	26-4-1962	I-10-1963
7. Madras	Coimbatore	61,300	Already implemented		I-10-1962	March, 1964
	Madras City	68,700	Already implemented		I-7-1962	January, 1964
	Madurai	22,500	Already implemented		I-I-1963	Not anticipated
	Ambasamudram, V. S. Puram and Tuticorin	10,000	Do.		I-4-1962	I-10-1963
	Mettur	4,200	Do.		I-4-1962	February, 1964
	Kovilpatti	4,500	I-3-1962	January, 1964	I-6-1962	..
	Avadi	1,100	I-I-1962	January, 1963	I-4-1963	April, 1963
	Usilampatti	1,500	I-I-1962	October, 1963	I-4-1962	January, 1963
	Kumbakonam	1,650	I-I-1962	I-4-1962	I-4-1962	I-7-1962
	Puddukottai & Nattasamudram	1,700	I-I-1962	I-7-1962	I-4-1962	30-9-1962
	Erode & Pollachi	2,100	I-10-1962	30-12-1962	I-I-1963	30-3-1963
	Vaniyambadi & Gudyatham	2,000	I-10-1962	February, 1963	I-I-1963	May, 1963
	Shancoottah	900	I-10-1962	I-10-1963	April, 1963	July, 1963
8. Maharashtra	Sholapur	21,000	I-I-1963	I-4-1963	..	I-7-1963
9. Mysore	Mysore	5,500	I-I-1962	4-3-1962	I-4-1962	3-6-1962
	Gulbarga	3,100	I-10-1962	January, 1963	I-I-1963	April, 1963
	Belgaum	1,550	I-10-1962	I-10-1963	I-I-1963	I-I-1964
	Gokak & Dевengere	11,550	I-10-1962	I-I-1962	I-I-1963	Not anticipated
	Shahabad	2,500	I-10-1962	Not anticipated	I-I-1963	Not anticipated
10. Orissa	Narangarh	500	I-3-1962	22-7-1962	I-6-1962	21-10-1962
	Barbil	1,600	I-3-1962	February, 1963	I-6-1962	May, 1963
	Hirakud & Belpahar	1,800	I-I-1963	I-7-1963		13-10-1963
11. Punjab & Himachal Pradesh.	Faridabad	8,100	Already implemented		I-4-1962	15-4-1962
	Phagwara, Kapurthala & Gobindgarh.	6,900	I-4-1962	28-I-1962	I-7-1962	29-4-1962

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
		Panipat	1,200	1-10-1962	16-9-1962	1-1-1963	16-12-1962
		Abohar & Surajpur	4,900	1-10-1962	1-10-1963	1-1-1963	1-1-1964
		Goraya	800	1-10-1962	February, 1963	1-1-1963	May, 1963
		Dalmiadadri & Gurgao n	1,400	1-10-1962	1-1-1964	1-1-1963	..
		Patiala & Rajpura	1,200	..	30-9-1962	..	30-12-1962
		Chandigarh	750	..	7-10-1962	..	7-1-1963
12	Rajasthan	Ajmer & Kotah	2,000	1-4-1962	April, 1963	1-7-1962	July, 1963
13	Uttar Pradesh	Hapur & Harangao n	1,250	1-7-1962	March, 1963	1-10-1962	June, 1963
		Churk and Gasipur	1,800	1-7-1962	1-7-1963	1-10-1962	1-10-1963
		Izatnagar, Jhansi & Roorkee	2,800	1-12-1961	11-2-1962	1-3-1962	13-5-1962
14	West Bengal	Calcutta City etc.	3,15,500	..	..	..	February, 1963
		Rest of Greater Calcutta (Hooghly District & 24 Parganas)	3,68,000	1-10-1962	Not anticipated	..	Not anticipated

STATEMENT 'C'
BUDGET ESTIMATES FOR THE YEAR 1963-64
Details of the Amount provided under the Head — "ALLOWANCES & HONORARIA"

	Travelling Allowance			Dearness Allowance	Dearness Pay	House Rent Allowance	City Compensatory Allowance	Non-Practising Allowance	Reimbursement of Medical Charges	Other items	Total
	For tour including travel concession	For Transfer	Conveyance Allowance								
I	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
A—SUPERINTENDENCE											
Principal Officers	25,350	1,000	..	..	..	14,000	4,500	..	600	1,550	47,000
Other Officers	94,400	38,500	11,300	3,500	..	48,100	44,000	67,000	17,500	17,100	3,41,400
Ministerial Establishments	60,900	15,600	500	3,44,700	300	3,06,650	1,60,050	..	75,900	30,500	9,95,100
Class IV Servants	7,700	3,600	..	94,500	..	66,300	33,200	..	20,950	10,250	2,36,500
B—FIELD WORK											
Other Officers	6,500	4,700	..	1,550	..	7,300	10,250	..	6,700	500	37,500
Ministerial Establishments	84,950	25,050	18,350	3,96,950	1,200	2,44,900	1,30,650	..	35,650	27,800	9,65,500
Class IV Servants	5,400	3,550	..	1,00,500	..	46,700	23,450	..	6,100	11,500	1,97,200
TOTAL	2,85,200	92,000	30,150	9,41,700	1,500	7,33,950	4,06,100	67,000	1,63,400	99,200	28,20,200

T. P. KHOSLA,
Chief Accounts Officer,
Employees' State Insurance Corporation
[No. F. 4 (12)/63-HI.
O.P. TALWAR, Under Secy.

MINISTRY OF WORKS, HOUSING & REHABILITATION

New Delhi, the 16th May 1963

S.O. 1457.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 3 of the Public Premises (Eviction of Unauthorised Occupants) Act, 1958 (32 of 1958), the Central Government hereby makes the following amendment to the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Works, Housing and Supply No S.O. 707, dated the 22nd March, 1961, as amended by notification No. S.O. 1592 dated the 30th June, 1961, namely:—

In the table below the said notification for the entry in column 1 against Serial No. 7, the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"General Manager (Transport), Delhi Transport Undertaking, New Delhi."

[No. 32/12/63-EE.]

S. L. VASUDEVA, Under Secy.

(Department of W. & H.)

New Delhi, the 10th May 1963

S.O. 1458.—In pursuance of sub-rule (2) of rule 11, clause (b) of sub-rule (2) of rule 14 and sub-rule (1) of rule 23 of the Central Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, 1957, the President hereby makes the following amendments in the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Works, Housing and Supply No S.R.O 635, dated the 28th February, 1957, namely:—

In the Schedule to the said notification,

(1) in Part II—General Central Services, Class III, for the existing entries under the heading "Hotel Janpath, New Delhi", the following entries shall be substituted, namely:—

1	2	3	4	5
"Hotel Janpath, New Delhi.				
Assistant Manager, Reception Officer, Superintendent, Accountant.	Director of Estates.	Director of Estates.	All	Joint Secretary, De- partment of Works and Housing, Minis- try of Works, Hous- ing and Rehabilitation.
All other posts	Manager	Manager	All	Director of Estates.

(2) In Part III—General Central Services—Class IV, for the existing entries under the heading "Hotel Janpath, New Delhi", the following entries shall be substituted, namely:—

"Hotel Janpath, New Delhi."

All posts	Manager	Manager	All	Director of Estates."
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[No. AV-8(2)/63.]

New Delhi, the 17th May 1963--

S.O. 1459.—In pursuance of sub-rule (2) of rule 11, clause (b) of sub-rule (2) of rule 14 and sub-rule (1) of rule 23 of the Central Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, 1957, the President hereby makes the following amendment in the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Works, Housing and Supply No S.R.O 635, dated the 28th February, 1957, namely:—

In the Schedule to the said notification, in Part II—General Central Services, Class III, under the heading "Pay and Accounts Organisation, New Delhi/Bombay/Calcutta", for the item "All other Posts" and the entries relating thereto, the following shall be substituted, namely:—

1	2	3	4	5
"All other posts	Pay and Accounts Officer	Pay and Accounts Officer	All	Chief Pay and Accounts Officer."

[No. AV-8(1)/63]

K. N ZUTSHI, Dy. Secy.

(Department of Rehabilitation)

(Office of the Chief Settlement Commissioner)

New Delhi, the 13th May 1963

S.O. 1460.—In exercise of the Powers conferred by sub-section (1) of Section 3 of the Displaced Persons (Compensation and Rehabilitation) Act, 1954 (44 of 1954), the Central Government hereby appoints all Collectors in the State of Uttar Pradesh, so long as they hold those posts, to be Settlement Commissioners for the purpose of performing, in addition to their own duties as Collectors within their jurisdiction, the functions assigned to a Settlement Commissioner by or under the said Act.

[No. 15(23)/Comp. & Prop./62-A.]

S.O. 1461.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (b) of sub-section (2) of section 16 of the Displaced Persons (Compensation and Rehabilitation) Act, 1954 (44 of 1954), the Central Government hereby appoints all Tahsildars in the State of Uttar Pradesh so long as they hold those posts, to be Managing Officers for the purpose of performing in addition to their own duties as Tahsildars within their jurisdiction, the functions assigned to a Managing Officer by or under the said Act.

[No. 15(23)/Comp. & Prop./62-B.]

S.O. 1462.—Whereas the Central Government is of opinion that it is necessary to acquire the evacuee properties in the union territory of Delhi specified in the Schedule below for a public purpose, being a purpose connected with the relief and rehabilitation of displaced persons, including payment of compensation to such persons.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by Section 12 of Displaced Persons (Compensation & Rehabilitation) Act, 1954, (44 of 1954), It is notified that the Central Government has decided to acquire and hereby acquires the said evacuee properties (Specified in the Schedule below):—

THE SCHEDULE

S. No.	Particulars of evacuee property	Name of the town and locality in which the evacuee property is situated	Name of evacuee	Parentage of evacuee
1.	IX/1424(old) 2342 (New)	Chitli Qabar, Chhatta Momgaram, Delhi.	Shri Mohd. Yasfn	S/o Shri Barkat.
2.	III/941 (old) 2086 (New)	(Part) (Common Stair Case)	Mst. Sikander Jehan Begum	Not known.
	2087 (New)	Katra Tabacco Khari Baoli, Delhi.	Mazhir Ali Beg & Mst. Wali UNisa	

[No. 13(2)/Comp. & Prop./61.]

New Delhi, the 15th May 1963

S.O. 1463.—Whereas the Central Govt is of the opinion that it is necessary to acquire the evacuee properties specified in this schedule hereto annexed in the States of Gujrat, Maharashtra, Andhra Pradesh, Madras Mysore and Kerala for a public purpose being a purpose connected with the relief and rehabilitation of displaced persons, including payment of compensation to such persons.

Now, therefore in exercise of the powers conferred by section 12 of the Displaced Persons (Compensation & Rehabilitation) Act, 1954 (44 of 1954), it is notified that the Central Government has decided to acquire and hereby acquires the evacuee properties specified in the Schedule hereto annexed.

A SCHEDULE

All properties in the States of Gujrat, Maharashtra, Andhra Pradesh, Madras, Mysore, and Kerala which have vested in the Custodian under section 11 of the Evacuee Interest (Separation) Act, 1951, as a result of adjudication by the Competent Officer under the provisions of the said Act upto 31st March 1963, and in respect of which no appeals have been filed and if filed, have been rejected by the Appellate Officer,

[No. 1(27)/Comp.&Prop/61.]

S.O. 1464.—Whereas the Central Government is of the opinion that it is necessary to acquire the evacuee properties specified in the schedule hereto annexed in the state of Rajasthan for a public purpose being a purpose connected with the relief and rehabilitation of displaced persons, including payment of compensation to such persons.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 12 of the Displaced Persons (Compensation & Rehabilitation) Act, 1954 (44 of 1954), it is notified that the Central Govt. has decided to acquire and hereby acquires the evacuee properties specified in the schedule hereto annexed.

A SCHEDULE

All properties in the State of Rajasthan which have vested in the custodian under section 11 of the Evacuee Interest (Separation) Act, 1951, as a result of adjudication by the Competent Officer under the provisions of the said Act upto 31st March 1963 and in respect of which no appeals have been filed and if filed, have been rejected by the Appellate Officer.

[No. 22(13)/Comp.&Prop/61.]

S.O. 1165.—Whereas the Central Govt. is of the opinion that it is necessary to acquire the evacuee properties specified in the Schedule hereto annexed in the States of Delhi, Madhya Pradesh, Bihar and Orissa for a public purpose being a purpose connected with the relief and rehabilitation of displaced persons, including payment of compensation to such persons.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 12 of the Displaced Persons (Compensation & Rehabilitation) Act, 1954 (44 of 1954) it is notified that the Central Govt. has decided to acquire and hereby acquires the evacuee properties specified in the Schedule hereto annexed.

A SCHEDULE

All properties in the States of Delhi, Madhya Pradesh, Bihar and Orissa which have vested in the Custodian under Section 11 of the Evacuee Interest (Separation) Act, 1951 as a result of adjudication by the Competent Officer under the provisions of the said Act upto 31st March 1963 and in respect of which no appeals have been filed and if filed, have been rejected by the Appellate Officer.

[No. 22(14)/Comp.&Prop/61.]

S.O. 1466.—Whereas the Central Government is of opinion that it is necessary to acquire the evacuee properties specified in the Schedule hereto annexed in the Union territory of Delhi for a public purpose, being a purpose connected with the relief and rehabilitation of displaced persons, including payment of compensation to such persons.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 12 of the Displaced Persons (Compensation and Rehabilitation) Act, 1954 (44 of 1954), it is notified that the Central Government has decided to acquire, and hereby acquires the evacuee properties specified in the Schedule hereto annexed.

Serial No.	Particulars of Property		Area		Name of the evacuee with rights in the property
	Khewat No.	Khasra No.	Big.	Bis.	
1	2	3	4	5	
		<i>Roshanpura</i>			
I	43,48,50	391	3	13	Islam u d din, s/o Mohd.
		394	4	4	Bux evacuee—own-
		392/2	4	3	ership.
			12	0	

1	2	3	4	5
<i>Chattarpur</i>				
2	181,182/230=32	1412/1/2	3	5 Ibrahim, s/o Bhur —3 shares. Imam ud din, Nazar Hussain, s/o Mohd. Umar—3 shares. Hamid, s/o Shahzad —3 shares. Abdulla, s/o Wazir—6 shares. Kallu and Nai Bux, s/o Ismail—3 shares. All evacuee owner- ship rights.
<i>Sat Pari</i>				
3	73/106	34/1	1	9 Noor Mohd., s/o Shad Mst. Allah Deiwad Rahim Bux—evacuee ownership rights.
<i>Chandan Holla</i>				
4	126/117	156/28/2	0	2 Nazir Samada, Sania, s/o Yasin—3/4 shares Ramat s/o Bansi—1/4 share—evacuee own- ership rights.
<i>Uchandi</i>				
5	76/112-113	69/10/1	0	12 Sultan Khan, Said Khan, Majeed Khan, s/o Dundi Khan —equal share evacuee, —occupancy tenant.
<i>Halbat Pur</i>				
6	84/215-16	29/2	8	14 Mahmood Akhtar, s/o Shamshad Ali—evacuee ownership.

[No. F. 1(10)/L&R/62].

M. J. SRIVASTAVA,
Settlement Commissioner &
Ex-officio Under Secy.

(Department of Rehabilitation)
(Office of the Chief Settlement Commissioner)
New Delhi, the 18th May 1963

S.O. 1467.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of Section 6 of the Administration of Evacuee Property Act, 1950 (XXXI of 1950), the Central Government hereby appoint for the Union Territory of Delhi, Shri S. C. Bansal, Assistant Managing Officer in the Office of the Regional Settlement Commissioner, as Assistant Custodian for the purpose of discharging the duties imposed on Custodian by or under the said Act, with effect from 8th March 1963.

[No. 7(3) ARG/63.]

KANWAR BAHADUR,
Settlement Commissioner (A) & Ex-officio
Dy. Secy.

